STATE OF FLORIDA BOARD OF MEDICINE

Final Order No. DOH-07-2607- COL-MOA

FILED DATE - 12/20/07

Department of Health

By: July Mana Cf

Deputy Agency Clerk

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH,

Petitioner,

VS.

DOH CASE NOS.: 2004-39923

2005-67224

DOAH CASE NO.: 06-4288PL LICENSE NO.: ME0059702

JAMES S. PENDERGRAFT, IV, M.D.,

Respondent.

FINAL ORDER

THIS CAUSE came before the BOARD OF MEDICINE (Board) pursuant to Sections 120.569 and 120.57(1), Florida Statutes, on November 30, 2007, in Orlando, Florida, for the purpose of considering the Administrative Law Judge's Recommended Order, Respondent's Exceptions to the Recommended Order, and Petitioner's Response to Respondent's Exceptions (copies of which are attached hereto as Exhibits A, B, and C, respectively) in the above-styled cause. Petitioner was represented by Irving Levine, Assistant General Counsel. Respondent was represented by Kenneth Metzger, Esquire, and Kathryn Kasprzak.

Upon review of the Recommended Order, the argument of the parties, and after a review of the complete record in this case, the Board makes the following findings and conclusions.

RULINGS ON EXCEPTIONS

The Board reviewed the Respondent's Exceptions to the Recommended Order and the Petitioner's Response to Respondent's Exceptions and rules as follows:

- 1. Exceptions to Findings of Fact: The Board denied Respondent's exceptions to the findings of fact numbered one (1) through eight (8) for the reasons sets forth in Petitioner's Response to Respondent's Exceptions.¹
- 2. Exceptions to Conclusions of Law: The Board denied Respondent's exceptions to the conclusions of law numbered one (1) through twelve(12) for the reasons sets forth in Petitioner's Response to Respondent's Exceptions.
- 3. Exceptions to Proposed Penalties and Request for Downward Departure: The Board denied Respondent's exceptions to the proposed penalties numbered one (1) through four (4) for the reasons sets forth in Petitioner's Response to Respondent's Exceptions.
- 4. Exceptions to Denial of Attorney's Fees: The Board denied Respondent's exceptions to the denial of attorney's fees numbered one (1) through two (2) for the reasons sets forth in Petitioner's Response to Respondent's Exceptions.

FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. The findings of fact set forth in the Recommended Order are approved and adopted and incorporated herein by reference.
 - 2. There is competent substantial evidence to support the findings of fact.

¹ When considering all the exceptions, in some instances the Board voted to deny specific exceptions based on Petitioner's written responses to the exceptions and the prosecutor's oral argument presented during the hearing before the Board. In such instances, the prosecutor's oral arguments were summaries of Petitioners written responses to the exceptions, and therefore, are not restated in this order.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- 1. The Board has jurisdiction of this matter pursuant to Section 120.57(1), Florida Statutes, and Chapter 458, Florida Statutes.
- 2. The conclusions of law set forth in the Recommended Order are approved and adopted and incorporated herein by reference.

PENALTY

Upon a complete review of the record in this case, the Board determines that the penalty recommended by the Administrative Law Judge be ACCEPTED.

- WHEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AND ADJUDGED:
- 1. Respondent shall pay an administrative fine in the amount of \$10,000.00 to the Board within 30 days from the date this Final Order is filed.
- 2. Respondent's license to practice medicine in the State of Florida shall be SUSPENDED for a period on one year.
- 3. Respondent shall be placed on probation for a period of three (3) years subject to the following terms and conditions:
- a. Respondent shall appear before the Probationer's Committee at the first meeting after said probation commences, at the last meeting of the Probationer's Committee preceding termination of probation, quarterly, and at such other times requested by the committee. Respondent shall be noticed by Board staff of the date, time and place of the Board's Probationer's Committee whereat Respondent's appearance is required. Failure of the Respondent to appear as requested or directed shall be considered a violation of the terms of probation, and shall subject the

Respondent to disciplinary action. <u>Unless otherwise provided in the Final Order</u>, appearances at the Probationer's Committee shall be made quarterly.

- b. Respondent shall not practice except under the indirect supervision of a board-certified physician fully licensed under Chapter 458 to be approved by the Board's Probationer's Committee. Absent provision for and compliance with the terms regarding temporary approval of a monitoring physician set forth below, Respondent shall cease practice and not practice until the Probationer's Committee approves a monitoring physician. Respondent shall have the monitoring physician present at the first probation appearance before the Probationer's Committee. Prior to approval of the monitoring physician by the committee, the Respondent shall provide to the monitoring physician a copy of the Administrative Complaint and Final Order filed in this case. A failure of the Respondent or the monitoring physician to appear at the scheduled probation meeting shall constitute a violation of the Board's Final Order. Prior to the approval of the monitoring physician by the committee, Respondent shall submit to the committee a current curriculum vitae and description of the current practice of the proposed monitoring physician. Said materials shall be received in the Board office no later than fourteen days before the Respondent's first scheduled probation appearance. The attached definition of a monitoring physician is incorporated herein. The responsibilities of a monitoring physician shall include:
 - (1) Submit quarterly reports, in affidavit form, which shall include:
 - (A) Brief statement of why physician is on probation.
 - (B) Description of probationer's practice.
 - (C) Brief statement of probationer's compliance with terms of probation.

- (D) Brief description of probationer's relationship with monitoring physician.
- (E) Detail any problems which may have arisen with probationer.
- (2) Be available for consultation with Respondent whenever necessary, at a frequency of at least once per month.
- (3) Review 25 percent of Respondent's patient records selected on a random basis at least once every month. In order to comply with this responsibility of random review, the monitoring physician shall go to Respondent's office once every month. At that time, the monitoring physician shall be responsible for making the random selection of the records to be reviewed by the monitoring physician.
- (4) Report to the Board any violations by the probationer of Chapter 456 and 458, Florida Statutes, and the rules promulgated pursuant thereto.
- c. In view of the need for ongoing and continuous monitoring or supervision,
 Respondent shall also submit the curriculum vitae and name of an alternate
 supervising/monitoring physician who shall be approved by Probationer's Committee.
 Such physician shall be licensed pursuant to Chapter 458, Florida Statutes, and shall
 have the same duties and responsibilities as specified for Respondent's
 monitoring/supervising physician during those periods of time which Respondent's
 monitoring/supervising physician is temporarily unable to provide supervision. Prior to
 practicing under the indirect supervision of the alternate monitoring physician or the
 direct supervision of the alternate supervising physician, Respondent shall so advise
 the Board in writing. Respondent shall further advise the Board in writing of the period
 of time during which Respondent shall practice under the supervision of the alternate
 monitoring/supervising physician. Respondent shall not practice unless Respondent is

under the supervision of either the approved supervising/monitoring physician or the approved alternate.

- d. CONTINUITY OF PRACTICE
- (1) TOLLING PROVISIONS.

In the event the Respondent leaves the State of Florida for a period of 30 days or more or otherwise does not or may not engage in the active practice of medicine in the State of Florida, then certain provisions of the requirements in the Final Order shall be tolled and shall remain in a tolled status until Respondent returns to the active practice of medicine in the State of Florida. Respondent shall notify the Compliance Officer 10 days prior to his/her return to practice in the State of Florida. Unless otherwise set forth in the Final Order, the following requirements and only the following requirements shall be tolled until the Respondent returns to active practice:

- (A) The time period of probation shall be tolled.
- (B) The provisions regarding supervision whether direct or indirect by the monitor/supervisor, and required reports from the monitor/supervisor shall be tolled.
- (C) Any provisions regarding community service shall be tolled.
- (2) ACTIVE PRACTICE.

In the event that Respondent leaves the active practice of medicine for a period of one year or more, the Respondent may be required to appear before the Board and demonstrate the ability to practice medicine with reasonable skill and safety to patients prior to resuming the practice of medicine in the State of Florida.

RULING ON MOTION TO ASSESS COSTS

The Board reviewed the Petitioner's Motion to Assess Costs and; Respondent's Objection to the Motion to Assess Costs; and the Petitioner's Response to Respondent's Objection to the Motion to Assess Costs and imposes the costs associated with this case in the amount of \$81,123.41. Said costs are to be paid within 30 days from the date this Final Order is filed.

This Final Order shall take effect upon being filed with the Clerk of the Department of Health.

DONE AND ORDERED this

1874 day of December, 2007.

BOARD OF MEDICINE

for H. FRANK FARMER, JR., M.D., Chair

NOTICE OF RIGHT TO JUDICIAL REVIEW

A PARTY WHO IS ADVERSELY AFFECTED BY THIS FINAL ORDER IS ENTITLED TO JUDICIAL REVIEW PURSUANT TO SECTION 120.68, FLORIDA STATUTES. REVIEW PROCEEDINGS ARE GOVERNED BY THE FLORIDA RULES OF APPELLATE PROCEDURE. SUCH PROCEEDINGS ARE COMMENCED BY FILING ONE COPY OF A NOTICE OF APPEAL WITH THE AGENCY CLERK OF THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND A SECOND COPY, ACCOMPANIED BY FILING FEES PRESCRIBED BY LAW, WITH THE DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL, FIRST DISTRICT, OR WITH THE DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL IN THE APPELLATE DISTRICT WHERE THE PARTY RESIDES. THE NOTICE OF APPEAL MUST BE FILED WITHIN THIRTY (30) DAYS OF RENDITION OF THE ORDER TO BE REVIEWED.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a true and correct copy of the foregoing Final Order has been provided by U.S. Mail to JAMES S. PENDERGRAFT, IV, M.D.,1103 Lucerne Terrace, Orlando, Florida 32806; to Kenneth Metzger, Esquire, Fowler, White, et al., Post Office Box 11240, Tallahassee, Florida 32302; to Kathryn Kasprzak, Esquire, Fowler, White, et al., 200 South Orange Avenue, Suite 1950, Orlando, Florida 32801; to Susan B. Harrell, Administrative Law Judge, Division of Administrative Hearings, The DeSoto Building, 1230 Apalachee Parkway, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-3060; and by interoffice delivery to Ephraim Livingston, Department of Health, 4052 Bald Cypress Way, Bin #C-65, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-3265 this _______ day of

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STATE OF FLORIDA DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, BOARD OF MEDICINE,)
Petitioner,)
vs.) Case No. 06-4288PL
JAMES S. PENDERGRAFT, IV, M.D.,	
Respondent.))

RECOMMENDED ORDER

Pursuant to notice, a final hearing was held in this case on June 20 and 21, 2007, in Orlando, Florida, before Susan B. Harrell, a designated Administrative Law Judge of the Division of Administrative Hearings.

APPEARANCES

For Petitioner: Irving Levine, Esquire Department of Health

4052 Bald Cypress Way, Bin C-65 Tallahassee, Florida 32399-3265

For Respondent: Kenneth J. Metzger, Esquire

Fowler White Boggs Banker, P.A.

Post Office Box 11240

Tallahassee, Florida 32302

Kathryn L. Kasprzak, Esquire Fowler White Boggs Banker, P.A.

200 South Orange Avenue, Suite 1950

Orlando, Florida 32801

STATEMENT OF THE ISSUES

The issues in this case are whether Respondent violated Subsections 456.072(1)(k), 458.331(1)(g), 458.331(1)(m), and 458.331(1)(t), Florida Statutes (2005), and Subsections 458.331(1)(m) and 458.331(1)(t), Florida Statutes (2004), and, if so, what discipline should be imposed.

PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

On September 7, 2006, the Department of Health (Department) filed with the Board of Medicine, a six-count Administrative Complaint against Respondent, James S. Pendergraft, IV, M.D. (Dr. Pendergraft), alleging that Dr. Pendergraft violated Subsections 456.072(1)(k), 458.331(1)(g), 458.331(1)(m), and 458.331(1)(t), Florida Statutes, relating to Patient R.W., and that he violated Subsections 458.331(1)(m) and 458.331(1)(t), Florida Statutes (2004), relating to Patient T.R.

Dr. Pendergraft requested an administrative hearing, and the case was forwarded to the Division of Administrative Hearings on November 3, 2006, for assignment of an Administrative Law Judge to conduct a final hearing.

The final hearing was scheduled for January 23 through 25, 2007. Several continuances were requested and granted, and the final hearing was scheduled to commence on June 20, 2007.

The Department filed a Motion for Official Recognition, which was granted by Order dated May 30, 2007. Official

recognition was taken of Sections 390.011, 390.0111, 390.012, 456.50 and 797.03 and Subsections 456.072(1)(k), 458.331(1)(g), (m), and (t)1., Florida Statutes; 21 U.S. Code Sections 802, 821, 822, and 824; and 212 Code of Federal Regulations Section 1301 (subparts 1, 11 through 14, 22, 35, 36, and 76).

On June 15, 2007, the Department filed a Motion to Amend the Administrative Complaint, which was granted at the commencement of the final hearing.

The parties filed a Joint Pre-hearing Stipulation and stipulated to certain facts contained in Section E of the Joint Pre-hearing Stipulation. Those facts have been incorporated in this Recommended Order to the extent relevant.

On June 18, 2007, the Department filed a Notice stating that it would not be presenting evidence at the final hearing relating to DOH Case 2004-39923, which related to Patient T.R.

At the final hearing, the parties submitted Joint Exhibits 1 through 7, 8A, 8B, and 9 through 11, which were admitted in evidence. The Department called Dr. Pendergraft and Jorge Gomez, M.D., as witnesses. Petitioner's Exhibits 1, 2, and 3 were admitted in evidence.

Leave was granted for Petitioner to take the deposition of Zvi Harry Perper, M.D., after the final hearing. Dr. Perper was deposed via written deposition questions. Responses to the questions were filed on August 17, 2007.

At the final hearing, Dr. Pendergraft called Jay Neil Plotkin, M.D., and Steven Warsof, M.D., as his witnesses. Respondent's Exhibits 1 through 7 and 9 were admitted in evidence. Two exhibits were entered into evidence as Respondent's Exhibit 4: the Agency for Healthcare Administration Surveyor's Notes and the deposition testimony of Dr. P.C. For ease of reference, the surveyor notes are designated as Respondent's Exhibit 4A and the deposition of Dr. P.C. will be designated as Respondent's Exhibit 4B.

The three-volume Transcript was filed on August 13, 2007.

The parties filed their Proposed Recommended Orders on

September 10, 2007. The parties' Proposed Recommended Orders

have been considered in the rendering of this Recommended Order.

FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. The Department is the state agency in Florida charged with regulating the practice of medicine pursuant to Section 20.43 and Chapters 456 and 458, Florida Statutes.
- 2. At all times material to the Amended Administrative Complaint, Dr. Pendergraft has been a licensed physician in the State of Florida, having been issued license No. ME 59702. Dr. Pendergraft is board-certified in Obstetrics and Gynecology. He does not have hospital privileges in Florida.
- 3. At all times material to the Amended Administrative Complaint, Dr. Pendergraft, alone or with one or more partners,

owned and operated Orlando Women's Center, Inc. (OWC), a clinic located in Orlando specializing in abortions. OWC is not a hospital.

- 4. At all times relevant to the Amended Administrative Complaint, Dr. Pendergraft did not have a current, valid Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) number.
- 5. On June 3, 2005, R.W. presented to her primary care physician symptoms of weight gain, fatigue, and lack of a menstrual period for several months. R.W. was a marathon runner and had experienced a delay in her menstrual cycle before because of her strenuous training. She had been taking oral contraceptives. At that time, her primary care physician did not diagnose R.W. as being pregnant.
- 6. A couple of weeks after her visit with her primary care physician, R.W. still had not regained her menstrual cycle and took a home pregnancy test. The results of the home pregnancy test were positive. R.W. contacted her primary care physician, who ordered laboratory tests for R.W. Laboratory tests were conducted on June 14, 2005, and June 21, 2005. Both tests confirmed the pregnancy.
- 7. R.W. was referred to Bert Fish Medical Center for an ultrasound on June 21, 2005. The ultrasound showed that R.W. was pregnant. The physician who prepared the diagnostic imaging report based on the ultrasound stated in the report:

There is a single intrauterine fetus with an estimated gestational age of 24.5 weeks. Positive fetal heartbeat is present at 142 beats per minute. However, there is severe oligohydiamnios with no positive fetal movement.

- 8. Gestational age is usually calculated from the first day of the last menstrual period (LMP) of the pregnant woman. On average, the last menstrual cycle occurs two weeks prior to conception. Thus, the gestational age that is determined by the LMP is actually two weeks more than the date of conception. When the LMP is unknown, fetal measurements are used to calculate the gestational age.
- 9. Oligohydramnios means a lack of amniotic fluid.

 Amniotic fluid is basically the fetus' urine. A lack of amniotic fluid can be caused by the lack of kidneys or obstructed kidneys, rupture of the membranes, or a malfunction of the placenta. The lack of amniotic fluid makes it difficult to assess the fetal measurements using ultrasound.
- 10. R.W. was referred to an obstetrician, Dr. P.C., who admitted R.W. to Halifax Medical Center for routine laboratory work and an obstetrical ultrasound. The ultrasound was performed on June 22, 2005, and showed that the fetus was in a breech presentation, there was markedly decreased amniotic fluid, the bowel was abnormal, and the ventral wall was suspicious. Based on the ultrasound, it appeared there was

gastroschisis or omphalocele. Gastroschisis occurs when the abdominal wall of the fetus does not close properly and the intestines are outside the body. Omphalocele is a herniation of the intestines, and a sac-like structure covers the intestines outside the abdominal wall. The assigned gestational age estimated by the physician reviewing the ultrasound was 25 weeks and five days.³

11. R.W. was referred to a perinatologist in Jacksonville. Another ultrasound was performed on June 23, 2005. The assigned gestational age was 25 weeks and six days, which would mean that the age of the fetus was 23 weeks and six days from conception. The lack of amniotic fluid and the position of the fetus made it difficult to determine the actual gestational age of the fetus. The perinatologist reported the following to Dr. P.C.:

At this time, an ultrasound examination was performed which showed a single living fetus in breech presentation. There is no amniotic fluid which precluded an adequate examination of fetal anatomy. The right kidney and bladder were visualized essentially excluding diagnosis of renal agenesis. A normal appearing 4 chamber structure was seen which visually appears to occupy more than 50% of the chest cavity. This is also very difficult to evaluate due to the position of the baby. There appears to be an anterior abdominal wall defect most likely a gastroschisis, however, again this is impossible to evaluate in great detail.

Of importance and further complicating the problems in this case, is the biometry. Measurements of head circumference and cerebellum are consistent with 30 weeks, however, the femur length is consistent with 25 weeks. The fact that this patient has been amenorrheic since October when she could be up to 34 weeks gestation is significant. We don't know the exact gestation but it is of concern that there is a dramatic difference between the extremities, abdomen, and head circumference as well as the cerebellum. This points to a growth retardation process. Doppler studies of the umbilical circulation were slightly elevated but if there had been placental disfunction I would have expected an absent diastolic component which was not the case.

[M]y biggest concern has to do with the anhydramnios and the fact that we don't know for how long this process has been active. Pulmonary hypoplasia is a strong consideration given the size of the chest and the virtual absence of fluid. Nevertheless, not knowing for how long she has not had fluid is difficult to quote her a risk. The second area of concern is that of the appearance of a structural abnormality. Typically gastroschisis is not associated with a chromosomal anomaly, however, given the discrepancies in biometries and the absence of amniotic fluid, I wonder if this is not a gastroschisis or if it is, part of a more complex situation.

12. The perinatologist conveyed his findings to Dr. P.C., who discussed the situation with R.W. R.W. decided to terminate the pregnancy. The office notes of Dr. P.C. stated, "It was

felt by me and my partners that facilitating delivery of this non-viable child was appropriate." Dr. P.C. called Dr. Pendergraft to discuss the case. Dr. Pendergraft agreed to help, and Dr. P.C. gathered R.W.'s medical records to send to Dr. Pendergraft.

- 13. On July 7, 2005, R.W. presented to Dr. Pendergraft at OWC. R.W. filled out an information sheet and listed the first day of her last normal period as January 5, 2005. R.W. filled out the appropriate consent forms, which a counselor reviewed with her. R.W.'s vital signs were taken and laboratory tests were performed by staff at OWC.
- 14. Dr. Pendergraft's notes stated that the sonogram showed severe growth restriction of the fetus. He further indicated that there was a possibility of severe pulmonary hypoplasia and risk of life-threatening sudden health issues or probable fetal, prenatal demise. Dr. Pendergraft wrote in his notes that R.W.'s PMD OB/GYN physician concurred with the maternal health reasons for the termination of the pregnancy.
- 15. On July 7, 2005, 6 at approximately 4:27 p.m.,

 Dr. Pendergraft administered Digoxin into the heart of the fetus
 to stop the fetal heart beat. Dr. Pendergraft and his medical
 assistant, S.M., monitored the fetal heart beat using a sonogram
 until the fetal heart stopped. The procedure was documented on
 a form used by the OWC entitled "Second Trimester Medical

Procedure." On the form, it is noted that the patient was evaluated on July 7, 2005, and found to be 27 to 28 weeks pregnant, which is 25 to 26 weeks from conception. According to T.S., a medical assistant employed by Dr. Pendergraft, the handwriting which indicates the estimated length of the pregnancy belongs to Dr. Perper, a colleague of Dr. Pendergraft. Both Dr. Perper and Dr. Pendergraft signed the form.

- 16. After the Digoxin procedure was completed, R.W. was taken to a private room and given Cytotec to induce labor. S.M. continued to administer Cytotec and monitor R.W. until 8:30 p.m., when T.S. relieved S.M.
- 17. At approximately 12:30 a.m., on July 8, 2005, R.W. developed a fever and the administration of Cytotec was discontinued. T.S. administered Ibuprofen to R.W. to lower the fever.
- 18. At 1:30 a.m., T.S. noted that R.W. was having some cramping. T.S. wrote the following in the progress notes: "I have a standing order from Dr. Pendergraft for 2 cc Demerol [with] 1 cc Phenergran." This order was to alleviate the pain from the cramping. At the final hearing, T.S. stated that the note was not totally accurate, because the standing order was from Dr. Perper and not Dr. Pendergraft because Dr. Pendergraft did not have DEA authorization. She attributes the error in her notes to her 20-year working-relationship with Dr. Pendergraft

and her automatically thinking of Dr. Pendergraft in terms of standing orders. The standing order itself was not submitted into evidence. The evidence is not clear and convincing that Dr. Pendergraft gave the standing order for the Demerol and Phenergran.

- 19. At 4:30 a.m., the cramping had increased. T.S. gave R.W. an injection of 2 cc of Demerol with 1 cc of Phenergran. At 6:30 a.m., R.W. delivered the fetus and placenta at the same time inside an empty water sack. The products of conception, which included the fetus, membranes, and placenta weighed 800 grams. The weight of the products of conception was recorded on a form used by the OWC, entitled "Clinic Examination of Products of Conception." The form listed the preoperative estimate of gestational age to be 28 weeks, which would be 26 weeks from conception. Dr. Pendergraft was one of the signatories on the form.
- 20. Dr. Pendergraft charged R.W. \$12,000 for the procedure.
- 21. Although, both Dr. Pendergraft and his associate Dr. Perper, felt that, preoperatively, the gestational age of the fetus was between 27 and 28 weeks, Dr. Pendergraft did not transfer R.W. to a hospital.

- 22. Jorge Gomez, M.D., testified as an expert witness on behalf of the Department. Dr. Gomez is board-certified in obstetrics and gynecology and in maternal-fetal medicine.

 Dr. Gomez opined that on July 7, 2005, the age of the fetus from conception was 27 weeks. His opinion was based on biparietal diameter (BPD), the head circumference, the size of the cerebellum, and the femur length. He discounted the abdominal circumference because the abdominal wall defect would result in a less reliable measurement of the age of the fetus. The abdominal wall defect would cause the measurement to be smaller than would be expected for the age of the fetus.
- 23. Jay Neil Plotkin, M.D., testified as an expert witness for Dr. Pendergraft. Dr. Plotkin has been a licensed physician for 37 years and is board-certified in obstetrics and gynecology. Dr. Plotkin has not treated patients for four years and has not performed an abortion in six or seven years. It was Dr. Plotkin's opinion that the abortion occurred during the second trimester rather than the third trimester. His opinion is based on the combined fetal and placental weight at time of delivery. He concluded that the gestational age at the time of delivery was 24 weeks, which would translate to 22 weeks of pregnancy from conception. He used a chart to determine the age based on the weight of the fetus, but he did not know if the

chart was based on normal fetuses or included fetuses with abnormalities such as the one at issue.

- 24. Dr. Pendergraft also called Steven Warsof, M.D., as an expert witness. Dr. Warsof is an obstetrician/gynecologist with a subspecialty in maternal-fetal medicine. He has spent most of his professional career pursuing academic issues in obstetrical ultrasonography. It was his opinion that R.W.'s pregnancy was in the second trimester. He also based his opinion on the weight of the products of conception after delivery.
- 25. Based on the evidence presented, it is clear and convincing that R.W. was in her third trimester of pregnancy when she had the abortion. The only two doctors who placed the pregnancy in the second trimester based their opinions on the weight of the fetus and placenta at the time of delivery.

 Because of the complications of R.W.'s pregnancy, it is clear that the fetus had not developed normally and was underweight for its age. There had been a lack of amniotic fluid which is essential to development of the fetus. Based on his office records, it is also clear and convincing that Dr. Pendergraft was under the impression that R.W. was in her third trimester of pregnancy when he performed the abortion.
- 26. The medical records of Dr. Pendergraft do not contain a written certification from two physicians that within a reasonable degree of medical probability the termination of

R.W.'s pregnancy was necessary to save the life or preserve the health of R.W. The evidence established that Dr. Pendergraft wrote in his notes that there was a risk of life-threatening, sudden health issues. Assuming he was referring to the health issues of the pregnant woman, this note could be considered a certification that to a degree of medical probability that the abortion was necessary to preserve the health of R.W. However, there is no written certification from another physician that that was the case, and the note of Dr. Pendergraft that R.W.'s primary care physician concurred with the maternal health reasons for termination of the pregnancy is not a written certification from another physician. The medical records kept by Dr. Pendergraft do not contain a written certification that there is a medical necessity for emergency medical procedures to terminate the pregnancy and that no other physician is available for consultation.

27. No evidence was presented concerning the allegations in Counts IV, V, and VI of the Amended Administrative Complaint.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- 28. The Division of Administrative Hearings has jurisdiction over the parties to and the subject matter of this proceeding. §§ 120.569 and 120.57, Fla. Stat. (2006).
- 29. The Department must establish the allegations in the Amended Administrative Complaint by clear and convincing

evidence. Department of Banking and Finance v. Osborne Stern and Company, 670 So. 2d 932 (Fla. 1996). The clear and convincing standard has been described by the courts as follows:

[C]lear and convincing evidence requires that the evidence must be found to be credible; the facts to which the witnesses testify must be distinctly remembered; the testimony must be precise and explicit and the witnesses must be lacking in confusion as to the facts in issue. The evidence must be of such weight that it produces in the mind of the trier of fact a firm belief or conviction, without hesitancy, as to the truth of the allegations sought to be established.

Slomowitz v. Walker, 429 So. 2d 797, 800 (Fla. 4th DCA 1983).

- 30. The Department has alleged that Dr. Pendergraft violated Subsection 456.072(1)(k), Florida Statutes, which provides:
 - (1) The following acts shall constitute grounds for which the disciplinary actions specified in subsection (2) may be taken:
 - (k) Failing to perform any statutory or legal obligation placed upon a licensee. . . .
- 31. The Department has alleged that Dr. Pendergraft violated Subsections 458.331(1)(g), (m), and (t), Florida Statutes, which provide:
 - (1) The following acts constitute grounds for denial of a license or disciplinary action, as specified in s. 456.072(2):

- (g) Failing to perform any statutory or legal obligation placed upon a licensed physician.
- (m) Failing to keep legible, as defined by department rule in consultation with the board, medical records that identify the licensed physician or the physician extender and supervising physician by name and professional title who is or are responsible for rendering, ordering, supervising, or billing for each diagnostic or treatment procedure and that justify the course of treatment of the patient, including, but not limited to, patient histories; examination results; test results; records of drugs prescribed, dispensed, or administered; and reports of consultations and hospitalizations.
- (t) Notwithstanding s. 456.072(2), but as specified in s. 456.50(2):
- 1. Committing medical malpractice as defined in s. 456.50. The board shall give great weight to the provisions of s. 766.102 when enforcing this paragraph. Medical malpractice shall not be construed to require more than one instance, event, or act.
- 32. Subsection 456.50(1)(g), Florida Statutes, defines "medical malpractice" as "the failure to practice medicine in accordance with the level of care, skill, and treatment recognized in general law related to health care licensure," which is the standard of care specified in Subsection 766.102,

Florida Statutes, which provides that the prevailing standard of care for a given health care provider is "that level of care, skill, and treatment, which in light of all relevant surrounding circumstances, is recognized as acceptable and appropriate by reasonably prudent similar health care providers."

- 33. In Count I of the Amended Administrative Complaint, the Department alleges that Dr. Pendergraft violated Subsections 456.072(1)(k) and 458.331(1)(g), Florida Statutes, by performing a third trimester abortion procedure on R.W. at the OWC facility and by performing a third trimester abortion procedure on R.W. without having two physicians certify in writing to the fact that, to a reasonable degree of medical probability, the termination of the pregnancy was necessary to save the life or preserve the health of R.W. or certifying that it was an emergency and another physician was not available for consultation.
- 34. Subsection 797.03(3), Florida Statutes, provides that "[i]t is unlawful for any person to perform or assist in performing an abortion on a person in the third trimester other than in a hospital." Subsection 390.0111(1), Florida Statutes, provides:
 - (1) TERMINATION IN THIRD TRIMESTER; WHEN ALLOWED.—No termination of pregnancy shall be performed on any human being in the third trimester of pregnancy unless;

- (a) Two physicians certify in writing to the fact that, to a reasonable degree of medical probability, the termination of the pregnancy is necessary to save the life or preserve the health of the pregnant woman; or
- (b) The physician certifies in writing to the medical necessity for legitimate emergency medical procedures for termination of pregnancy in the third trimester, and another physician is not available for consultation.
- 35. Subsection 390.011(8), Florida Statutes, defines "third trimester" as "the weeks of pregnancy after the 24th week of pregnancy." The term "weeks of pregnancy" is not defined in the Florida Statutes. Taken literally, the term would mean that weeks of pregnancy would be the number of weeks that the woman was actually pregnant. Therefore, it is concluded that weeks of pregnancy refers to the number of weeks from the time of conception and not the last menstrual period of the woman. If the Legislature had intended that gestational age be used, it could have so stated.
- 36. The Department has established by clear and convincing evidence that Dr. Pendergraft violated Subsections 456.072(1)(k) and 458.331(1)(g), Florida Statutes. R.W. was in her third trimester of pregnancy when Dr. Pendergraft performed the abortion. Subsection 797.03(7), Florida Statutes, prohibits persons from performing third trimester abortions in locations other than a hospital. Dr. Pendergraft was under a legal

obligation to perform the third trimester abortion in a hospital, and he did not do so.

- 37. Dr. Pendergraft had a legal obligation pursuant to Subsection 390.0111(1), Florida Statutes, to have the written certifications of two physicians that within a medical probability it is necessary to perform the abortion to save the life or preserve the health of R.W. or to certify in writing that an emergency existed, and there was no other physician available for consultation. He did not do so. The notation in his records that Dr. P.C. concurred with the maternal health reasons for terminating the pregnancy is not sufficient to meet the statutory requirement of Subsection 390.0111(1)(a), Florida Statutes, and there is no certification in the records that an emergency existed, and no other physician was available for consultation.
- 38. In Count TI of the Amended Administrative Complaint, the Department alleges that Dr. Pendergraft violated Subsection 458.331(1)(m), Florida Statutes, by not certifying in writing that to a reasonable degree of medical probability the termination of R.W.'s pregnancy was necessary to save the life or preserve the health of R.W., by failing to obtain a concurring certification from a second physician, and by failing to certify in writing that an emergency existed.

- 39. The Department has established by clear and convincing evidence that Dr. Pendergraft violated Subsection 458.331(1)(m); Florida Statutes. His medical records did not contain a certification in writing from two physicians that within a reasonable medical probability the abortion was necessary to save the life or preserve the health of R.W., and he did not certify in writing that an emergency existed and that there was no other physician available to consult.
- 40. In Count III of the Amended Administrative Complaint, the Department alleges that Dr. Pendergraft violated Subsection 458.331(1)(t)1., Florida Statutes, in one or more of the following ways:
 - a. By performing a third trimester abortion procedure on Patient R.W. at the OWC facility.
 - b. By not certifying in writing that to a reasonable degree of medical probability, the termination of Patient R.W.'s pregnancy was necessary to save the life or preserve the health of the pregnant woman, or obtain a concurring certification from a second physician.
 - c. By not certifying in writing that an emergency existed.
 - d. By not transferring Patient R.W. to a hospital before performing the third trimester abortion.
 - e. By prescribing, ordering or administering Demerol to Patient R.W. when Respondent did not have a current, valid DEA number to allow him, as a licensed

physician, to prescribe, order, or administer controlled substances.

- 41. The Department has failed to establish by clear and convincing evidence that Dr. Pendergraft ordered the administration of Demerol to R.W. when he did not have a current, valid DEA number. Although the note of the medical assistant indicated that the standing order for the Demerol was from Dr. Pendergraft, she credibly testified that the order was from Dr. Perper.
- 42. The Department has established by clear and convincing evidence that Dr. Pendergraft violated Subsection 458.331(1)(t)1., Florida Statutes, by performing a third trimester abortion on R.W. in a setting other than a hospital, by not transferring R.W. to a hospital for the abortion, by performing the abortion when it was not an emergency, and by performing the abortion without the written certification of two physicians that the procedure was necessary to save the life or preserve the health of R.W. The standard of care for performing third trimester abortions in Florida is set forth in Sections 390.0111 and 797.03, Florida Statutes, and Dr. Pendergraft failed to meet that standard of care.
- 43. The Department failed to establish the allegations set forth in Counts IV, V, and VI of the Amended Administrative Complaint.

- 44. Florida Administrative Code Rule 64B8-8.001 sets forth the range of penalties to be imposed for violations of Chapters 456 and 458, Florida Statutes. The range of penalties for a violation of Subsections 456.072(1)(k) and 458.331(1)(g), Florida Statutes, goes from a letter of concern to revocation and an administrative fine of from \$1,000.00 to \$10,000.00. The penalty for a violation of Subsection 458.331(1)(m), Florida Statutes, goes from a reprimand to two years' suspension followed by probation and an administrative fine from \$1,000.00 to \$10,000.00. The penalty for violation of Subsection 458.331(1)(t)1., Florida Statutes, goes from one year's probation to revocation and an administrative fine from \$1,000.00 to \$10,000.00.
- 45. On September 10, 2007, Dr. Pendergraft filed a Motion for Attorney's Fees and Costs relating to Counts IV, V, and VI of the Amended Administrative Complaint pursuant to Sections 57.105 and 120.595, Florida Statutes. Section 120.595, Florida Statutes, cannot form the basis for an award of attorney's fess in the instant case. Subsection 120.595(1)(b), Florida Statutes, provides:
 - (b) The final order in a proceeding pursuant to s. 120.57(1) shall award reasonable costs and a reasonable attorney's fee to the prevailing party only where the nonprevailing adverse party has been determined by the administrative law judge

to have participated in the proceeding for an improper purpose.

46. In the instant case, the Department does not meet the definition of a "nonprevailing adverse party," as defined in Subsection 120.595(1)(e)3., Florida Statutes, as one "that has failed to have substantially changed the outcome of the proposed or final agency action. . . . " The Department has not sought to change the outcome of the proposed agency action.

RECOMMENDATION

Based on the foregoing Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, it is RECOMMENDED that a final order be entered finding Dr. Pendergraft guilty of violations of Subsection 456.072(1)(k), 458.331(1)(g), 458.331(1)(m), and 458.331(1)(t)1., Florida Statutes; dismissing Counts IV, V, and VI of the Amended Administrative Complaint; suspending his license for one year followed by three years of probation with indirect monitoring; imposing an administrative fine of \$10,000.00; and denying his motion for attorney's fees pursuant to Subsection 120.595(1)(b), Florida Statutes.

DONE AND ENTERED this 26th day of October, 2007, in Tallahassee, Leon County, Florida.

Dusa B. Harrell

SUSAN B. HARRELL
Administrative Law Judge
Division of Administrative Hearings
The DeSoto Building
1230 Apalachee Parkway
Tallahassee, Florida 32399-3060
(850) 488-9675 SUNCOM 278-9675
Fax Filing (850) 921-6847
www.doah.state.fl.us

Filed with the Clerk of the Division of Administrative Hearings this 26th day of October, 2007.

ENDNOTES

- $^{1/}$ All references to the Florida Statutes are to the 2005 version, unless otherwise stated.
- The age of the fetus at the time of the ultrasound on June 21, 2005, based on date of conception would have been 22.5 weeks or 22 weeks and three and one-half days. Thus, based on the ultrasound taken on June 21, 2005, R.W. would have been 24 weeks and five and one-half days pregnant.
- 3/ Based on the findings of the ultrasound done on June 22, 2005, R.W. would have been 23 weeks and five days pregnant from the time of conception. Thus, based on the findings of the June 22, 2005, ultrasound, R.W. would have been 25 weeks and six days pregnant at the time of the abortion.
- Based on the findings of the physician interpreting the ultrasound on June 23, 2005, R.W. would have been pregnant for 25 weeks and six days at the time of the abortion based on the dating of pregnancy from conception.
- The perinatologist who examined R.W. was under the impression that R.W.'s last menstrual period was in October 2004. However, R.W. listed January 5, 2005, as the first day of her last normal

period. A note in Dr. P.C.'s records indicate that R.W. ran her last marathon in January 2005. Thus, it is not clear if R.W. was listing the time in which she had concluded her strenuous training and should have resumed her normal periods or if January 5, 2005, was, indeed, the last normal period that she had before she learned that she was pregnant. The opinions of the experts who testified were based on the premise that R.W. was not able to determine the date of her last menstrual period because of her amenorrhea. However, if her last menstrual period was January 5, 2005, she would have been 24 weeks and one day pregnant at the time of the abortion on July 7, 2005, based on the fetal age from conception.

The Amended Administrative Complaint alleged that Dr. Pendergraft performed the abortion on July 5, 2005; however, the evidence established the abortion on July 7, 2005. Dr. Pendergraft argued in his Proposed Recommended Order that he was deprived of due process because the Department did not prove that the abortion occurred on July 5, 2005. The reference to July 5, 2007, in the Amended Administrative Complaint is a scrivener's error. Dr. Pendergraft was not prejudiced by the error. He fully defended against the Amended Administrative Complaint. The instant situation differs vastly from having to defend against a change that was not alleged or conduct that was not alleged. See Werner v. Dept. of Ins. & Treasurer, 689 So. 2d 1211, 1213-1214 (Fla. 1st DCA 1997).

 $^{7/}$ The motion as it relates to Section 57.105, Florida Statutes, is dealt with by separate order.

COPIES FURNISHED:

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NOTICE OF RIGHT TO SUBMIT EXCEPTIONS

All parties have the right to submit written exceptions within 15 days from the date of this Recommended Order. Any exceptions to this Recommended Order should be filed with the agency that will issue the Final Order in this case.

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH,

PETITIONER,

06-4288 PL

٧.

CASE NOS.: 2005-67224 and 2004-39923

JAMES S. PENDERGRAFT, IV, M.D.,

RESPONDENT.

AMENDED ADMINISTRATIVE COMPLAINT

COMES NOW, Petitioner, Department of Health, by and through its undersigned counsel, and files this Administrative Complaint before the Board of Medicine against the Respondent, James S. Pendergraft, IV, M.D., and in support thereof alleges:

- 1. Petitioner is the state department charged with regulating the practice of medicine pursuant to Section 20.43, Florida Statutes; Chapter 456, Florida Statutes; and Chapter 458, Florida Statutes.
- 2. At all times material to this Complaint, Respondent was a licensed physician within the State of Florida, having been issued license number 59702.

- Respondent's address of record is 1103 Lucerne Terrace,
 Orlando, Florida 32806.
 - Respondent is board certified in Obstetrics and Gynecology.
- 5. At all times material to this case, Respondent, alone or with one or more partners, owned and operated Orlando Women's Center, Inc., ("OWC") and EPOC Clinic, Inc., ("EPOC"), clinics located in Orlando specializing in abortions. These facilities are not hospitals.

Facts Relating to Case 2005-67224

- 6. The Respondent's medical records and the hospital medical records (both clear and undisputed) demonstrate that on or about July 5, 2005, when Patient R.W. presented to OWC, her pregnancy, at about 28 weeks, was in the third trimester.
- 7. ORIGINAL PARAGRAPH DELETED BY DOAH JUDGE AT FORMAL HEARING ON JUNE 20, 2007.
- 8. Nonetheless, on or about July 5, 2005, Respondent performed a third trimester abortion procedure on Patient R.W. at the OWC facility.
- 9. Respondent did not certify in writing that to a reasonable degree of medical probability, the termination of Patient R.W.'s pregnancy was necessary to save the life or preserve the health of the pregnant woman, or obtain a concurring certification from a second physician. This

was not an emergent situation that would justify proceeding without the concurring opinion of a second physician. Moreover, Respondent did not certify in writing that any such emergency existed.

- 10. Respondent charged Patient R.W. \$12,000 for the procedure.
- 11. Respondent did not transfer Patient R.W. to a hospital before performing the third trimester abortion. It is a violation of criminal statute, Section 797.03(3), Florida Statutes to perform a third trimester abortion outside of a hospital. Respondent's practitioner profile with the Department of Health indicates that he does not have hospital privileges in Florida.
- 12. In the course of the abortion procedure for Patient R.W., Respondent prescribed one or more drugs, including a controlled substance, by prescribing, ordering or administering Demerol and Phenergan.
- 13. Demerol, which contains meperidine hydrochloride, is a Schedule II controlled substance listed in Chapter 893, Florida Statutes, which is indicated for the treatment of moderate to severe pain. Demerol has a high potential for abuse and has a currently accepted, but severely restricted, medical use in treatment in the United States. Abuse of Demerol may lead to severe physical and psychological dependence.

- 14. Phenergan is the brand name for promethazine. Promethazine is a legend drug used in the treatment of motion sickness, prevention and control of nausea and vomiting associated with certain types of anesthesia and surgery, and as an adjunct to analgesics for the control of postoperative pain, preoperative, postoperative, and obstetric sedation.
- 15. At all times relevant in this matter, Respondent did not have a current, valid DEA number to allow him, as a licensed physician, to prescribe, order or administer controlled substances.
- 16. At the time of prescribing and administering these drugs, there was no other physician with a valid DEA number present and participating in the care and treatment of Patient R.W.

Facts Relating to Case 2004-39923

- On or about November 19, 2004, Patient T.R., a twenty-two year-old female, presented to Respondent at EPOC.
- 18. The EPOC records indicate that the gestational period of the fetus was about 22 weeks, allegedly determined by pelvic exam, sonogram, and/or ultrasound.
- 19. Patient T.R. was given Cytotec for vaginal use to initiate the spontaneous abortion.

- 20. Cytotec contains misoprostol. Misoprostol is a legend drug, available only by prescription. Misoprostol is chemically similar to prostaglandin, one of a number of hormone-like substances that participate in a wide range of body functions such as the contraction and relaxation of smooth muscle, the dilation and constriction of blood vessels, control of blood pressure, and modulation of inflammation. Misoprostol is most commonly used to reduce the risk of ulcers in patients taking certain medications. Misoprostol can also induce or augment uterine contractions.
- 21. Patient T.R. was sent home and used three of the ten pills provided. She called EPOC in the early morning of November 20, 2005, and reported severe cramping with the intention to go to an emergency room. The staff person told her to come to the office.
- 22. Shortly thereafter and before leaving for the hospital, PatientT.R. delivered the fetus on the floor in her living room.
- 23. On or about November 20, 2004, at 8:15 A.M., Patient T.R. presented to the emergency room at Health Central, a hospital, bringing with her a fetus, advising of the induced abortion, complaining of abdominal pain and that she was bleeding. An IV was started.

- 24. The Health Central physician noted that the fetus was larger than a 22 week gestation and appeared to be 24 to 26 weeks gestational age.
- 25. The fetus and placenta were sent to pathology and the lab report from AmeriPath dated November 22, 2004, confirmed the physician's assessment and stated, "The weight and diameter of this placenta would correspond to a gestation period in the vicinity of 25 to 27 weeks."
- 26. This abortion for Patient T.R. was performed on a third trimester pregnancy.

Standard of Care

- 27. As a long term, Board-certified, Obstetrics and Gynecology practitioner with many years of experience in pregnancy termination, Respondent's actions demonstrated a flagrant disregard for the laws of the State of Florida and a willingness to endanger the lives and health of pregnant patients by performing third trimester abortions outside of a hospital and without obtaining concurring physician opinions.
- 28. Respondent fell below the standard of care when he performed a third trimester abortion outside of a hospital for Patient R.W. and when he performed that third trimester abortion without a concurring opinion

from another physician or without a written certification that a legitimate emergency existed.

- 29. Respondent fell below the standard of care when, knowing that he did not possess a current, valid DEA number, he nonetheless prescribed, ordered or administered controlled substances to Patient R.W.
- 30. Respondent failed to keep adequate medical records that justified the course of treatment for Patient R.W.
- 31. Respondent fell below the standard of care when he failed to accurately determine the fetus size and gestational age, and then performed a third trimester abortion for Patient T.R.

Relevant Statutory Provisions

- 32. Section 797.03, Florida Statutes (2004-2005), provides in pertinent part that:
 - (3) It is unlawful for any person to perform or assist in performing an abortion on a person in the third trimester other than in a hospital.
- 33. Section 390.0111, Florida Statutes (2004-2005), provides in pertinent part:
 - (1) TERMINATION IN THIRD TRIMESTER: WHEN ALLOWED No termination of pregnancy shall be performed on any human being in the third trimester of pregnancy unless:
 - i. Two physicians certify in writing to the fact that, to a reasonable degree of medical probability, the termination of

pregnancy is necessary to save the life or preserve the health of the pregnant woman; or

- ii. The physician certifies in writing to the medical necessity for legitimate emergency medical procedures for termination of pregnancy in the third trimester, and another physician is not available for consultation.
- 34. Section 456.072, Florida Statutes (2004-2005), provides in pertinent part:

456.072 Grounds for discipline; penalties; enforcement.-

- (1) The following acts shall constitute grounds for which the disciplinary actions specified in subsection (2): may be taken:
- (k) Failing to perform any statutory or legal obligation placed upon a licensee....
- (o) Practicing or offering to practice beyond the scope permitted by law....
- (2) When the board... finds any person gullty of the grounds set forth in subsection (1) or of any grounds set forth in the applicable practice act... it may enter an order imposing one or more of the following penalties:
- (b) Suspension or permanent revocation of a license.
- (c) Restriction of practice or license....

- 35. Section 458.331, Florida Statutes (2005), provides in pertinent part:
 - 458.331 Grounds for disciplinary action; action by the board and department.-
 - (1) The following acts constitute grounds for denial of a license or disciplinary action, as specified in s. 456.072(2):
 - (g) Failing to perform any statutory or legal obligation placed upon a licensed physician.
 - (m) Failing to keep legible... medical records that... justify the course of treatment of the patient, including, but not limited to, patient histories; examination results; test results; records of drugs prescribed, dispensed, or administered; and reports of consultations and hospitalizations.
 - (t) Notwithstanding s. 456.072(2) but as specified in s. 456.50(2):
 - 1. Committing medical malpractice as defined in s. 456.50. The Board shall give great weight to the provisions of s. 766.102 when enforcing this paragraph.
- 36. The term, "medical malpractice" as used in Section 458.331(1)(t), is defined in Section 456.50, Florida Statutes, to mean the failure to practice medicine in accordance with the level of care, skill, and treatment recognized in general law related to health care licensure. Section 766.102, Florida Statutes, provides that the prevailing professional standard of care for a given health care provider shall be that level of care, skill, and treatment which, in light of all relevant surrounding

circumstances, is recognized as acceptable and appropriate by reasonably prudent similar health care providers.

37. Section 458.331, Florida Statutes (2004), provides in pertinent part:

458.331 Grounds for disciplinary action; action by the board and department.

- (1) The following acts constitute grounds for denial of a license or disciplinary action, as specified in s. 456.072(2):
- (g) Failing to perform any statutory or legal obligation placed upon a licensed physician.
- (m) Failing to keep legible... medical records that... justify the course of treatment of the patient, including, but not limited to, patient histories; examination results; test results; records of drugs prescribed, dispensed, or administered; and reports of consultations and hospitalizations.
- (t) Gross or repeat malpractice or the failure to practice medicine with that level of care, skill, and treatment, which is recognized by a reasonably prudent similar physician as being acceptable under similar conditions and circumstances. The Board shall give great weight to the provisions of s. 766.102 when enforcing this paragraph.

COUNTS for Case 2005-67224: Patient R.W.

COUNT I

- 38. Petitioner realleges and incorporates paragraphs one (1) through sixteen (16) and twenty-seven (27) through thirty-one (31) as if fully set forth herein.
- 39. Sections 456.072(1)(k) and Section 458.331(1)(g), Florida Statutes (2005), provides that failing to perform any statutory or legal obligation placed upon a licensee constitutes grounds for disciplinary action by the Board of Medicine,
- 40. Section 390.0111, Florida Statutes (2005), provides that no termination of pregnancy shall be performed on any human being in the third trimester of pregnancy unless two physicians certify in writing to the fact that, to a reasonable degree of medical probability, the termination of pregnancy is necessary to save the life or preserve the health of the pregnant woman or the physician certifies in writing to the medical necessity for legitimate emergency medical procedures for termination of pregnancy in the third trimester, and another physician is not available for consultation.

- 41. Section 797.03(3), Florida Statutes (2005), provides that it is unlawful for any person to perform or assist in performing an abortion on a person in the third trimester other than in a hospital.
- 42. Respondent failed to perform a statutory or legal obligation placed upon a licensee by performing a third trimester abortion procedure on Patient R.W. at the OWC facility.
- 43. Respondent failed to perform a statutory or legal obligation placed upon a licensee by performing a third trimester abortion procedure on Patient R.W. without having two physicians certify in writing to the fact that, to a reasonable degree of medical probability, the termination of pregnancy was necessary to save the life or preserve the health of the pregnant woman or certifying that it was an emergency and another physician was not available for consultation.
- 44. Based on the foregoing, Respondent has violated Sections 456.072(1)(k) and Section 458.331(1)(g), Florida Statutes (2005), by failing to perform any statutory or legal obligation placed upon a licensee.

COUNT II

45. Petitioner realleges and incorporates paragraphs one (1) through sixteen (16) and twenty-seven (27) through thirty-one (31) as If fully set forth herein.

- 46. Section 458.331(1)(m), Florida Statutes (2005), sets forth grounds for disciplinary action by the Board of Medicine for failing to keep legible medical records that justify the course of treatment, including, but not limited to, patient histories; examination results; test results; records of drugs prescribed, dispensed, or administered; and reports of consultations and hospitalizations.
- 47. Respondent did not certify in writing that to a reasonable degree of medical probability, the termination of Patient R.W.'s pregnancy was necessary to save the life or preserve the health of the pregnant woman, or obtain a concurring certification from a second physician or did certify in writing that any emergency existed.
- 48. Based on the foregoing, Respondent has violated Section 458.331(1)(m), Florida Statutes (2005), by failing to keep legible medical records that justify the course of Patient R.W.'s medical treatment.

COUNT III

- 49. Petitioner realleges and incorporates paragraphs one (1) through sixteen (16) and twenty-seven (27) through thirty-one (31) as if fully set forth herein.
- 50. Section 458.331(1)(t)1, Florida Statutes (2005), provides that committing medical malpractice constitutes grounds for disciplinary action

by the Board of Medicine. Medical Malpractice is defined in Section 456.50, Florida Statutes, to mean the failure to practice medicine in accordance with the level of care, skill, and treatment recognized in general law related to health care licensure. For purposes of Section 458.331(1)(t)1, Florida Statutes, the Board shall give great weight to the provisions of Section 766.102, Florida Statutes, which provide that the prevalling professional standard of care for a given health care provider shall be that level of care, skill, and treatment which, in light of all relevant surrounding circumstances, is recognized as acceptable and appropriate by reasonably prudent similar health care providers.

- 51. Respondent failed to practice medicine within the prevailing professional standard of care in one or more of the following ways:
 - a. By performing a third trimester abortion procedure on Patient R.W. at the OWC facility.
 - b. By not certifying in writing that to a reasonable degree of medical probability, the termination of Patient R.W.'s pregnancy was necessary to save the life or preserve the health of the pregnant woman, or obtain a concurring certification from a second physician.
 - c. By not certifying in writing that an emergency existed.

- d. By not transferring Patient R.W. to a hospital before performing the third trimester abortion.
- e. By prescribing, ordering or administering Demerol to Patient R.W. when Respondent did not have a current, valid DEA number to allow him, as a licensed physician, to prescribe, order or administer controlled substances.
- 52. Based on the foregoing, Respondent has violated Section 458.331(1)(t)1, Florida Statutes (2005), by committing medical malpractice by failing to practice medicine in accordance with the level of care, skill, and treatment which, in light of all relevant surrounding circumstances, is recognized as acceptable and appropriate by reasonably prudent similar health care providers.

COUNTS for Case 2004-39923: Patient T.R.

COUNT IY

- 53. Petitioner realleges and incorporates paragraphs one (1) through five (5) and seventeen (17) through thirty-one (31) as if fully set forth herein.
- 54. Sections 456.072(1)(k) and Section 458.331(1)(g), Florida Statutes (2004), provides that failing to perform any statutory or legal

obligation placed upon a licensee constitutes grounds for disciplinary action by the Board of Medicine.

- 55. Section 390.0111, Florida Statutes (2004), provides that no termination of pregnancy shall be performed on any human being in the third trimester of pregnancy unless two physicians certify in writing to the fact that, to a reasonable degree of medical probability, the termination of pregnancy is necessary to save the life or preserve the health of the pregnant woman or the physician certifies in writing to the medical necessity for legitimate emergency medical procedures for termination of pregnancy in the third trimester, and another physician is not available for consultation.
- 56. Section 797.03(3), Florida Statutes (2004), provides that it is unlawful for any person to perform or assist in performing an abortion on a person in the third trimester other than in a hospital.
- 57. Respondent failed to perform a statutory or legal obligation placed upon a licensee by performing a third trimester abortion procedure on Patient T.R. at the EPOC facility.
- 58. Respondent failed to perform a statutory or legal obligation placed upon a licensee by performing a third trimester abortion procedure on Patient T. R. without having two physicians certify in writing to the fact

that, to a reasonable degree of medical probability, the termination of pregnancy is necessary to save the life or preserve the health of the pregnant woman.

59. Based on the foregoing, Respondent has violated Sections 456.072(1)(k) and Section 458,331(1)(g), Florida Statutes (2004), by failing to perform any statutory or legal obligation placed upon a licensee.

COUNT V

- 60. Petitioner realleges and incorporates paragraphs one (1) through five (5) and seventeen (17) through thirty-one (31) as if fully set forth herein.
- 61. Section 458.331(1)(m), Florida Statutes (2004), sets forth grounds for disciplinary action by the Board of Medicine for failing to keep legible medical records that justify the course of treatment, including, but not limited to, patient histories; examination results; test results; records of drugs prescribed, dispensed, or administered; and reports of consultations and hospitalizations.
- 62. Respondent failed to keep legible medical records that justify the course of treatment in one or more of the following ways:
 - a. By failing to accurately determine and record Patient T.R.'s fetus size and gestational age;

- b. By not certifying in writing that to a reasonable degree of medical probability, the termination of Patient T.R.'s pregnancy was necessary to save the life or preserve the health of the pregnant woman, or obtain a concurring certification from a second physician or did certify in writing that any emergency existed.
- 63. Based on the foregoing, Respondent has violated Section 458.331(1)(m), Florida Statutes (2004), by failing to keep legible medical records that justify the course of Patient T.R.'s medical treatment.

COUNT VI

- 64. Petitioner realleges and incorporates paragraphs one (1) through five (5) and seventeen (17) through thirty-one (31) as if fully set forth herein.
- 65. Section 458.331(1)(t), Florida Statutes (2004), provides that gross or repeated malpractice or the failure to practice medicine with that level of care, skill, and treatment which is recognized by a reasonably prudent similar physician as being acceptable under similar conditions and circumstances constitutes grounds for disciplinary action by the Board of Medicine.

- 66. Respondent committed gross or repeated malpractice or failed to practice medicine with that level of care, skill, and treatment which is recognized by a reasonably prudent similar physician as being acceptable under similar conditions and circumstances by one or more of the following:
 - a. By falling to accurately determine Patient T.R.'s fetus size and gestational age;
 - b. By performing a third trimester abortion outside of a hospital for Patient T.R.;
 - c. By performing a third trimester abortion without a concurring opinion from another physician or by not certifying in writing that an emergency existed.
- 67. Based on the foregoing, Respondent has violated Section 458.331(1)(t), Florida Statutes (2004), by gross or repeat malpractice or failing to practice medicine with that level of care, skill, and treatment which is recognized by a reasonably prudent similar physician as being acceptable under similar conditions and circumstances.

WHEREFORE, the Petitioner respectfully requests that the Board of Medicine enter an order imposing one or more of the following penalties: permanent revocation or suspension of Respondent's license, restriction of

practice, imposition of an administrative fine, issuance of a reprimand, placement of the Respondent on probation, corrective action, refund of fees billed or collected, remedial education and/or any other relief that the Board deems appropriate.

SIGNED this_	_17th	$_{ m day}$ of $_{ m d}$	September	, 2006.

Ana M. Viamonte Ros, M.D., M.P.H. State Surgeon General

By: Irving Levine

Assistant General Counsel

DOH-Prosecution Services Unit

4052 Bald Cypress Way-Bin C-65

Tallahassee, Florida 32399-3265

Florida Bar # 0822957

(850) 245-4640, ext 8128

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PCP: August 25, 2006

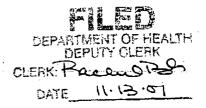
PCP Members: El-Bhari, Vijayanagar and Dyches

NOTICE OF RIGHTS

Respondent has the right to request a hearing to be conducted in accordance with Section 120.569 and 120.57, Florida Statutes, to be represented by counsel or other qualified representative, to present evidence and argument, to call and cross-examine witnesses and to have subpoena and subpoena duces tecum issued on his or her behalf if a hearing is requested.

NOTICE REGARDING ASSESSMENT OF COSTS

Respondent is placed on notice that Petitioner has incurred costs related to the investigation and prosecution of this matter. Pursuant to Section 456.072(4), Florida Statutes, the Board shall assess costs related to the investigation and prosecution of a disciplinary matter, which may include attorney hours and costs, on the Respondent in addition any other discipline imposed.



STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH BOARD OF MEDICINE

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, BOARD OF MEDICINE,

Petitioner,

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DOAH Case No. 06-4288PL

JAMES S. PENDERGRAFT, IV, M.D.,

Respondent.

RESPONDENT'S EXCEPTIONS TO THE RECOMMENDED ORDER

Respondent, James S. Pendergraft, IV, M.D. ("Respondent" or "Dr. Pendergraft"), by and through his undersigned counsel, and pursuant to section 120.57(1)(k), Florida Statutes, and Rule 28-106.217(1), Florida Administrative Code, files his written Exceptions to the Recommended Order of the Administrative Law Judge issued on October 25, 2007, as follows:

The Board's Review Requirements Under Chapter 120, Florida Statutes

In considering the Recommended Order and penalty recommendations of the Administrative Law Judge herein, the Board of Medicine is confined solely to a review of the record as established at the formal hearing. Ong v. Department of Professional Regulation, 565 So. 2d 1384, 1387 (Fla. 5th DCA 1990). Thus, the Board is not authorized to receive additional evidence other than that already presented and considered by the Administrative Law Judge. Id. Nor can the Board discipline a licensee for matters not charged in the Administrative Complaint, see Trevisani v. Department of Health, 936 So. 2d 790, 795 (Fla. 1st DCA 2006). Ghani v. Department of Health, 714 So. 2d 1113, 1114 (Fla. 1st DCA 1998).

Standard of Review of a Recommended Order

In reviewing a Recommended Order of an Administrative Law Judge, the Board of Medicine ("the Board") must evaluate the individual findings of fact and conclusions of law under a "competent, substantial evidence" standard. §120.57(1)(1), Fla. Stat. Competent substantial evidence is defined as that evidence supporting an ultimate finding which is sufficiently relevant and material such that a reasonable mind would accept as adequate to support the conclusions reached. DeGroot v. Sheffield, 95 So. 2d 912, 916 (Fla. 1959).

In keeping with the requirement of a "competent substantial evidence" review, the Legislature has authorized the Board to reject any finding of fact set forth in a Recommended Order, when upon its review of the entire record before the Administrative Law Judge, the Board determines that there is a lack of competent, substantial evidence upon which to base the particular finding of fact. *Id.*; see also Heifetz v. Department of Business Regulation, 475 So. 2d 1277, 1281-1282 (Fla. 1st DCA 1985); Gross v. Department of Health, 819 So. 2d 997, 1000-1001 (Fla. 1st DCA 2002). In so doing, however, the Board may not reweigh the evidence presented, judge the credibility of the witnesses, or otherwise interpret the evidence to fit its desired ultimate conclusion. Heifetz, supra; Gross, supra.

In addition, the Board is authorized to reject or modify the conclusions of law over which it has substantive jurisdiction and to reject or modify interpretation of administrative rules over which it has substantive jurisdiction. §120.57(1)(I), Fla. Stat.

When rejecting or modifying such conclusion of law or interpretation of administrative rule, the agency must state with particularity its reasons for rejecting or modifying such conclusion of law or interpretation of administrative rule and must make a finding that its substituted conclusion of law or interpretation of administrative rule is as or more reasonable than that which was rejected or modified. Rejection or modification of conclusions of

law may not form the basis for rejection or modification of findings of fact.

Id. (Emphasis added).

RESPONDENT'S EXCEPTIONS TO FINDINGS OF FACT

Respondent takes exception to the following findings of fact, and for the reasons stated in each Exception, requests that they be either stricken from the Recommended Order or modified to reflect the competent substantial evidence in the record.

Finding of Fact Exception 1: Respondent takes exception to Finding of Fact 14 because the Administrative Law Judge makes impermissible and unsupported assumptions about what Dr. Pendergraft "stated" and "indicated."

Respondent takes exception to paragraph 14 of the Recommended Order in which the Administrative Law Judge states: "Dr. Pendergraft's notes stated that the sonogram showed growth restriction of the fetus. He further indicated that there was a possibility of severe pulmonary hypoplasia...". (Emphasis added). This finding is not supported by competent substantial evidence in the record as this reflects an unsupported and incorrect assumption made by the Administrative Law Judge that these notations were Dr. Pendergraft's conclusions instead of recordings of statements of patient history he took from the referring physician "PC". There is no competent substantial evidence to support this assumption made by the Administrative Law Judge.

Finding of Fact Exception 2: Respondent takes exception to Finding of Fact 15 because the Administrative Law Judge again make an unsupported assumption that the notations in the patient chart are the conclusions of Respondent rather than mere reportage of raw data.

Respondent takes exception to paragraph 15 of the Recommended Order where the Administrative Law Judge finds: "On the form it is noted that the patient was evaluated on July 7, 2005 and found to be 27 to 28 weeks pregnant, which is 25 to 26 weeks from conception.

Both Dr. Perper and Dr. Pendergraft signed the form." This finding is not supported by competent substantial evidence in the record. Instead, the clear and uncontroverted evidence is that these notations were based upon a median sonogram biparietal diameter (BPD) of 6.7cm taken by Dr. Perper (Hrg. Trans. p.207-208, lines 10-2) and, even assuming this estimated measurement to be accurate, there is a error range of plus or minus of two weeks (Gomez: Trans. p. 91, lines 18-21; Resp. Exh. 4(PC): pp. 14-15, lines 25-5, p. 39, line 20) which, when figured in includes 23 to 24 weeks from conception, a second trimester pregnancy. (Hrg. Trans. pp. 200-201, lines 23-9)

Additionally, there is no record evidence to support the inference that by Respondent signing this chart page containing the Dr. Perper's sonogram notations Respondent concurs in or agreed with their accuracy or reliability. Nor is there record evidence to infer that this sole median measurement established in his mind the preoperative gestational age of this fetus without consideration of all of the other factors in the patient's medical history and clinical presentation.

Finding of Fact Exception 3: Respondent takes exception to Finding of Fact 19 because the Administrative Law Judge again make an unsupported assumption that the notations in the patient chart are the conclusions of Respondent rather than mere reportage of raw data.

Respondent takes exception to paragraph 19 of the Recommended Order in which the Administrative Law Judge states that "the form listed the preoperative estimate of gestational age to be 28 weeks, which would be 26 weeks from conception. Dr. Pendergraft was one of the signatories on the form." This finding is not supported by competent substantial evidence in the record because the clear and uncontroverted evidence is that this biparietal median measurement of 28 weeks was simply transposed from sonogram BPD measurement of Dr. Perper's and that

there is an error range of plus or minus of two weeks with this sonogram measurement, as well as a variance within that two weeks because it is an average. (Resp. Exh. 4(PC) p. 15, lines 1-4).

That Dr. Pendergraft was one of the signatories of this form page in the chart can not be interpreted as his agreement with the accuracy or reliability of the results as recorded. Nor can his signature form the basis of the impermissible inference of the Administrative Law Judge that this sole measurement, without consideration of all other clinical factors, established in his mind the preoperative gestational age of this fetus.

Finding of Fact Exception 4: Respondent takes exception to Finding of Fact 21 because the Administrative Law Judge again make an impermissible and unsupported assumption about what Respondent and Dr. Perper "felt."

Respondent takes exception to paragraph 21 of the Recommended Order in which the Administrative Law Judge states: "... both Dr. Pendergraft and his associate Dr. Perper, <u>felt</u> that, preoperatively, the gestational age of the fetus was between 27 and 28 weeks...". This finding is not supported by any competent substantial evidence in the record as there is no testimony in this record as to what either Dr. Perper or Dr. Pendergraft "felt" preoperatively was the gestational age of the fetus. Rather, there is clear and uncontroverted evidence in the record that reflects this to be the result of "when the doctor did the sonogram, he wrote in the number of weeks." (Jt. Exh. 8, p. 18, lines 16-20.)

Additionally, there is no testimony in the record or other evidence to support that Respondent's signing of the chart which contains Dr. Perper's sonogram notations can be interpreted as agreeing with their accuracy or inferring what he "felt" preoperatively was the gestational age of the fetus from this estimated median measurement. There is no competent substantial evidence of what Respondent "felt" and the Administrative Law Judge drew an

impermissible conclusion regarding Respondent's thoughts or feelings based upon notations by another physician, and without regard for all other information contained in the medical record.

Finding of Fact Exception 5: Respondent takes exception to Finding of Fact 23 in which the Administrative Law Judge incorrectly states that Dr. Plotkin's opinion was based on the combined fetal and placental weight without regard for the other record evidence he relied upon.

Respondent takes exception to paragraph 23 of the Recommended Order in that the Administrative Law Judge asserts that Respondent's expert, Dr. Plotkin formed his opinion that Patient R.W.'s was a second trimester pregnancy was based solely on "the combined fetal and placental weight at the time of delivery." There is not competent substantial evidence in the record that his opinion was based solely on this figure. Rather, there is clear evidence in the record that Dr. Plotkin additionally based his opinion upon the biparietal diameter measurement of 6.7 cm in the OWC records, which placed R.W.'s fetus at "between the 25th and 26th weeks of gestation" and subtracting "at least two weeks from that to give you an approximate time that this patient became pregnant, would be 23 to 24 weeks. (Hrg.Trans. pp. 207-208, lines 6-2).

Finding of Fact Exception 6: Respondent takes exception to Finding of Fact 24 in which the Administrative Law Judge minimizes Dr. Warsof's clinical credentials and ignores the opinion of Dr. Warsof, the only accepted expert on IUGR, regarding whether there was growth restriction in Patient R.W.'s fetus.

Respondent takes exception to paragraph 24 of the Recommended Order in that the Administrative Law Judge characterized Respondent's expert, Dr. Warsof as but "an obstetrician/gynecologist with a subspecialty in maternal-fetal medicine." The evidence is clear and uncontroverted that Dr. Warsof is Board Certified in both obstetrics and gynecology and in maternal/fetal medicine. (Hrg.Trans. 248-249, lines 23-4) Further, the Administrative Law Judge's dismissively describes Dr. Warsof as "spending most of his professional career pursuing academic issues in obstetrical ultrasonography." In fact, it is unrebutted on this record that Dr.

Warsof also actively teaches physician residents to perform ultrasound and he oversees eleven (11) ultrasonography technicians while holding active staff privileges as a practicing clinician, being "an attending physician at Sentara Norfolk General Hospital, a consulting physician at Sentara Virginia Beach General Hospital, as well as at the Children's Hospital of the King's Daughters and Riverside Regional Medical Center." (Hrg.Trans. p. 253, lines 10-15). Thus, Dr. Warsof is no mere academic as the Administrative Law Judge's finding implies. Rather, the record evidence is uncontroverted that Dr. Warsof has 30 years of clinical experience "dealing with fetal growth and growth problems, things that accelerate as well as interfere with fetal growth" and "dealing with congenital anomalies." (Hrg.Trans. p. 258, lines 15-20). Dr. Warsof was tendered and accepted as an expert in obstetrics and gynecology, maternal-fetal medicine, and was the only expert tendered and accepted as an expert in OB/GYN ultrasound and sonography, intrauterine growth retardation and gestational analysis. (Hrg.Trans. p. 259, lines 20-24).

Further, there is no competent substantial evidence in the record that Dr. Warsof's opinion of R.W.'s as being a second trimester termination was based only on "the weight of the products of conception after delivery." Rather, there is competent substantial evidence in the record that Dr. Warsof's opinion that R.W.'s was a second trimester pregnancy was also based on his assessment of conflicting ultrasound measures which made it impossible to determine an accurate gestational age by ultrasound of R.W.'s fetus. It was his expert opinion that an intrauterine growth restriction diagnosis, i.e. that the fetus was underweight for its age, was not possible to establish without accurate measures both of fetal age and of fetal weight. Neither of those measures were accurate enough on this record to diagnose IUGR. (Hrg.Trans. p. 264, lines 19-25).

Finding of Fact Exception 7: Respondent takes exception to Finding of Fact 25 in which the Administrative Law Judge mischaracterizes the opinions of Respondent's experts, Drs. Plotkin and Warsof, that this was a second trimester pregnancy as being based on the fetal/placental weight alone, and further errs in assuming that she knows what Respondent's "impression" was at the time of the termination.

Respondent takes exception to paragraph 25 of the Recommended Order. The findings within this paragraph are not supported by competent substantial evidence in the record. Two medical experts as well as the patient's referring Board Certified Obstetrician Gynecologist "PC" concluded in their testimony, admitted at hearing, that Patient RW's pregnancy was in the second trimester. Dr. "PC" based her conclusion upon discovery of an erroneous recorded ultrasound measurement which altered her estimated gestational range to 24 to 26 weeks, subtracting two weeks to get "weeks of pregnancy" and then plus or minus two weeks that equated to as early as 20 to 22 weeks of conception on June 22 (15 days prior to termination). (Resp.Exh. 4(PC) p.12-13, lines 8-8; p. 14-15, lines 22-5).

Further, two OB/GYN experts, Jay Plotkin, M.D. and Steven Warsof, M.D., concluded that the fetus was in the second trimester of pregnancy. Dr. Warsof was the only expert accepted in the areas of "OB/GYN ultrasound and sonography, intrauterine growth retardation (IUGR), and gestational analysis." (Hrg. Trans. p. 259, lines 19-24 (Judge Harrell: "[H]e'll be deemed an expert in OB/GYN, [maternal] fetal medicine and OB/GYN ultrasound and sonography and intrauterine growth retardation and gestational analysis.")

Contrary to the Administrative Law Judge's findings, Dr. Plotkin's opinion was not only based on "the fetal and placental weigh that was delivered at the time of the completion of the procedure" (Hrg.Trans. p. 194, lines 17-19) but, also the OWC BPD measurement of 6.7 centimeters being "between the 25th and 26th weeks of gestation" and subtracting "at least two

weeks from that to give you an approximate time that this patient became pregnant, would be 23 to 24 weeks. Which, to me, according to the statute, is in the second trimester of pregnancy." (Hrg.Trans. pp. 207-208, lines 6-2).

Dr. Warsof's opinion, as well, was not based solely upon "the weight of the fetus and placenta at the time of delivery" but also his opinion that it was impossible to determine by conflicting ultrasound measurements "an accurate gestational age to the level of assurances that are being asked in this legal setting." (Hrg. Trans. p.268-269, lines 25-4)

Further, the finding that "because of the complications of R.W."s pregnancy, it is clear that the fetus had not developed normally and was underweight for its age" is not supported by competent substantial evidence in the record. There is no evidence in the record that reliably proves that the fetus in this case was "underweight for its age." The Department's expert's hypothesis of such is not competent, substantial evidence especially in light of the testimony of the only expert tendered and accepted as an expert in Intrauterine Growth Restriction (IUGR), Dr Warsof, who testified that this diagnosis was impossible to make in this case by the lack of reliable measures of the two essential components of IUGR, "an accurate gestational age and an accurate fetal weight." (Hrg.Trans. p. 264-265, lines 15-11).

Additionally, the Administrative Law Judge's finding that "because of his office records, it is also clear and convincing that Dr. Pendergraft was under the impression that R.W. was in her third trimester of pregnancy when he performed the abortion", is not supported by competent substantial evidence in the record. There is no testimony in the record and no record entry to cite to for the Administrative Law Judge's unsupported assumptions of any "impression" by Dr. Pendergraft that this was a third trimester pregnancy when the termination was performed.

Instead, as reinforced by medical expert Dr. Plotkin, the BPD measure of 6.7 cm on the OWC Second Trimester Medical Procedure form equates to a second trimester pregnancy, which supports the contrary impression, as does the Second Trimester Screening Form also utilized. (Jt.Exh. 1, pp. 37 and 36).

Finding of Fact Exception 8: Respondent takes exception to Finding of Fact 26 in which the Administrative Law Judge does not rely on competent substantial evidence in the record for her finding that there was no certification that the termination was necessary to preserve the health of Patient R.W. nor that emergency medical procedures were medically necessary.

Respondent takes exception to paragraph 26 of the Recommended Order in which the Administrative Law Judge states that the medical records of Respondent do not evidence "certification" from two physicians that the termination performed was necessary to preserve the health of R.W. The record evidence is clear and uncontroverted that there is no specified format for this certification and no requirement that it be contained in both consulting physicians' records. In fact, Respondent's office records clearly reflect that he, as Patient R.W.'s attending physician, appropriately consulted with the Patient's referring physician, Dr. PC by stating: "Her PMD OB/GYN physician concurs with increased maternal health reasons to undergo termination of pregnancy at this time." (Jt. Exh.1, p. 54; Hrg. Trans. p.203, lines 5-21). Furthermore, as there is no specified requirement for the language of the certification, the Administrative Law Judge's finding that Respondent's record does not contain a written certification as to the medical necessity for emergency medical procedures is also not dispositive on this issue. Instead, his records and Dr. PC's records are clear that there were sufficient concerns for Patient R.W.'s mental and physical health to perform this procedure as soon as was practicable. (Hrg.Trans. p. 225-226, lines 1-16). By contrast, the Administrative Law Judge relied upon the opinion of Dr. Gomez who never read the depositions of either Patient R.W. or her referring OB/GYN Dr. PC,

and therefore, that opinion is not competent, substantial evidence upon which to base this finding.

Respondent's Exceptions To Conclusions Of Law

Respondent takes exception to the following conclusions of law in the Recommended Order, and for the reasons stated in each Exception, requests that they be rejected and be replaced or modified to reflect the correct legal conclusions as articulated in each Exception.

Conclusion of Law Exception 1. Respondent takes exception to Conclusions of Law 33-37, 38-40, and 42, because, based on the foregoing Exceptions to the Findings of Fact herein, the termination of R.W.'s fetus did not occur in the third trimester, and therefore, there was no competent substantial evidence for the Administrative Law Judge to find violations of sections 456.072(1)(k) and 458.331(1)(g), (m), and (t), Florida Statutes.

Respondent reasserts and incorporates by reference his Exceptions to the Findings of Fact herein as support that the Administrative Law Judge erred as a matter of law in finding that the procedure performed in this case was a third trimester termination. The complexity of the clinical presentation, the inaccuracy of the measures, and in some cases, the lack of a reliable measure, demonstrate on this record that there is no competent substantial evidence that R.W.'s was a third trimester pregnancy.

Conclusion of Law Exception 2. Respondent takes exception to Conclusions of Law 33-37 and 42, because, based on the foregoing Exceptions to the Findings of Fact herein, even assuming the termination of R.W.'s fetus occurred in the third trimester, the performance of this termination was on a nonviable fetus and was an emergency due to maternal health concerns, therefore, the Administrative Law Judge improperly found violations of sections 456.072(1)(k) and 458.331(1)(g), (m), and (t), Florida Statutes.

The Administrative Law Judge acknowledged in her Findings of Fact that R.W.'s Obstetrician had concluded that her fetus was nonviable. See Rec. Order, p. 8, para.12. The United States Supreme Court has stated: "The time when viability is achieved may vary with each pregnancy, and the determination of whether a particular fetus is viable is, and must be, a matter for the judgment of the responsible attending physician." *Planned Parenthood of Central*

Missouri v. Danforth, 428 U.S. 52 (1976). Fixed gestational limits, such as those found in section 390.0111 and 797.03, Florida Statutes, were rejected as unconstitutional by the Court in Danforth, which noted, "it is not the proper function of the legislature or the courts to place viability, which is essentially a medical concept, at a specific point in the gestation period." Clearly the Court was deeming unconstitutional any incursion into the medical judgment and expertise of the physicians who are attending the individual seeking termination of her pregnancy.

Subsequently, the Court further reaffirmed and articulated these principles by upholding a Pennsylvania lover court ruling saying that it is the professional responsibility of the physician to determine whether the fetus has the possibility for "meaningful life, not merely temporary survival. *Colautti v. Franklin*, 439 U.S. 379 (1979):

Because this point [viability] may differ with each pregnancy, neither the legislature nor the courts may proclaim one of the elements entering into the ascertainment of viability – be it weeks of gestation or fetal weight or any other single factor – as the determinant of when the State has a compelling interest in the life or health of the fetus.

[A] physician determines whether or not a fetus is viable after considering a number of variables: the gestational age of the fetus, derived from the reported menstrual history of the woman; fetal weight, based on an inexact estimate of the size and condition of the uterus; the woman's general health and nutrition; the quality of the available medical facilities; and other factors. ...

Id. at 394-96. Because the decisions regarding constitutionality of abortion regulations are based on the concept of "viability" rather than trimester placement, and because on this record, R.W.'s fetus was not viable, the State's regulatory requirements are unconstitutionally burdensome.

Furthermore, on this record, not only was Patient R.W.'s fetus nonviable, but the continuance of R.W.'s pregnancy was a danger to her health, both mental and physical, such that

the termination of her pregnancy constituted an emergency. As an "emergency" Patient R.W.'s termination came under the "emergency" exceptions under section 390.0111(1) and 797.03(1), Florida Statutes.

Conclusion of Law Exception 3. Respondent takes exception to Conclusions of Law 33, 34, 35, 36 and 37, because the Administrative Law Judge found both a violation of section 456.072(1)(k) and a violation of section 458.331(1)(g), both of which articulate violations for failing to perform a legal obligation placed upon a licensed physician, and are thus improperly duplicative.

Respondent takes exception to the Administrative Law Judge finding violations of both section 456.072(1)(k) and section 458.331(1)(g), which articulate essentially the same violation. The Administrative Law Judge erred in not determining that one or the other applied herein, and not both. This "piling on" is impermissible and approaches the constitutionally challengeable practice of "multiplicity" which raises concerns of double jeopardy. *Bautista v. State*, 863 So. 2d 1180 (Fla. 2003). The Board should grant this Exception and determine which of the two provisions is applicable herein.

Conclusion of Law Exception 4. Respondent takes exception to Conclusions of Law 33, 34, 35, 36 and 37, because the Department and the Board have no prosecutorial or final agency action authority over the cited provisions of Chapter 390, Florida Statutes.

The Administrative Law Judge found that Respondent violated sections 456.072(1)(k) and 458.331(1)(g), by failing to perform a legal obligation placed on a licensee, or a licensed physician, respectively, by performing an alleged third trimester pregnancy termination on Patient R.W. outside of a hospital, in violation of section 797.03(3), and without the certification of two physicians, as required in section 390.0111, Florida Statutes.

Further, Count I alleged that Respondent failed to perform a statutory duty placed on a licensed physician, when this third trimester abortion procedure was performed "without having two physicians certify in ...that, to a reasonable degree of medical probability, the termination of

the pregnancy was necessary to save the life or preserved the health of the pregnant woman or [by] certifying that it was an emergency and another physician was not available for consultation," as required by section 390.0111, Florida Statutes.

An administrative agency has only such authority as conferred by statute. <u>Gulfstream Park v. Dep't of Bus. Regulation</u>, 443 So. 2d 113 (Fla. 3d DCA 1983). Authority for enforcing the provisions of Chapter 390 is vested largely in the Agency for Health Care Administration. The Department's express authority in Chapter 390 is confined to two provisions: authorization to prosecute violations of the informed consent provisions is found in section 390.0111(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and authorization to prosecute physicians for violations of the parental notice requirements is set forth in section 390.01114(3)(c), Florida Statutes. Those are the "statutory or legal obligations placed upon a licensed physician" in chapter 390 that the Department is authorized to prosecute. All other provisions and legal requirements in Chapter 390 are enforced by the Agency for Health Care Administration against the licensee abortion clinic.

"It...is a general principle of statutory construction that the mention of one thing implies the exclusion of another, expressio unius est exclusio alterius." Thayer v. State, 335 So. 2d 815, 817 (Fla. 1976); Dep't of Prof'l Regulation v. Pariser, 483 So. 2d 28, 29 (Fla. 1st DCA 1986). Where, as in Chapter 390, the statute enumerates the things on which it is to operate, it is ordinarily construed so as to exclude from its operation all those not expressly mentioned. Thayer, 335 So. 2d at 817.

Thus, the Department's authority for enforcement of the provisions of Chapter 390 is found only in subsections 390.0111(3)(c) and 390.01114(3)(c), and neither of these provisions is applicable herein. Therefore, the Department does not have the authority to enforce other

provisions of Chapter 390 under its power to discipline for "failure to perform any statutory or legal obligation placed on a licensed physician."

Conclusion of Law Exception 5. Respondent takes exception to Conclusions of Law 33, 34, 35, 36 and 37, because the Department and the Board have no prosecutorial or final action authority over criminal provisions of Chapter 797, Florida Statutes, and their exercise of same fails to provide Respondent with the constitutional protections guaranteed in criminal prosecutions.

In like manner, the Department has no authority to prosecute violations of provisions of Chapter 797, a criminal statute, and the Board has no authority to impose final agency action on criminal charges in the absence of a conviction. The Department alleged in Count I of the Administrative Complaint that Dr. Pendergraft violated sections 456.072(1)(k) and 458.331(1)(g), Florida Statutes, "failing to perform any statutory or legal duty placed upon a licensee" or "licensed physician," by violating section 797.03(3), Florida Statutes, in that Respondent performed "a third trimester abortion procedure on Patient R.W. at the OWC facility."

To charge this combination of statutory provisions as the Department has attempted in this case is a bold attempt to usurp the authority of the criminal justice system, and circumvent the constitutional protections and elevated burden of proof required in criminal prosecutions. For all the reasons stated in Conclusion of Law Exception 1, the Department's statutory authority, as set forth in Chapters 456 and 458, does not contemplate or permit the Department to take on the prosecution of a case under Chapter 797, nor does it contemplate that this Board will act in lieu of the criminal justice system.

In addition, section 458.331(1)(c), Florida Statutes, authorizes the Board of Medicine to take action against a physician who has been "convicted or found guilty of, or enter[ed] a plea of nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, a crime in any jurisdiction which directly relates

to the practice of medicine or to the ability to practice medicine." This provision clearly anticipates that the Department may use a <u>conviction</u> by criminal authorities regarding behavior relating to the practice of medicine as a basis for license disciplinary action. However, <u>no</u> such conviction exists in this case.

Where a statutory provision places an affirmative obligation on a licensee physician, and the licensed physician fails to perform that obligation, then the Department can prosecute that violation under its authority for "failing to perform any statutory or legal obligation placed upon a licensee" or "licensed physician." Sections 456.072(1)(k) and 458.331(1)(g), Fla. Stat. However, for the reasons that follow, by their plain language, these provisions do not authorize the Department to prosecute a criminal statute, such as Chapter 797, Florida Statutes.

By its express language, section 797.03(3), Florida Statutes and the other provisions therein, are applicable to "any person", that is, to <u>all</u> citizens, not just to licensed physicians, or not just to licensees of the Department. An essential element of the (k) and (g) violations is that the obligation which was not performed must be one that is "placed on the licensee" or "the licensed physician." Implicit in this language is that the obligation must be placed on the licensee by virtue of the licensure itself. Statutes providing for the revocation or suspension of a license to practice, such as sections 456.072 and 458.331, Florida Statutes, are "penal in nature and must be strictly construed, with any ambiguity interpreted in favor of the licensee. *Elmariah* v. Dep't of Prof'l Regulation, Board of Medicine, 574 So. 2d 164, 165 (Fla. 1st DCA 1990) (and cases cited therein).

As a criminal statute of general applicability, the provisions of Chapter 797 cannot be construed to be an obligation placed upon a licensed physician by virtue of his licensure. While the statute deals with the performance of certain abortions, the general language utilized therein

makes it clear that that the Legislature meant to reach any person. As the Department is not authorized to prosecute "any person" and the Board does not have authority over "any person", it is not authorized to enforce the provisions of Chapter 797, Florida Statutes, in the manner that has been attempted in this case.

If the legislature had intended the Department and the Boards to be able to prosecute any criminal behavior in the absence of action by the State Attorney and the criminal justice system, then sections 456.072(1)(k) and 458.331(1)(g) would state that the Board could take action for failure to perform any legal obligation placed on a citizen, or any person. Or they would state that the Board could take action for failure to perform any legal obligation regardless of whether there was a criminal conviction or not. This the Legislature did not do. Instead, the language of these violations is tied to those legal obligations "placed on a licensee" or on the "licensed physician."

As Chapter 797 is applicable to all citizens, enforcement of these provisions is appropriately placed in the hands of the State Attorney, and not those of regulatory agencies such as the Department and this Board. As a matter of law, the Department may not prosecute, and the Board may not find, a violation of section 797.03(3), Florida Statutes, through the "legal obligation" language of section 458.331(1)(g), Florida Statutes.

Conclusion of Law Exception 6. Respondent takes exception to Conclusions of Law 33, 34, 35, 36 and 37, because there is no competent, substantial evidence in the record regarding "intent", an essential element of the charged violation of section 797.03, Florida Statutes.

Further, in attempting to enforce the provisions of Chapter 797, the Department has "cherry-picked" one provision in that statute, subsection (3), which makes it a crime to perform a third trimester termination outside of a hospital, while ignoring another provision, subsection (4), that adds an element of specific intent to the crime.

(4) Any person who <u>willfully</u> violates any provision of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s.775.082 or s. 775.083. (emphasis added)

"Willfulness" is defined as "[t]he fact or quality of acting purposely or by design; deliberateness; intention." Black's Law Dictionary, 1630 (8th ed. 2004) Thus, the act must have been done knowingly, with the purpose and intent of violating the law. The Department presented no evidence on this element of the crime. There was no competent, substantial evidence in the record to establish this "willful" intent element of the alleged crime which formed the basis of the Department's allegation of a violation of sections 456.072(1)(k) and 458.331(1)(g), Florida Statutes. Respondent takes exception to Conclusions of Law 33,34,35,36 and 37 because there was no competent evidence of specific intent on the part of Respondent to willfully violate Chapter 797, by performing a third trimester termination outside of a hospital.

Conclusion of Law Exception 7. Respondent excepts to Conclusions of Law 37, 38 and 39, relating to the medical records violation of section 458.331(1)(m), Florida Statutes, because the Department and the Board do not have authority to enforce the "certification" provision of Chapter 390.

The Administrative Law Judge found the Respondent guilty of Count II of the Administrative Complaint which charges Respondent with a violation of section 458.331(1)(m), Florida Statutes, by failing to keep legible medical records that justify the course of Patient R.W.'s medical treatment, in that "Respondent did not certify in writing that to a reasonable degree of medical probability, the termination of Patient R.W.'s pregnancy was necessary to save the life or preserve the health of the pregnant woman, or obtain a concurring certification from a second physician or did certify (sic) that any emergency existed."

As articulated above and incorporated in this Exception, Respondent asserts that while Section 390.0111(1) imposes the certification obligation on the <u>licensee abortion clinic</u>, it does not give the Department the authority to impose discipline on licensees working in the abortion

clinic for failing to meet the certification requirement. Dep't of Health, Bd. of Nursing v. Logan T. Lanham, R.N., 2005 WL 584901, 6 (Fla.Div.Admin.Hrgs); Dep't of Health, Bd. of Nursing v. Patti Jo Rossi, L.P.N., 2005 WL 584900, 5 (Fla. Div. Admin. Hrgs.)

Conclusion of Law Exception 8. Respondent excepts to Conclusions of Law 37, 38 and 39, relating to the medical records violation of section 458.331(1)(m), Florida Statutes, because the Administrative Law Judge erred in finding that Patient R.W.'s termination was in the third trimester and the "certification" requirements are imposed only on third trimester terminations.

37. Respondent objects to these Conclusions of Law for all the reasons set forth in the foregoing paragraphs, especially that the Department and the Board do not have the authority to prosecute the provisions of Chapter 390, except for those expressly reserved for the Department and Board to act upon. In addition to the above referenced exception, Respondent also takes exception to Conclusions of Law 37, 38 and 39, because as set forth in the Exceptions above, section 390.0111(1), Florida Statutes, by its express language, only applies to terminations of pregnancy in the third trimester. As R.W.'s pregnancy termination was performed in the second trimester [finish this] No certification under section 390.0111(1), Florida Statutes, was necessary. The Department failed to prove a violation of section 458.331(1)(m), Florida Statutes.

Conclusion of Law Exception 9. Respondent takes exception to Conclusions of Law 37, 38 and 39, relating to the section 458.331(1)(m) violation, because the AHCA Surveyor found the "certification" requirements had been met, and the Administrative Law Judge interpreted the requirement differently from the interpretation of AHCA, the agency charged with interpreting and enforcing the certification provisions of Chapter 390.

Respondent takes exception to Conclusions of Law 37, 38 and 39, because, even assuming that the certification requirement applied herein, Respondent met the requirements of section 390.0111(1), Florida Statutes, in that the medical record contains sufficient notation to

show that both Respondent and R.W.'s obstetrician, Dr. P.C., thought that the pregnancy termination was necessary to preserve the health of the mother, Patient R.W.

Neither the statute nor the Agency's rule requires a specific form of "certification" nor do they give any guidance either by rule of the Agency for Health Care Administration or the Department of Health as to what does or does not constitute sufficient "certification."

Significantly, however, the AHCA Surveyor, as the Agency's agent for determining compliance with the provisions of Chapter 390, Florida Statute and whose survey of Respondent's clinic initiated this case, expressly found that Patient R.W.'s chart "contain(s) the following supporting information that: Two different physicians certified in writing that to a reasonable degree of medical probability (sic), the termination of pregnancy is necessary to save the life or preserve the health of the pregnant women (sic)." (Resp. Exh. 5: 23; Resp. 4 (AHCA): 5 ("without deficient practice. The facility was found to be incompliance with 59A-9, F.A.C. and CH390 as of that date.").

Thus, this Board should grant Respondent's Exception to Conclusions of Law 37, 38 and 39, and concur in the AHCA interpretation that Respondent met this "certification" requirement because the Agency has been given enforcement authority over this provision of Chapter 390 determined that his record was sufficient during the survey that initiated this case. Specifically, Respondent's note in R.W.'s medical record states: "her OB/GYN physician concurs [with] increase[d] maternal health reason[s] to undergo termination of pregnancy at this time." (Jt. Exh. 1: 54) Dr. P.C., Patient R.W.'s obstetrician, confirms that this notation is accurate. (Jt. Exh. 4: 76)

Conclusion of Law Exception 10. Respondent takes exception to Conclusions of Law 37, 38 and 39, relating to the of section 458.331(1)(m) records violation, because the United States Supreme Court has found substantially similar "certification" provision to be unconstitutional.

Respondent take exception to Conclusions of Law 37, 38, and 39 because "certification" requirements such as the one in 390.0111, Florida Statutes, have been struck down by the United States Supreme Court as unconstitutional. In *Doe v. Bolton*, 410 U.S. 179 (1973), the Court struck down the portion of a Georgia statute that required two independent physicians to confirm the attending doctor's determination that continuation of a pregnancy would endanger the woman's life or health. *Id.* at 199. Significantly, the Court stated: "The attending physician's 'best clinical judgment that an abortion is necessary'...should be sufficient. ...Required acquiescence by co-practitioners has no rational connection with a patient's needs and unduly infringes on the physician's right to practice." *Id.* (emphasis added). The Board should grant this Exception as the certification requirement is unconstitutional and impermissibly infringes Respondent's right to practice.

Conclusion of Law Exception 11. Respondent takes exception to Conclusions of Law 40, and 42 because the Administrative Law Judge departed from the essential requirements of law by finding that the termination of Patient R.W.'s fetus was a third trimester termination.

The Administrative Law Judge erred by finding Respondent guilty of Count III of the Administrative Complaint charging Respondent with a violation of section 458.331(1)(t), Florida Statutes, by failing to practice medicine with the prevailing professional standard of care in the following four ways:

- a. By performing a third trimester abortion procedure on Patient R.W. at the OWC facility.
- b. By not certifying in writing that to a reasonable degree of medical probability, the termination of Patient R.W.'s pregnancy was necessary to save the life or preserve the health of the pregnant woman, or obtain a concurring certification from a second physician.
- c. By not certifying in writing that an emergency existed.

d. By not transferring Patient R.W. to a hospital before performing the third trimester abortion.

Based upon the foregoing Exceptions and the arguments therein, there was not competent, substantial evidence in the record to support that Respondent performed a third-trimester pregnancy termination in Patient R.W.'s case, and therefore. Respondent did not practice below the applicable standard of care as to items (a) through (d) above.

Conclusion of Law Exception 12. Respondent takes exception to Conclusions of Law 40, and 42 because the enumerated items alleged as violations of the standard of care under section 458.331(1)t) are all legal obligations instead and are not within the statutory definition of the "practice of medicine."

The details described in Paragraph 40(a) through (d) above are legal obligations imposed by various administrative and criminal statutory provisions and are not aspects of the standard of care, which relates to the actual practice of medicine. The practice of medicine is defined as "the diagnosis, treatment, operation, or prescription for any human disease, pain, injury, deformity, or other physical or mental condition." § 458.305(3), Florida Statutes. Thus, the standard of care violation permits disciplinary action for failing to meet the minimum standards of performance in "diagnosis, treatment, operation or prescription."

Whether or not the patient chart shows an adequate "certification" is not and cannot be charged as a violation of the standard of care. Placing a written certification into the patient chart is neither diagnosis, treatment, operation nor prescription. Neither is it a violation of the standard of care for the other "legal obligations" set forth in paragraph 51(a) through (d) in the Administrative Complaint. Any such interpretation would render the (k) and (g) "legal obligation" violations useless. There is a significant difference between improperly treating or diagnosing a patient, i.e. "malpractice" or "practice below the standard of care" which constitutes

a'(t) violation, and not performing legal obligations that are not the actual medical treatment rendered to the patient. Barr v. Dep't of Health, 954 So. 2d 668 (Fla. 1st DCA 2007).

Exceptions to the Denial of Attorney's Fees Under Section 120.595, Florida Statutes

Attorney's Fees Exception 1. Respondent takes exception to the Administrative Law Judge's denial of attorney's fees and costs because she erred as a matter of law in interpreting the definition of "nonprevailing adverse party" under section 120.595(1)(e)3, Florida Statutes.

Respondent takes Exception to Conclusions of Law 45 and 46, denying Respondent's Motion for Attorney's Fees and Costs relating to Counts IV, V, and VI of the Amended Administrative Complaint pursuant to section 120.595. The Administrative Law Judge erred as a matter of law in her interpretation of and determination that the Department is not a "nonprevailing adverse party" as to Counts IV, V, and VI under section 120.595(e)3., Florida Statutes. The Administrative Law Judge provided no support for this conclusion. However, she apparently based her conclusion on the fact that the dismissal was as the three Counts (IV, V, and VI) of the Administrative Complaint, rather than the dismissal of an entire DOH case, DOH Case No. 2004-39923 relating to Patient T.R. For this reason, and the reasons set forth in Respondent's Motion for Attorney's Fees and Costs, incorporated herein by reference, Respondent is entitled to attorney's fees and costs expended in defense of Counts IV, V, and VI.

Attorney's Fees Exception 2. The Administrative Law Judge erred as a matter of law by not setting a hearing for the purposes of taking evidence to determine whether Respondent was entitled to attorney's fees and costs under section 120.595(1)(e)3., Florida Statutes.

In the alternative, Respondent takes exception with the conclusion of the Administrative Law Judge denying the Motion for attorney's fees under section 120.595(1) in that she departed from the essential requirements of law by failing to set a hearing for the purpose of taking

evidence upon which to make a determination of attorney's fees and costs pursuant to section 120.595, Florida Statutes.

Exceptions to the Proposed Penalty And Request for Downward Departure

In light of the foregoing Exceptions and the resultant modifications to the Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law of the Administrative Law Judge, this Board should reject the recommended penalty and dismiss this case. In the alternative, this Board should decline to follow the Administrative Law Judge's recommendation as to penalty and impose a penalty modified and reduced for the reasons that are set forth below.

Penalty Exception 1. Respondent take exception to the proposed Penalty because the Board has no guidelines set forth in its rules for violations of Chapters 390 and 797, Florida Statutes, as required by section 456.079, Florida Statutes and precedent set forth in Arias v. Dep't of Business and Prof'l Regulation.

The Administrative Law Judge found that Respondent violated sections 456.072(1)(k) and 458.331(1)(g) (charged together as one Count), 458.331(1)(m), and 458.331(1)(t)1., Florida Statutes. On the basis of her findings, the Administrative Law Judge recommended that Respondent's license be suspended for a period of "one year followed by three years of probation with indirect monitoring; imposing an administrative fine of \$10,000.00...".

In section 456.079, Florida Statutes, the Florida Legislature directed this Board to provide disciplinary guidelines which shall be imposed upon licensees whom it regulated under Chapter 458, Florida Statutes. The Board's penalty guideline for violations of sections 456.072(1)(k) and 458.331(1)(g) is articulated in Rule 64B8-8.001(g), "Failure to perform legal obligation." Under this "(g)" subsection, numerous "legal obligations" are set forth and the penalty guideline as to each is articulated in the Board's rule. There is no specified penalty

guidelines for those "legal obligations" set forth in Chapters 390 and 797, that the Department alleged and the Administrative Law Judge found in error. Instead, the Rule merely states, under "First Offense":

For any offense not specifically listed herein, based upon the severity of the offense and the potential for patient harm, from a letter of concern to revocation or denial, and an administrative fine from \$1,000.00 to \$10,000.00, unless otherwise provided by law.

64B8-8.001(g), F.A.C.

As the Board's rule states: "The purpose of this rule is to notify applicants and licensees of the ranges of penalties which will routinely be imposed unless the Board finds it necessary to deviate from the guidelines...". 64B8-8.001(1), F.A.C.

Because the Department and the Board have no authority to prosecute violations of Chapters 390 and 797, there is no "legal obligation" penalty range corresponding same in the Board's disciplinary guideline. Even assuming the Department and the Board have such authority, they have "failed to comply with the legislative requirement that there be penalty guidelines in place, so as to alert licensees of proscribed actions and so as to ensure consistency in penalties imposed." Arias v. State, Department of Business and Professional Regulation, 710 So. 2d 655, 658 (Fla. 3d DCA), cause dismissed, 718 So. 2d 167 (Fla. 1998).

Respondent here has had no meaningful notice of potential penalties herein because the alleged acts constituting the failure to perform a legal obligation are not specifically set out in the rule such that Respondent and others similarly situated are aware that such acts under Chapters 390 and 797, Florida Statutes, are applicable to them and they are subject to the specified penalties set forth. This lack of notice as to the existence of the legal obligations, the lack of legal authority of the Department and the Board to prosecute and find such obligations, and the total lack of guidelines for enforcement of this purported violations, creates a predicament ripe

for arbitrary and erratic enforcement where there are no standards sufficiently articulated to constitute a judicially reviewable discretion. *Id.* at 659 (distinguishing the result in *Morey's Lounge, Inc. v. Department of Business and Professional Regulation*, 673 So. 2d 538 (Fla. 4th DCA 1996).

Respondent takes exception to the penalty, insofar as it is imposed for the violations of sections 456.072(1)(k) and 458.331(1)(g), Florida Statutes, because it gives the Board carte blanche to impose penalties on a physician's license for the violation of any legal duty not enumerated in the rule, without meaningful notice of likely penalties and without a mechanism in place to ensure that such penalties would be consistently applied by the Board. Arias, 710 So. 2d at 659. For this reason, the Board should reconsider the Administrative Law Judge's recommended penalty and reduce it proportionately downward.

Penalty Exception 2. Respondent takes exception to the proposed penalty of the Administrative Law Judge as she failed to acknowledge and consider the mitigating factors in the record before her.

This Board's Rule on disciplinary guidelines further states:

Based upon consideration of ... mitigating factors present in an individual case, the Board may deviate from the penalties recommended [in the disciplinary ranges].

64B8-8.001(3), F.A.C. Respondent takes Exception to the proposed penalty because the Administrative Law Judge did not acknowledge and consider the mitigating factors in the record before her in formulating her proposed penalty. Those mitigating factors should have included the following:

- 1. Respondent has been continuously licensed since 1982, in other states and then in Florida (Hearing Transcript, p. 18, lines 4-18);
- 2. He has never been before this Board, or any other licensing board for the same offenses that were alleged in this case (Hearing Transcript, p. 20, lines 6-19).;

- Further, his license was "clear/active" at the time that the
 Department Secretary issued its Order of Emergency
 Suspension of the License on August 10, 2006. on the same
 allegations that make up the Administrative Complaint in this
 case;
- 4. There was no patient harm herein; in fact, the record evidence is that Patient R.W. suffered no post-procedure sequelae, and was grateful for the compassionate care provided by Respondent (Joint Exh. 4, p. 70: "R. underwent a late second trimester termination of a non-viable infant ... the termination went uneventfully..." and "On exam there is no evidence of cervical trauma." See also Joint. Exh. 7, Deposition of Patient R.W., p. 39, lines 5-6 ("Q Were you satisfied with the outcome? A Yes."), see also, p. 97-98, lines 24-3.
- 5. The medical facts surrounding Patient R.W.'s termination and the uncertainty in the data used to determine fetal age was an isolated instance, and there was no evidence presented at hearing of any other similar circumstances.

In addition to the mitigation as set forth above which tracks many of those set forth in the Board's rule, another mitigating factor is the unusual combination of medical facts in Patient R.W.'s case. The lack of early prenatal data upon which to base gestation determinations due to the patient's history of rigorous athletic training, the lack of amniotic fluid making accurate sonographic assessment impossible; the widely variable sonographic measurements recorded in this record; the multiplicity of the fetal anomalies; and the non-viability of the fetus all frame a situation that defies the exactitude that should be required when the Department makes allegations that place a physicians' license in jeopardy. That this was a compassionate termination to protect the health of the mother is not in dispute on this record. A physician should not be excessively punished for acting in his patient's best interests based upon data that cannot be more exact due to the medical presentation and circumstances of the patient.

For the foregoing mitigating factors and due to the unusual combination of medical factors in this case, the Board should decrease the penalty recommended by the Administrative Law Judge downward.

Penalty Exception 3. Respondent takes exception to the recommended penalty of the Administrative Law Judge because it does not give him credit for the fifteen months (15) that Respondent has been suspended under the Department's Order of Emergency Suspension of August 10, 2006 on these cases.

The Secretary of the Department of Health issued her Order of Emergency Suspension of the License (ESO) on August 10, 2006. That ESO alleged substantially the same facts and law that are set forth in the Administrative Complaint in Department of Health Case Nos. 2004-39923 (relating to Patient T.D.) and 2005-67224.

This Board's has established a practice of giving credit for "time served" under an emergency suspension order to physicians. An agency abuses its discretion by failing to consider its own prior case law because to do so is "[i]consistent with officially stated agency policy or a prior agency practice" unless it is explained by the agency. See Nordheim v. Department of Environmental Protection, 719 So. 2d 1212 (Fla. 3d DCA 1998)(and cases cited therein). See, e.g. Department of Health v. Rolando R. Sanchez, M.D., Final Order No. DOH-99-0343-FOF-MQA (March 31, 1999)(attached).

Should the Board <u>not</u> grant this Exception, Respondent will actually serve a penalty of suspension of at least two (2) years and three (3) months. Such a result is a *de facto* increase in the penalty imposed by the Administrative Law Judge and is not warranted on the facts of this case — which demonstrate an extremely "close" call on a late-second trimester pregnancy — and the record before the Administrative Law Judge.

The failure to give credit for "time served" in this case would place the period of suspension high in the penalty ranges for the violations found by the Administrative Law Judge, and essentially would be an increase in the penalty provided by the Administrative Law Judge, for which the Board would have to cite to the record in justification. For this reason, and the

foregoing, the Board should grant this exception, and should the Board imposes a period of suspension, such suspension should provide Respondent with credit for time he has already served under the Department's Emergency Order of August 10, 2006.

Penalty Exception 4. Respondent takes exception to any assessment of the Department's "costs" under section 456.072(4), Florida Statutes, in this case.

Finally, as to penalty, Respondent asserts and incorporates by reference all arguments regarding penalty that are set forth in his Response and Objections to the Department's Motion to Assess Costs In Accordance With Section 456.072(4), filed this date.

WHEREFORE, Respondent respectfully requests that the foregoing Exceptions to the Recommended Order be granted and modifications to the Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Recommended Penalty of the Administrative Law Judge be made in accordance with the argument herein.

Respectfully submitted,

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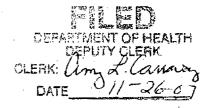
(850) 681-6036 (fax)

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a true and correct copy of the foregoing Exceptions to Recommended Order with attached Final Order in *Department of Health v. Rolando R. Sanchez, M.D.*, Final Order No. DOH-99-0343-FOF-MQA (March 31, 1999) was forwarded by electronic transmission for filing to R. Sam Power, Clerk, Department of Health. 4052 Bald Cypress Way, Bin C-01, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-3201 and to Irving Levine, Assistant General Counsel, Department of Health, Prosecution Services Unit, 4052 Bald Cypress Way, Bin C-65, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-3265, with a hard copy to follow by overnight mail delivery, this 12th day of November, 2007.

Kathryn L. Kaspyzak, Esquire

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH BOARD OF MEDICINE



DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH,

Petitioner,

V.

DOAH CASE NO.: 06-4288PL DOH CASE NOS.: 2004-39923

and 2005-67224

JAMES S. PENDERGRAFT, IV, M.D.,

Respondent.

PETITIONER'S RESPONSE TO RESPONDENT'S EXCEPTIONS TO THE RECOMMENDED ORDER

COMES NOW Petitioner, Department of Health, and submits its Response to Respondent's Exceptions to the Recommended Order issued in the above referenced case by the Administrative Law Judge (ALJ), and in support thereof, states as follows:

PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

Section 120.57(1), Florida Statutes, as amended, and recent case law have clarified the authority of a reviewing Board under the Administrative

Procedures Act. The Board may reject or modify conclusions of law over which it has substantive jurisdiction and interpretations of administrative rules over which it has substantive jurisdiction. The Board of Medicine is vested by the laws of Florida with the authority to interpret and apply such laws, regulations and policies as are applicable to programs within the Board's regulatory sphere. Thus, the Board is not bound by conclusions of law set forth in the Recommended Order to the extent that those conclusions do not represent a reasonable interpretation of the laws, regulations and policies within the Board's realm of expertise. See Barfield v. Department of Health, 805 So.2d 1008 (Fla. 1st DCA 2001); Humana, Inc. v. DHRS, 492 So.2d 388, 392 (Fla. 4th DCA 1986); Bayonet Point Regional Medical Center v. DHRS, 516 So.2d 995 (Fla. 1st DCA 1987); and Pan Am World Airways v. Florida Public Service Commission, 427 So.2d 716 (Fla. 1983). To the extent that the conclusions of law in the Recommended Order are incorrect interpretations of law, regulations and policies within the exclusive purview of the Board of Medicine, they can be rejected and the Board can adopt conclusions of law that accurately reflect the proper interpretation of the applicable law and rules. However, the Board must:

- a.) State with particularity its reasons for rejecting or modifying such conclusions of law or interpretation of administrative rule, and
- b.) Make a finding that the substituted conclusion of law or interpretation of administrative rule is as or more reasonable than that which was rejected or modified.

RESPONSE TO EXCEPTIONS

Respondent sets out eight exceptions to the findings of fact, twelve exceptions to the conclusions of law, two exceptions to the denial of attorney's fees and four exceptions to the proposed penalties in the Recommended Order. The following is Petitioner's response to the correspondingly numbered Respondent's exceptions:

Findings of Fact

1. Respondent takes exception to paragraph 14 of the Recommended Order in which the Administrative Law Judge (ALJ) finds that Dr. Pendergraft's notes stated that the sonogram showed growth restriction of the fetus. Respondent asserts that this finding is not supported by competent substantial evidence in the record as this reflects an unsupported and incorrect assumption made by the ALJ.

The medical records for Patient R.W. from all of the physicians and hospitals that were involved in her care from June to July of 2005 were

admitted into evidence without objection. These records speak for themselves and constitute "competent substantial evidence in the record." The Respondent chose not to testify at the hearing, as did Dr. Perper, and these medical records are unrefutted. The ALJ's reading of them is reasonable and the interpretation or limitation to their meaning as offered by Respondent is not more compelling. This exception should be rejected by the Board.

2. Respondent takes exception to paragraph 15 where the ALJ finds that on one of the Orlando Women's Clinic (OWC) forms it is noted that the patient was evaluated on July 7, 2005 and found to be 27 to 28 weeks pregnant, which is 25 to 26 weeks from conception and that finding is not supported by competent substantial evidence in the record. Petitioner restates and incorporates into this response the response made in paragraph 1 above.

Further, that finding of fact is supported by the Petitioner's expert testimony as well as all six sets of medical records, not just the OWC documents. Dr. Gomez provided a clear and cogent explanation that this fetus was suffering from placental insufficiency, and as evidenced by head versus body size, that it was significantly underweight. (Tr. pg. 45-54, 59-

64, 261-272) Based upon all the information available, Dr. Gomez observed that the head size indicated a 30+ week fetus but opined on the record that, conservatively, the age of this fetus <u>from conception</u> was 27 to 29 weeks. (See, R.O. finding of fact 22 and Joint Ex. 1, pg. 51; Tr. pg. 43-54, 61-64, 85-87, 88-95, 145-149)

It is a reasonable inference, and without contradictory testimony in the record, for the ALJ to conclude that when Dr. Pendergraft signed the OWC document, he concurred with what was written. This exception should be rejected by the Board.

- 3. Respondent takes exception to paragraph 19 of the Recommended Order in which the ALJ states that the form listed the preoperative estimate of gestational age to be 28 weeks, which would be 26 weeks from conception, that Dr. Pendergraft was one of the signatories on the form, but contends that this finding is not supported by competent substantial evidence in the record. Again, Petitioner restates and incorporates into this response the responses made in paragraphs 1 and 2 above. This exception should be rejected by the Board.
- 4. Respondent takes exception to paragraph 21 of the Recommended Order in which the ALJ states that both Dr. Pendergraft and

his associate, Dr. Perper <u>felt</u> that, preoperatively, the destational age of the fetus was between 27 and 28 weeks and contends that this finding is not supported by competent substantial evidence in the record as there is no testimony in this record as to what either Dr. Perper or Dr. Pendergraft "felt." Petitioner restates and incorporates into this response the response made in paragraph 1 above and in particular that the ALJ's interpretations of the medical records in evidence were reasonable and that the Respondent chose not to testify to clarify his medical records for Patient R.W.

Also, in this exception, Respondent left out the remainder of the ALJ's sentence in the R.O. paragraph 21 that notwithstanding that Respondent and Dr. Perper had recorded a gestational age or 27-28 weeks, he did not transfer the patient to a hospital. That is the crux of this finding of fact, not how they felt. This exception should be rejected by the Board.

5. Respondent takes exception to paragraph 23 of the Recommended Order in that the ALJ asserts that Respondent's expert, Dr. Plotkin formed his opinion that Patient R. W. was a second trimester pregnancy was based solely on the combined fetal and placental weight at

the time of delivery and contends that there is not competent substantial evidence in the record that his opinion was based solely on this fact.

First, the ALJ did not state that Dr. Plotkin's opinion was "based solely" on the combined fetal and placental weight. Nonetheless, Dr. Plotkin repeatedly contended that due to the lack of amniotic fluid, all four sets of sonograms were useless and the weight of the product of conception was the only reliable basis for determining fetal age. (Tr. pg. 193-197, 206, 261-272) The other evidence referenced by Respondent in the exception is the OWC recorded BPD measurement of 6.7. But that measurement had been interpreted by the Respondent and Dr. Perper, as recorded on the OWC form, as 27-28 weeks gestational age, and Dr. Plotkin had already discounted the reliability of all the sonogram readings, including presumably, this one.

The ALJ's assessment of Dr. Plotkin's opinion testimony is reasonable and this doctor's assessment of the fetal age is rebutted by the medical records and the expert testimony of Dr. Gomez which are "competent substantial evidence in the record." This exception should be rejected by the Board.

- 6. Respondent takes exception to paragraph 24 of the Recommended Order due to the manner in which the ALJ characterized the credentials and experience of Respondent's expert, Dr. Warsof. It is the ALJ's responsibility to assess the credibility of conflicting expert opinions. Clearly, the ALJ found the Petitioner's expert testimony to be more credible. However, the ALJ did not specifically conclude that this fetus was IUGR (i.e., growth restricted or retarded) but found in R.O. finding of fact 25 that it had not developed normally and was underweight for its age. This exception should be rejected by the Board.
- 7. Respondent takes exception to Finding of Fact 25 stating that the ALJ mischaracterized the opinions of Respondent's experts that this was a second trimester pregnancy based on the fetal/placental weight alone and further in assuming that the ALJ knows what Respondent's "impression" was at the time of the termination. Petitioner restates and incorporates into this response the responses made in paragraphs 1, 2, 5 and 6 above. This exception should be rejected by the Board.
- 8. Respondent takes exception to paragraph 26 in which the ALJ finds that the medical records of Respondent do not evidence certification from two physicians that the termination performed was necessary to

preserve the health of R.W. The record is clear and uncontroverted that there is no specified format for this certification and no requirement that it be contained in both consulting physicians records.

The AJL agreed that there is no specific certification format required but did find that the medical records did not contain two physician signatures on (either one or two) certifications of the medical necessity or emergency justifying the performance of this third trimester abortion. This exception should be rejected by the Board.

Exceptions to Conclusions of Law

1. Respondent takes exception to Conclusions of Law 33-40, and 42, because, based on the foregoing Exceptions to the Findings of Fact, the termination of R.W.'s fetus did not occur in the third trimester, and therefore, there was no competent substantial evidence for the ALJ to find violations of sections 456.072(1)(k) and 458.331(1)(g), (m), and (t), Florida Statutes. This exception is dependant upon the Board's acceptance of the exceptions to the findings of fact. Based upon the Petitioner's above responses, the Board should reject those eight findings of fact exceptions and then reject this exception to the nine conclusions of law paragraphs referenced above.

2. Respondent takes exception to Conclusions of Law 33-37 and 42, because, based on the foregoing Exceptions to the Findings of Fact herein, that <u>even assuming</u> the termination of R.W.'s fetus occurred in the third trimester, the performance of this termination was on a nonviable fetus and was an emergency due to maternal health concerns and, therefore, the ALJ improperly found violations of sections 456.072(1)(k) and 458.331(1)(g), (m), and (t), Florida Statutes.

The Florida Statutes do not include fetal viability as one of the criteria for a third trimester abortion. This exception is a constitutional challenge to the statute which neither DOAH nor the Board has jurisdiction or authority to entertain.

Furthermore, the unproven conclusion by Respondent that this was a non-viable fetus is not established by the record. To the contrary, Petitioner's expert stated that the abdominal anomaly of this fetus was usually reparable and placing Patient R.W. in the hospital and monitoring her and the fetus should have been the appropriate process to protect them both. (Tr. pg. 120-123, 155-161)

The patient's Ob/Gyn, Dr. P.C., testified that the lack of amniotic fluid could cause fetal demise, and if that should occur and were left untreated,

could pose a health risk to the mother. However, that condition had not materialized even two weeks later at the time of the abortion. Despite concerns about the risk of pre-natal demise, the records reveal that no measures were taken by the Ob/Gyn to monitor the mother/fetus between June 22 and July 7, the abortion date. (Joint Ex. 4, pg. 101-103; Resp. Ex. 4B, pg. 19-20, 25, 50-53) There was no signed certification by a second doctor in either the OWC or the Ob/Gyn records that Dr. P.C.'s concern caused the abortion to be necessary to safeguard the mother's life or health. This exception should be rejected by the Board.

3. Respondent takes exception to Conclusions of Law 33 to 37, because the ALJ found both a violation of section 456.072(1)(k) and of section 458.331(1)(g), each of which articulate violations for failing to perform a legal obligation placed upon a licensed physician, and alleging they are improperly duplicative.

A single inappropriate act by a physician can be a violation of more than one provision of law; *Department of Health v. Jerome Waters, M.D.*, DOAH Cases 04-0400PL and 2 others, Final Order #DOH-05-1747-FOF-MQA, affirmed on appeal in *Jerome Waters, M.D. v. Department of Health*, 962 So.2d 1011 (Fla. 3rd DCA 2007), see the Board's approval of the

Petitioner's exception to paragraph 190 of the Recommended Order; and Agency For Health Care Administration, Board Of Medicine, v. Jeffrey L. Katzell, M.D., 1995 WL 1052667 (Fla.Div.Admin.Hrgs.), see page 23, Rulings On Respondent's Exceptions To The Conclusions Of Law, exception number 3.

Here the Respondent's failure to perform a legal obligation violated each of the cited provisions. However, in the Amended Administrative Complaint there is only a single count encompassing the alleged violation of those two provisions. There is no substantive duplication of charges. This exception should be rejected by the Board.

4. Respondent takes exception to Conclusions of Law 33 to 37, contending that the Department and the Board have no prosecutorial or final agency action authority over the cited provisions of Chapter 390, Florida Statutes. The ALJ found that Respondent violated sections 456.072(1)(k) and 458.331(1)(g), by failing to perform a legal obligation placed on a licensee, or a licensed physician, respectively, by performing an alleged third trimester pregnancy termination on Patient R.W. outside of a hospital, in violation of section 797.03(3), and without the certification of two physicians, as required in section 390.0111, Florida Statutes.

Petitioner asserts that Sections 456.072(1)(k) and 458.331(1)(g), Florida Statutes, are clear and unequivocal. A failure to perform any statutory or legal obligation placed on a licensed Florida physician is a violation of these sections, and Chapters 456 and 458, Florida Statutes, provide the Board of Medicine with disciplinary authority over the medical licensee. As a Florida physician regularly performing abortions, Dr. Pendergraft is obligated to comply with the "Termination of Pregnancy" statute (i.e., Chapter 390) and not doing so is a failure to perform a statutory or legal obligation.

AHCA's authority to enforce the provisions of chapter 390 does not encompass disciplining a licensed medical practitioner for violating a 390 subsection. It is the provisions of Chapter 456 and 458 that give exclusive disciplinary authority to the Board of Medicine, Department of Health. The Board is not dependent upon a delegation of enforcement authority by or through Chapter 390. This exception should be rejected by the Board.

5. Respondent takes exception to Conclusions of Law 33 to 37, contending that the Department and the Board have no prosecutorial or final action authority over criminal provisions of Chapter 797, Florida Statutes, and the exercise of same fails to provide Respondent with the

constitutional protections guaranteed in criminal prosecutions. Petitioner restates and incorporates into this response the response made to the exception to conclusions of law in paragraph 4, above.

In addition, in Florida, all licensed physicians are required to perform any appropriate third trimester abortion in a hospital. Not doing so is a failure to perform a statutory or legal obligation. Section 797.03(3), Florida Statues, makes it a crime to not do so. However, the Department is not enforcing the criminal statute; it is advocating licensure discipline by the Board under its specific statutory authority to discipline a physician for failure to perform that statutory obligation. The criminal enforcement authority for this section is with the State Attorney, not the Board or Department. Furthermore, the "clear and convincing evidence" burden of proof in this <u>disciplinary case</u> (not a criminal prosecution) as has been applied by the ALJ is the proper standard and not "beyond a reasonable doubt." Nor, for the same reasons, would there be a requirement to prove intent.

That section 737.03(3) applies to all persons, not just physicians, is not relevant. While it is a crime for anyone to perform a third trimester abortion outside of a hospital, it is unquestionably a failure to perform a

statutory obligation for a physician to do so. In addition to any criminal action, the physician's license would also be subject to discipline. This exception should be rejected by the Board.

- 6. Respondent takes exception to Conclusions of Law 33 to 37, contending that there is no competent, substantial evidence in the record regarding "intent", an essential element of the charged violation of section 797.03, Florida Statutes. This is not a criminal prosecution and Petitioner restates and incorporates into this response the responses made to the exceptions to conclusions of law in paragraphs 4 and 5, above. This exception should be rejected by the Board.
- 7. Respondent takes exception to Conclusions of Law 37 to 39 relating to the medical records violation of section 458.331(1)(m), Florida Statutes, contending that the Department and the Board do not have authority to enforce the "certification provision of Chapter 390." The issue is not enforcing a Chapter 390 provision. Without the required written certifying documentation executed pre-procedure, the ensuing course of medical treatment; i.e., the abortion, was not justified by the medical records. That is a violation of 458.331(1)(m). This exception should be rejected by the Board.

- 8. Respondent takes exception to Conclusions of Law 37 to 39, relating to the medical records violation of section 458.331(1)(m), Florida Statutes, contending that the ALJ erred in finding that Patient R.W.'s termination was in the third trimester and the "certification" requirements are imposed only on third trimester terminations. Petitioner restates and incorporates into this response the responses made to the exceptions to findings of fact in paragraphs 1-4 and 7, and conclusions of law in paragraph 7, above. This exception should be rejected by the Board.
- 9. Respondent takes exception to Conclusions of Law 37 to 39, relating to the section 458.331(1)(m) violation, contending that the AHCA Surveyor found the "certification" requirements had been met, and the ALJ interpreted the requirement differently from the interpretation of AHCA, the agency charged with interpreting and enforcing the certification provisions of Chapter 390.

AHCA is not the agency responsible for disciplining physicians who have violated Chapter 456 or 458; that is in the jurisdiction of the Department of Health and the Board of Medicine. Within the OWC and Dr. P.C. medical records for Patient R.W., there is either no or insufficient documentation of two physicians having made or signed the required

written certification. The AHCA Surveyor report is not documentary evidence that would satisfy this requirement. In fact, the Surveyor report is hearsay and Respondent could have called the surveyor to testify so that she would be subject to cross examination as to which were the document(s) in the medical records upon which she relied.

In actuality, the Petitioner contends that the Surveyor misread or misconstrued the July 7, 2005, Progress Note (Joint Exhibit 1, page 54) since it neither contains two signatures nor has a legible written statement that the termination of this pregnancy was necessary to save the life or preserve the health of the pregnant women or was a medical emergency. This exception should be rejected by the Board.

10. Respondent takes exception to Conclusions of Law 37 to 39 relating to section 458.331(1)(m) records violation, contending that the United States Supreme Court has found a substantially similar "certification" provision to be unconstitutional. The *Bolton* case cited by Respondent can be distinguished factually in that it did not specifically deal with a third trimester abortion. But more important at this juncture is that neither DOAH nor this Board has authority or jurisdiction to rule on the

constitutionality of a Florida Statute. This exception should be rejected by the Board.

- 11. Respondent takes exception to Conclusions of Law 40 and 42 contending that the ALJ departed from the essential requirements of law by finding that the termination of Patient R.W.'s fetus was a third trimester termination. Respondent's exception exclusively relies upon the arguments previously made in the earlier exceptions and Petitioner also relies on its prior responses thereto. This exception should be rejected by the Board.
- 12. Respondent takes exception to Conclusions of Law 40 and 42 contending that the enumerated items alleged as violations of the standard of care under section 458.331(1)(t) are all legal obligations and are not within the statutory definition of the "practice of medicine."

The ALJ found four bases for concluding that Respondent violated the standard of care. Any one of those reasons should be sufficient to sustain that conclusion. Not putting the patient into a hospital before performing a third trimester abortion and performing said abortion at the OWC facility are both directly related to proper medical treatment and are not merely documentation.

The ALJ concluded that the standard of care for performing a third trimester abortion is set forth in Sections 390.0111 and 797.03, Florida Statutes. Further, the Department medical expert stated that complying with Florida law in performing medical services is within the standard of care. Petitioner contends that maintaining records that justify the course of treatment are an integral part of the ongoing treatment of a patient as they provide a history of symptoms and prior treatment so that inappropriate treatment (such as contraindicated medications or procedures that may require pre-operative preparation) is not undertaken.

The *Barr* case cited by Respondent is distinguishable. In reaching its decision in *Barr*, the court stated, "We believe there is a significant difference between improperly diagnosing a patient... and properly diagnosing a patient, yet failing to properly document the actions taken on the patient's chart...." In this case, the Respondent's action required compliance with a *condition precedent*, i.e., the preparation of a preprocedure, written certification signed by two physicians attesting to the medical necessity of the procedure to protect the mother's health. Proceeding with the abortion without satisfying that pre-condition was

found by the ALJ to be a below the standard of care. This exception should be rejected by the Board.

Exceptions to Denial of Attorney's Fees

1. Respondent takes exception to the ALJ's denial of attorney's fees and costs claiming error as a matter of law in interpreting the definition of "nonprevailing adverse party" under section 120.595(1)(e)3, Florida Statutes. Respondent relies upon and incorporates by reference his Motion before DOAH as the basis for this exception.

First, the ALJ held that the Motion for Attorney's Fees was fatally flawed by the fact that the Petitioner (the Department) is not a "nonprevailing adverse party" as required by Section 120.595(1)(e)3. Petitioner recommends that the Board accept the ALJ's decision. Secondly, for our responses on the merits, the Department also incorporates by reference its two DOAH documents filed on October 3 and 9, 2007. This exception should be rejected by the Board.

2. Respondent takes exception to the denial of attorney's fees and costs claiming error as a matter of law by the ALJ not setting a hearing for the purposes of taking evidence to determine whether Respondent was entitled to attorney's fees and costs under section 120.595(1)(e)3, Florida

Statutes. Petitioner restates and incorporates into this response the response made in paragraph 1 of the exceptions to denial of attorney's fees, above. This exception should be rejected by the Board.

Exceptions to the Proposed Penalty

- 1. Respondent take exception to the proposed Penalty contending that the Board has no penalty guidelines set forth in its rules for violations of Chapters 390 and 797, Florida Statutes, as required by section 456.079, Florida Statutes, and precedent set forth in *Arias v. Dep't of Business and Prof'l Regulation*, 710 So.2d 655, 658 (Fla. 3d DCA), cause dismissed, 718 So.2d 167 (Fla. 1998). For the same reason set forth in the Respondent's exception, specifically, the referral to Rule 64B8-8001(g), F.A.C., a guideline for an offense not specifically listed is contained therein, and this exception should be denied. Further, the ALJ sustained three counts finding that the Respondent violated four statutory provisions, yet recommended only a \$10,000 fine, an amount that could have been assessed for any one of the violations. This exception should be rejected by the Board.
- 2. Respondent takes exception to the proposed penalty for the assumed failure by the ALI to consider the mitigating factors in the record. The ALI is not obligated to delineate the factors taken into consideration in

recommending a penalty; nonetheless, the ALJ physiously did so in recommending only a \$10,000 fine when \$10,000 per count (for a total of \$30,000) could have been recommended. Each of the other recommended penalty items is modest in severity considering that license revocation or a longer suspension and probation were within the guidelines. This exception should be rejected by the Board.

3. Respondent takes exception to the recommended penalty because it does not give him credit for the fifteen months (15) that Respondent has been suspended under the Department's Order of Emergency Suspension of August 10, 2006. Respondent then claims there is an established practice by the Board of giving credit for "time served."

The Department often recommends and the Board often agrees when considering a settlement to credit time served. However, in a Recommended Order from a DOAH formal hearing, the Board's usual practice is to initiate the recommended penalty on or after it files a Final Order. Consistent with that practice, the Board should initiate the one year suspension from the filing date of the Final Order. This exception should be rejected by the Board.

4. Respondent takes exception to any assessment of the Department's costs under section 456.072(4), Florida Statutes. By separate pleading, the Respondent sets forth six objections to the Department's Motion to Assess Costs. The Petitioner's response to those objections is set forth in a separate responsive pleading that is incorporated herein by reference. Those Objections should be addressed and then a ruling made to this exception. This exception should be rejected by the Board.

WHEREFORE, Petitioner respectfully requests that this Honorable Board deny each of the Respondent's exceptions in this case.

Respectfully Submitted,

Irving Levin∉

Assistant General Counsel

DOH Prosecution Services Unit

4052 Bald Cypress Way, Bin C-65

Tallahassee, FL 32399-3265

Florida Bar # 0822957

(850) 245-4640 X8128

(850) 245-4681 FAX

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a true and correct copy of the foregoing has
been furnished via: ☐ postage-paid U.S. Mail, ☐ Hand-Delivery, ☐ E-mail
and/or Facsimile Transmission to Kenneth J. Metzger, Esq., Fowler,
White, Boggs, Banker, P.A., P.O. Box 11240, Tallahassee, Florida 32302,
and Kathryn Kasprzak, Esq. Fowler White Boggs Banker, P.A. 200 S.
Orange Avenue, Suite 1950, Orlando, Florida 32801, this day of
November, 2007.

Irving Levine
Assistant General Counsel

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH BOARD OF MEDICINE



DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH,

Petitioner,

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DOH CASE NO. 2005-67224 DOAH CASE NO. 06-4288PL

JAMES S. PENDERGRAFT, IV, M.D.

Respondent.

MOTION TO ASSESS COSTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 456.072(4)

COMES NOW the Department of Health, by and through undersigned counsel, and moves the Board of Medicine for the entry of a Final Order assessing costs against the Respondent for the investigation and prosecution of this case in accordance with Section 456.072(4), Florida Statutes (2005). As grounds therefore, the Petitioner states the following:

- At its next regularly scheduled meeting, the Board of Medicine will take up for consideration the above-styled disciplinary action and will enter a Final Order therein.
 - 2. Section 456.072(4), Florida Statutes (2005), states as follows:

 In addition to any other discipline imposed through final order, or citation, entered on or after July 1, 2001, pursuant to this section or discipline imposed through

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final order, or citation, entered on or after July 1, 2001, for a violation of any practice act, the board, or the department when there is not board, shall assess costs related to the investigation and prosecution of the case. Such costs related to the investigation and prosecution include, but are not limited to, salaries and benefits of personnel, costs related to the time spent by the attorney and other personnel working on the case, and any other expenses incurred by the department for the case. The board, or the department when there is no board, shall determine the amount of costs to be assessed after its consideration of an affidavit of itemized costs and any written objections thereto. . . .

- 3. The investigation and prosecution of this case has resulted in costs in the total amount of \$81,123.41, based on the following itemized statement of costs:
 - a. Total costs for Complaints \$29.91
 - b. Total costs for Investigations \$3,372.39
 - c. Total costs for Legal \$64,455.15
 - d. Total expenses \$13,265.96

The Petitioner seeks an assessment of costs against the Respondent in the amount of \$81,123.41, as evidenced in the attached affidavit. (Exhibit A).

4. Should the Respondent file written objections to the assessment of costs, within ten (10) days of the date of this motion, specifying the grounds for the objections and the specific elements of the costs to which the objections are made, the Petitioner requests that the Board determine the amount of costs to be assessed based upon its

consideration of the affidavit attached as Exhibit A and any timely-filed written objections.

5. Petitioner requests that the Board grant this motion and assess costs in the amount of \$81,123.41 as supported by competent, substantial evidence. This assessment of costs is in addition to any other discipline imposed by the Board and is in accordance with Section 456.072(4), Florida Statutes (2005).

WHEREFORE, the Department of Health requests that the Board of Osteopathic Medicine enter a Final Order assessing costs against the Respondent in the amount of \$81,123.41.

DATED this 1st day of November, 2007.

Respectfully submitted,

Irving Levine

Assistant General Counsel

-DOH-Prosecution Services Unit

4052 Bald Cypress Way, Bin C-65

Tallahassee, FL 32399-3265

Florida Bar # 0233285

(850) 245-4640 Business

(850) 245-4680 Facsimile

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a true and correct copy of the foregoing has been furnished via: ☑ postage-paid U.S. Mail, ☐ Hand-Delivery, ☐ E-mail and/or ☐ Facsimile Transmission to Kenneth J. Metzger, Esq. at Fowler, White, Boggs, Banker, P.A., P.O. Box 11240, Tallahassee, Florida 32302, and Kathryn Kasprzak, Esq. at Fowler, White, Boggs, Banker, P.A., 200 S. Orange Avenue, Suite 1950, Orlando, Florida 32801, this _______ day of November, 2007.

Irving Levin∉

Assistant General Counsel

AFFIDAVIT OF FEES AND COSTS EXPENDED

STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF LEON:

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, personally appeared JAMES R. COOKSEY, who was sworn and states as follows:

- 1) My name is James R. Cooksey.
- 2) I am over the age of 18, competent to testify, and make this affidavit upon my own personal knowledge and after review of the records at the Florida Department of Health (DOH).
- 3) I am an Operations Management Consultant for the Consumer Services Unit for DOH. The Consumer Services Unit is where all complaints against Florida health care licensees (e.g., medical doctors, dentists, nurses, respiratory therapists) are officially filed. I have been in my current job position for more than one year. My business address is 4052 Bald Cypress Way, Bin C-75, Taliahassee, Florida 32399-3275.
- 4) As an Operations Management Consultant, my job duties include reviewing data in the Time Tracking System and verifying that the amounts correspond. The Time Tracking System is a computer program which records and tracks DOH's costs regarding the investigation and prosecution of cases against Florida health care licensees.
- 5) As of today, DOH's total costs for investigating and prosecuting DOH case number 2005-67224 (Department of Health v. James Scott Pendergraft, IV, M.D.) are eighty-one thousand one hundred and twenty-three dollars and forty-one cents (\$81,123.41).
- 6) The costs for DOH case number 2005-67224 (Department of Health v. James Scott Pendergraft, IV, M.D.) are summarized in Exhibit 1 (Cost Summary Report), which is attached to this document.
- 7) The Itemized costs and expenses for DOH case number 2005-67224 (Department of Health v. James Scott Pendergraft, IV, M.D.) are detailed in Exhibit 2 (Itemized Cost Report and Itemized Expense Report and receipts), which is attached to this document.
- 8) The itemized costs as reflected in Exhibit 2 are determined by the following method: DOH employees who work on cases daily are to keep track of their time in six-minute increments (e.g., investigators



1 of 2

and lawyers). A designated DOH employee in the Consumer Services Unit, Legal Department, and in each area office, inputs the time worked and expenses spent into the Time Tracking System. Time and expenses are charged against a state health care Board (e.g., Florida Board of Medicine, Florida Board of Dentistry, Florida Board of Osteopathic Medicine), and/or a case. If no Board or case can be charged, then the time and expenses are charged as administrative time. The hourly rate of each employee is calculated by formulas established by the Department. (See the Itemized Cost Report)

 James R. Cooksey, first being duly sworn, states that he has read the foregoing Affidavit and its attachments and the statements contained therein are true and correct to the best of his knowledge and belief.

FURTHER AFFIANT SAYETH NOT.

James R. Cooksey, Affiant

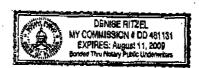
State of Florida County of Leon

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 2 5 day of Utoble, 2007, by James R. Cooksey, who is personally known to me.

Notary Signature

Name of Notary Printed

Stamp Commissioned Name of Notary Public:



Complaint Cost Summary Complaint Number: 200567224

Complainant's Name:

DOH/AREA 7

Subject's Name:

PENDERGRAFT, JAMES SCOTT IV

	***** Cost to	Date *****
	Hours	Costs
Complaint:	0.60	\$29.91
Investigation:	52.90	\$3,372.39
Legal:	486.55	\$64,455.15
Compliance:	0.00	\$0.00
	****	****
Sub Total:	540.05	\$67,857.45
Expenses to Date:		\$13,265.96
Prior Amount:		\$0.00
Total Costs to Date:		\$81,123.41

Itemized Cost by Complaint Time Tracking System

Complaint 200567224

Page 1 of 18

INITIAL REVIEW AND ANALYSIS OF COMPLAINT Activity Description ROUTINE INVESTIGATIVE WORK ROUTINE INVESTIGATIVE WORK TELEPHONE CALLS Activity Date Activity Code 23 23 10/24/2005 01/24/2007 2/02/2005 \$4.84 \$29.91 \$25.07 Ç \$50.13 Staff Rate INVESTIGATIVE SERVICES UNIT CONSUMER SERVICES UNIT Staff Code Activity Hours Report Date: 10/31/2007 0.60 Sub Total HA38 HA31

ROUTINE INVESTIGATIVE WORK

2/20/2005 01/04/2006

2/06/2005

ROUTINE INVESTIGATIVE WORK

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01/10/2006 01/17/2006 02/16/2006 02/17/2006 02/28/2006

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Time Tracking System Itemized Cost by Complaint

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Activity Description	ROUTINE INVESTIGATIVE WORK	ROUTINE INVESTIGATIVE WORK	ROUTINE INVESTIGATIVE WORK	REPORT PREPARATION	SUPPLEMENTAL INVESTIGATION	ROUTINE INVESTIGATIVE WORK	SUPPLEMENTAL INVESTIGATION	SUPPLEMENTAL INVESTIGATION	ROUTINE INVESTIGATIVE WORK	TRAVEL TIME	SUPPLEMENTAL INVESTIGATION	ROUTINE INVESTIGATIVE WORK	TRAVEL TIME	SUPPLEMENTAL INVESTIGATION	SUPPLEMENTAL INVESTIGATION	ROUTINE INVESTIGATIVE WORK	TRAVEL TIME	ROUTINE INVESTIGATIVE WORK	ROUTINE INVESTIGATIVE WORK	SUPPLEMENTAL INVESTIGATION	ROUTINE INVESTIGATIVE WORK	SUPPLEMENTAL INVESTIGATION	SUPPLEMENTAL INVESTIGATION	SUPPLEMENTAL INVESTIGATION	DEPOSITIONS					
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Florida Department of Health

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Time Tracking System Itemized Cost by Complaint

Complaint 200567224

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Activity Description Activity Date Activity Code Staff Rate Staff Code Activity Rours Report Date: 10/31/2007

PROSECUTION	PROSECUTION SERVICES UNIT	UNIT				
HT 96A	1.00	\$145.56	\$145.56	01/10/10	\$	LEGAL RESEARCH
H7.L24B	1.50	\$127.93	\$191.90	06/30/2006	22	REVIEW CASE FILE
HLL24B	0.50	\$127.93	\$63.97	06/30/2006	46	LEGAL RESEARCH
141.1248	0.30	\$127.93	\$38.38	07/05/2006	32	REVIEW CASE FILE
H1.1.24B	0.30	\$127.93	\$38.38	07/05/2006	97	PREPARE OR REVISE MEMORANDUM
HL124B	0.10	\$127.93	\$12.79	07/05/2006	2	CONFERENCES WITH LAWYERS
HLL10A	0.20	\$136.37	\$27.27	07/10/2006	35	TELEPHONE CALLS
HLLINA	0.40	\$136.37	\$54.55	9002/01/20	9	LEGAL ADVICEDISCUSSION - BOAKD OFFICE, DEFT STAFF OR ALLY GEN OFF
HLL24B	0.70	\$127.93	\$89.55	07/10/2006	2	CONFERENCES WITH LAWYERS
HLL10A	0.20	\$136.37	\$27.27	07/11/2006	35	TELEPHONE CALLS
HLL10A	0.20	\$136.37	\$27.27	9007/11//0	31	REVIEW LETTER
HLL.10A	0,40	\$136.37	\$54.55	07/13/2006	20	LEGAL ADVICE/DISCUSSION - BOARD OFFICE, DEPT STAFF OR ALLY GEN OFF.
HI,1.24B	0.20	\$127.93	\$25.59	07/19/2006	31	REVIEW LETTER
H1,124B	0.30	\$127.93	\$38.38	01/19/2006	2	CONFERENCES WITH LAWYERS
HLL10A	0.50	\$136.37	\$68.19	07/24/2006	\$	LEGAL ADVICEDISCUSSION - BOARD OFFICE, DEPT STAFF OR ALLY GEN OFF.
HLL24B	1.00	\$127.93	\$127.93	07/24/2006	5	CONFERENCES WITH LAWYERS
HLL.10A	0.20	\$136.37	\$27.27	07/25/2006	32	TELEPHONE CALLS
HEL10A	0.20	\$136.37	\$27.27	07/25/2006	\$	SUPPLEMENTAL INVESTIGATION
HLL24B	0.30	\$127.93	\$38.38	907/31/2006	22	REVIEW CASE FILE
HUL24B	0.50	\$127.93	\$63.97	07/31/2006	315	CONTACT WITH INVESTIGATORS
HLL24B	0.20	\$127.93	\$25.59	007/31/2006	. 02	CONFERENCES WITH LAWYERS
HLL24B	0.10	\$127.93	\$12.79	9002/18//0	29	CONFERENCES WITH LAWYERS
HLL24B	0.40	\$127.93	\$51.17	01/31/2006	뜛	ESO/ERO
HLL24B	0.20	\$127.93	\$25.59	9007/15/10	20	CONFERENCES WITH LAWYERS
HLL24B	0.50	\$127.93	\$63.97	07/31/2006	20	CONFERENCES WITH LAWYERS
HLL 10A	2.10	\$136.37	\$286.38	08/01/2006	8	ESO/ERO
HLL10A	0.60	\$136.37	281.83	08/01/2006	\$	LEGAL RESEARCH
HLL10A	0.50	\$136.37	\$68.19	08/02/2006		ESO/ERO
F32.10A	0.20	\$136.37	\$27.27	08/02/2006	64	LEGAL ADVICE/DISCUSSION - BOARD OFFICE, DEFT STAFF OR ALLI OCHIO
HLC10A	0.20	\$136.37	\$27.27	08/02/2006	33	TELEPHONE CALLS
HLJ.24B	0.20	\$127.93	\$25.59	02/02/2008	12	REVIEW CASE FILE

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Time Tracking System Itemized Cost by Complaint

Complaint 200567224

Page 5 of 18

HL1208	Staff Code	Shaff Code Activity Hours	Staff Rate	Cost	Activity Date	Activity Code	le Activity Description
0.10 \$128.63 \$12.86 082A/2006 35 3.20 \$128.63 \$411.62 082A/2006 46 2.50 \$123.94 \$309.85 082A/2006 70 2.20 \$123.94 \$309.85 082A/2006 54 0.20 \$136.37 \$27.27 082A/2006 64 0.50 \$136.37 \$27.27 082A/2006 64 0.50 \$136.37 \$27.27 082A/2006 64 0.50 \$123.94 \$27.07 082A/2006 64 1.70 \$123.94 \$210.70 082A/2006 54 1.15 \$123.94 \$210.70 082A/2006 54 1.15 \$123.94 \$210.70 082A/2006 54 5.00 \$123.94 \$21.17 082A/2006 54 6.50 \$123.94 \$263.17 082A/2006 54 6.50 \$123.94 \$24.79 082A/2006 54 6.50 \$123.94 \$24.79 082A/2006	HL LZ0B	0.15	\$128.63	\$19.29	08/24/2006	8	CONFERENCES WITH LAWYERS
3.20 \$128.63 \$411.62 08244/2006 46 2.50 \$123.94 \$309.85 0824/2006 70 2.20 \$123.94 \$272.67 0824/2006 54 0.20 \$136.37 \$27.27 0824/2006 64 0.20 \$136.37 \$27.27 0825/2006 64 0.50 \$123.94 \$270.70 0825/2006 64 1.70 \$123.94 \$210.70 0825/2006 64 1.15 \$123.94 \$210.70 0825/2006 54 1.15 \$123.94 \$210.70 0825/2006 54 1.15 \$123.94 \$210.70 0825/2006 54 1.15 \$123.94 \$210.70 0825/2006 54 1.16 \$123.94 \$100.20 \$100.20 \$100.20 2.10 \$123.94 \$100.70 08228/2006 54 100.20 2.10 \$123.94 \$100.70 08228/2006 54 100.20 2.10 \$123.94	HLL20B	0.10	\$128.63	\$12.86	08/24/2006	35	TELEPHONE CALLS
2.50 \$123.94 \$309.85 08/24/2006 70 2.20 \$123.94 \$272.77 08/24/2006 54 1 0.20 \$136.37 \$27.27 08/24/2006 64 1 0.20 \$136.37 \$27.27 08/24/2006 64 1 0.60 \$127.93 \$63.97 08/25/2006 64 1 0.50 \$127.93 \$63.97 08/25/2006 64 1 1.70 \$122.94 \$210.70 08/25/2006 54 1 1.15 \$122.94 \$210.70 08/25/2006 54 1 5.00 \$128.63 \$578.84 08/25/2006 54 1 6.40 \$122.94 \$210.70 08/28/2006 54 1 6.50 \$122.94 \$513.79 08/28/2006 54 1 6.50 \$127.93 \$643.15 08/28/2006 54 1 6.50 \$127.93 \$64.31 08/28/2006 54 1	HLL20B	3.20	\$128.63	\$411.62	08/24/2006	4	LEGAL RESEARCH
2.20 \$123.94 \$272.77 08/24/2006 \$4 0.20 \$136.37 \$272.77 08/24/2006 \$64 2.40 \$136.37 \$272.77 08/24/2006 \$64 0.50 \$127.93 \$76.76 08/25/2006 \$64 4.50 \$127.93 \$76.76 08/25/2006 \$64 4.50 \$123.94 \$210.70 08/25/2006 \$64 1.15 \$123.94 \$210.70 08/25/2006 \$64 1.15 \$128.63 \$578.84 08/25/2006 \$64 1.0 \$128.63 \$578.14 08/25/2006 \$64 0.50 \$128.63 \$578.14 08/25/2006 \$64 0.40 \$127.93 \$56.19 08/28/2006 \$70 0.50 \$128.63 \$54.31 08/28/2006 \$70 0.50 \$127.93 \$56.37 08/28/2006 \$70 0.50 \$128.63 \$54.31 08/28/2006 \$70 0.40 \$123.94 \$21.79.71 <	HL1,33B	2.50	\$123.94	\$309.85	08/24/2006	70	CONFERENCES WITH LAWYERS
0.20 \$136.37 \$27.27 08/24/2006 64 1 2.40 \$136.37 \$237.29 08/25/2006 64 1 0.50 \$127.93 \$76.76 08/25/2006 64 1 0.50 \$127.93 \$76.76 08/25/2006 64 1 0.50 \$128.63 \$578.84 08/25/2006 54 1 1.15 \$123.94 \$210.70 08/25/2006 54 1 4.50 \$123.94 \$142.53 08/25/2006 54 1 5.00 \$123.94 \$142.53 08/28/2006 54 1 6.50 \$123.94 \$643.15 08/28/2006 54 1 6.50 \$123.94 \$643.15 08/28/2006 54 1 6.50 \$123.94 \$643.15 08/28/2006 54 1 6.50 \$123.94 \$18/24/2006 54 1 1 6.50 \$123.94 \$243.17 08/28/2006 70 0 <td>HLL33B</td> <td>2.20</td> <td>\$123.94</td> <td>\$272.67</td> <td>08/24/2006</td> <td>\$</td> <td>PREPARE OR REVISE BRIEF</td>	HLL33B	2.20	\$123.94	\$272.67	08/24/2006	\$	PREPARE OR REVISE BRIEF
2.40 \$136.37 \$327.29 08/25/2006 64 1 0.50 \$127.93 \$76.76 08/25/2006 64 1 0.50 \$127.93 \$76.76 08/25/2006 64 1 4.50 \$128.63 \$578.84 08/25/2006 54 1 1.15 \$123.94 \$210.70 08/25/2006 54 1 4.50 \$128.63 \$578.84 08/25/2006 54 1 5.00 \$123.94 \$210.70 08/25/2006 54 1 6.50 \$123.63 \$643.15 08/25/2006 54 1 6.50 \$123.54 \$643.15 08/28/2006 54 1 6.50 \$123.34 \$643.15 08/28/2006 54 1 6.50 \$123.94 \$179.71 08/28/2006 54 1 6.50 \$123.94 \$561.97 08/28/2006 54 1 6.50 \$123.94 \$543.70 08/28/2006 54 1 6.10 \$123.94 \$24.97 08/28/2006 70 0	HI.I.10A	0.20	\$136.37	\$27.27	08/24/2006	64	LEGAL ADVICE/DISCUSSION - BOARD OFFICE, DEPT STAFF OR ATTY GEN OFF
0.60 \$127.93 \$76.76 08/25/2006 115 0 0.50 \$127.93 \$63.97 08/25/2006 64 1 0.50 \$123.94 \$210.70 08/25/2006 54 1 1.15 \$123.94 \$210.70 08/25/2006 54 1 0.50 \$123.94 \$142.53 08/25/2006 54 1 0.50 \$123.63 \$578.84 08/25/2006 54 1 0.50 \$123.63 \$543.15 08/25/2006 54 1 0.50 \$123.63 \$543.15 08/25/2006 54 1 0.50 \$123.63 \$543.15 08/25/2006 64 1 0.50 \$123.63 \$543.15 08/28/2006 64 1 0.50 \$123.94 \$51.77 08/28/2006 70 0 0.50 \$123.94 \$2643.15 08/28/2006 70 0 0.50 \$123.94 \$260.27 08/28/2006 70 0 0.50 \$123.94 \$260.27 08/28/2006 70 0 0.50 \$123.94 \$260.27 08/28/2006 70 0 0.40 \$123.94 \$260.27 08/28/2006 70 0 0.40 \$123.94 \$260.27 08/28/2006 70 0 0.40 \$123.94 \$260.27 08/28/2006 70 0 0.50 \$128.63 \$51.17 08/28/2006 70 0 0.50 \$128.63 \$51.17 08/28/2006 70 0 0.50 \$128.63 \$52.16 08/29/2006 70 0 0.50 \$128.63 \$54.32 08/29/2006 70 0 0.50 \$128.63 \$52.16 08/29/2006 70 0 0.50 \$128.63 \$52.16 08/29/2006 70 0 0.50 \$128.63 \$532.16 08/29/2006 70 0 0.50 \$128.63 \$52.20 08/31/2006 70 0 0.50 \$128.63 \$52.20 08/31/2006 70 0 0.50 \$128.63 \$532.16 08/29/2006 70 0 0.50 \$128.63 \$532.16 08/29/2006 70 0 0.50 \$128.63 \$532.16 08/29/2006 70 0 0.50 \$128.63 \$532.16 08/29/2006 70 0 0.50 \$128.63 \$532.16 08/29/2006 70 0 0.50 \$128.63 \$532.16 08/29/2006 70 0 0.50 \$128.63 \$532.16 08/29/2006 70 0 0.50 \$128.63 \$532.16 08/29/2006 70 0 0.50 \$128.63 \$532.16 08/29/2006 70 0 0.50 \$128.63 \$532.16 08/29/2006 70 0 0.50 \$128.63 \$532.16 08/29/2006 70 0 0.50 \$128.63 \$532.16 08/29/2006 70 0 0.50 \$128.63 \$532.16 08/29/2006 70 0 0.50 \$136.37 \$532.80 08/31/2006 37 R0	HLLIDA	2.40	\$136.37	\$327.29	08/25/2006	Z	LEGAL ADVICE/DISCUSSION - BOARD OFFICE DEPT STAFF OR A TTY GEN OFF
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4.50 \$128.63 \$578.84 08/25/2006 54 1 1.10 \$123.94 \$210.70 08/25/2006 54 1 4.50 \$128.63 \$578.84 08/26/2006 54 1 5.00 \$128.63 \$578.84 08/26/2006 54 1 6.50 \$128.63 \$643.15 08/26/2006 54 1 6.50 \$128.63 \$643.15 08/26/2006 54 1 6.50 \$127.93 \$58.19 08/28/2006 70 6 6.50 \$127.93 \$63.97 08/28/2006 70 6 6.50 \$123.94 \$51.79 08/28/2006 70 6 6.50 \$123.94 \$51.79 08/28/2006 70 6 6.50 \$123.94 \$51.77 08/28/2006 70 6 6.20 \$123.94 \$24.79 08/28/2006 70 6 6.20 \$123.94 \$24.79 08/29/2006 70 6 6.20 \$123.94 \$24.79 08/29/2006 70 6 <td>HCL24B</td> <td>0.50</td> <td>\$127.93</td> <td>\$63.97</td> <td>08/25/2006</td> <td>64</td> <td>LEGAL ADVICE/DISCUSSION - BOARD OFFICE DEPT STAFF OR ATTY GEN OFF</td>	HCL24B	0.50	\$127.93	\$63.97	08/25/2006	64	LEGAL ADVICE/DISCUSSION - BOARD OFFICE DEPT STAFF OR ATTY GEN OFF
1.70 \$123.94 \$210.70 08/25/2006 54 1.15 \$123.94 \$142.53 08/25/2006 54 5.00 \$128.63 \$578.84 08/25/2006 54 5.00 \$128.63 \$543.15 08/27/2006 54 0.50 \$128.63 \$543.15 08/27/2006 64 0.50 \$127.93 \$51.17 08/28/2006 41 5.00 \$127.93 \$54.37 08/28/2006 41 1.45 \$128.63 \$643.15 08/28/2006 41 1.45 \$123.94 \$179.71 08/28/2006 70 0.50 \$123.94 \$56.97 08/28/2006 70 0.50 \$123.94 \$56.97 08/28/2006 70 0.20 \$123.94 \$24.79 08/28/2006 70 0.40 \$127.93 \$51.17 08/29/2006 70 0.40 \$127.93 \$51.17 08/29/2006 70 0.40 \$128.63 \$192.95 08/29/2006 70 0.25 \$128.63 \$192.95 08/29/2006 70 0.20 \$128.63 \$122.05 08/29/2006 70 0.20 \$128.63 \$122.05 08/29/2006 70 0.20 \$128.63 \$122.05 08/29/2006 70 0.20 \$128.63 \$122.05 08/29/2006 70 0.20 \$128.63 \$122.85 08/29/2006 70 0.20 \$128.63 \$122.85 08/29/2006 70 0.20 \$128.63 \$122.85 08/29/2006 70 0.20 \$128.63 \$122.85 08/29/2006 70 0.20 \$128.63 \$122.85 08/29/2006 70 0.20 \$128.63 \$122.85 08/29/2006 70 0.20 \$128.63 \$122.85 08/29/2006 70 0.20 \$128.63 \$128.83 09/07/2006 37 R	HLL20B	4.50	\$128.63	\$578.84	08/25/2005	54	PREPARE OR REVISE BRIEF
1.15 \$123.94 \$142.53 08/25/2006 54 4.50 \$128.63 \$578.84 08/25/2006 54 5.00 \$128.63 \$578.84 08/25/2006 54 0.50 \$126.37 \$58.19 08/28/2006 64 0.50 \$127.93 \$51.17 08/28/2006 41 1.45 \$121.93 \$63.97 08/28/2006 41 1.45 \$123.94 \$179.71 08/28/2006 55 1.45 \$123.94 \$179.71 08/28/2006 70 0.20 \$123.94 \$561.97 08/28/2006 70 0.20 \$123.94 \$561.97 08/28/2006 70 0.40 \$123.94 \$24.79 08/29/2006 70 0.40 \$127.93 \$51.17 08/29/2006 70 0.40 \$127.93 \$51.17 08/29/2006 70 0.40 \$128.63 \$192.95 08/29/2006 70 0.25 \$128.63 \$192.95 08/29/2006 70 0.20 \$128.63 \$192.95 08/29/2006 70 0.20 \$128.63 \$128.63 \$102.95 08/29/2006 0.20 \$128.63 \$128.63 \$102.95 08/29/2006 70 0.20 \$128.63 \$128.63 \$122.86 08/29/2006 70 0.20 \$128.63 \$128.63 \$122.86 08/29/2006 70 0.20 \$128.63 \$128.63 \$122.86 08/29/2006 70 0.20 \$128.63 \$128.85 08/29/2006 70 0.20 \$128.63 \$128.85 08/29/2006 37 0.20 \$128.63 \$136.37 \$57.29 08/29/2006 37 0.20 \$128.63 \$128.85 09/19/2006 37 0.20 \$128.63 \$136.37 \$53.38 09/07/2006 37 0.40 \$136.37 \$53.38 09/07/2006 35 0.40 \$136.37 \$53.38 09/07/2006 35 0.40 \$136.37 \$53.38 09/07/2006 35 0.40 \$136.37 \$53.38 09/07/2006 35	HL1,33B	1.70	\$123.94	\$210.70	08/25/2006	\$	PREPARE OR REVISE BRIEF
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5.00 \$128.63 \$643.15 08/27/2006 \$4 0.50 \$136.37 \$56.19 08/28/2006 64 0.40 \$127.93 \$51.17 08/28/2006 70 0.50 \$127.93 \$643.15 08/28/2006 41 5.00 \$128.63 \$643.15 08/28/2006 41 1.45 \$128.63 \$643.15 08/28/2006 54 1.45 \$123.94 \$179.71 08/28/2006 70 2.10 \$123.94 \$260.27 08/28/2006 70 0.20 \$123.94 \$24.79 08/29/2006 70 0.40 \$127.93 \$51.17 08/29/2006 70 0.40 \$127.93 \$51.17 08/29/2006 70 0.25 \$128.63 \$32.16 08/29/2006 70 0.50 \$128.63 \$102.95 08/29/2006 70 0.50 \$128.63 \$128.63 \$128.63 70 0.50 \$128.63 \$128.63 \$128.63 70 0.20 \$128.63 \$128.63 \$128.63 \$12	HLI.20B	4.50	\$128.63	\$578.84	900Z/9Z/80	54	PREPARE OR REVISE BRIEF
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0.40 \$127.93 \$51.17 08/28/2006 70 0.50 \$128.63 \$63.97 08/28/2006 41 1 5.00 \$128.63 \$643.15 08/28/2006 54 1 1.45 \$123.94 \$179.71 08/28/2006 55 1 0.50 \$123.94 \$56.37 08/28/2006 70 6 2.10 \$123.94 \$24.79 08/29/2006 70 6 0.20 \$123.94 \$24.79 08/29/2006 70 6 0.40 \$127.93 \$51.17 08/29/2006 70 6 0.40 \$127.93 \$51.17 08/29/2006 70 6 1.50 \$128.63 \$51.17 08/29/2006 70 6 1.50 \$128.63 \$102.95 08/29/2006 70 6 0.25 \$128.63 \$122.86 08/29/2006 70 6 0.50 \$128.63 \$54.32 08/29/2006 70 6 0.20 \$128.63 \$52.59 08/29/2006 70 6 <t< td=""><td>HEL.10A</td><td>0.50</td><td>\$136,37</td><td>\$68.19</td><td>08/28/2006</td><td>64</td><td>LEGAL ADVICEDISCUSSION - BOARD OFFICE DEPT STAFF OR ATTY GEN OFF</td></t<>	HEL.10A	0.50	\$136,37	\$68.19	08/28/2006	64	LEGAL ADVICEDISCUSSION - BOARD OFFICE DEPT STAFF OR ATTY GEN OFF
0.50 \$127.93 \$63.97 08/28/2006 41 5.00 \$128.63 \$643.15 08/28/2006 54 1.45 \$123.94 \$179.71 08/28/2006 55 0.50 \$123.94 \$51.97 08/28/2006 70 2.10 \$123.94 \$260.27 08/28/2006 70 0.20 \$123.94 \$24.79 08/29/2006 70 0.40 \$127.93 \$51.17 08/29/2006 70 0.40 \$127.93 \$51.17 08/29/2006 70 0.25 \$128.63 \$51.17 08/29/2006 70 0.25 \$128.63 \$129.95 08/29/2006 70 0.25 \$128.63 \$122.96 08/29/2006 70 0.50 \$128.63 \$54.32 08/29/2006 70 0.50 \$128.63 \$52.36 08/29/2006 70 0.50 \$128.63 \$52.59 08/29/2006 70 0.20 \$136.37 \$27.27 08/29/2006 70 0.20 \$136.37 \$23.38 09/07/2006 <td< td=""><td>HLI24B</td><td>0.40</td><td>\$127.93</td><td>\$51.17</td><td>08/28/2006</td><td>5</td><td>CONFERENCES WITH LAWYERS</td></td<>	HLI24B	0.40	\$127.93	\$51.17	08/28/2006	5	CONFERENCES WITH LAWYERS
5.00 \$128.63 \$643.15 08/28/2006 \$4 1.45 \$123.94 \$179.71 08/28/2006 \$5 0.50 \$123.94 \$61.97 08/28/2006 \$7 2.10 \$123.94 \$260.27 08/28/2006 \$7 0.20 \$123.94 \$260.27 08/28/2006 \$7 0.40 \$127.93 \$51.17 08/29/2006 \$7 0.40 \$127.93 \$51.17 08/29/2006 \$7 0.25 \$128.63 \$51.17 08/29/2006 \$7 0.25 \$128.63 \$120.95 08/29/2006 \$7 0.26 \$128.63 \$129.95 08/29/2006 \$7 0.50 \$128.63 \$54.32 08/29/2006 \$7 0.50 \$128.63 \$54.32 08/29/2006 \$7 0.50 \$128.63 \$54.32 08/29/2006 \$7 0.50 \$128.63 \$52.29 08/29/2006 \$7 0.20 \$136.37 \$27.27 08/29/2006 <td>HLT.24B</td> <td>0.50</td> <td>\$127.93</td> <td>\$63.97</td> <td>08/28/2006</td> <td>41</td> <td>REVIEW PLEADING</td>	HLT.24B	0.50	\$127.93	\$63.97	08/28/2006	41	REVIEW PLEADING
1.45 \$123.94 \$179.71 08/28/2006 \$5 0.50 \$123.94 \$561.97 08/28/2006 70 2.10 \$123.94 \$260.27 08/28/2006 70 0.20 \$123.94 \$24.79 08/29/2006 70 0.40 \$127.93 \$51.17 08/29/2006 70 0.40 \$127.93 \$51.17 08/29/2006 70 0.25 \$128.63 \$51.17 08/29/2006 70 1.50 \$128.63 \$192.95 08/29/2006 70 0.25 \$128.63 \$192.95 08/29/2006 70 0.50 \$128.63 \$54.32 08/29/2006 70 0.50 \$128.63 \$54.32 08/29/2006 70 0.50 \$128.63 \$52.59 08/29/2006 70 0.20 \$128.63 \$51.28 \$64.32 08/29/2006 70 0.20 \$128.63 \$52.59 08/19/2006 70 6 0.20 \$136.37 \$27.27 08/21/2006 70 6 0.20 \$136.37	HLLZOB	5,00	\$128.63	\$643.15	08/28/2006	54	PREPARE OR REVISE BRIEF
0.50 \$123.94 \$61.97 08/28/2006 70 2.10 \$123.94 \$260.27 08/28/2006 70 0.20 \$123.94 \$24.79 08/29/2006 70 0.40 \$127.93 \$51.17 08/29/2006 70 0.40 \$127.93 \$51.17 08/29/2006 70 0.25 \$128.63 \$32.16 08/29/2006 70 1.50 \$128.63 \$192.95 08/29/2006 70 0.25 \$128.63 \$192.95 08/29/2006 70 0.50 \$128.63 \$54.32 08/29/2006 70 0.50 \$128.63 \$54.32 08/29/2006 70 0.50 \$128.63 \$54.32 08/29/2006 70 0.10 \$128.63 \$54.32 08/29/2006 70 0.10 \$128.63 \$54.32 08/29/2006 70 0.20 \$128.63 \$27.27 08/29/2006 70 0.20 \$136.31 \$27.27 08/29/2006	HLI.33B	1,45	\$123.94.	11.6718	08/28/2006	55	REVIEW OF BRIEF
2,10 \$123.94 \$260.27 08/28/2006 70 0,20 \$123.94 \$24.79 08/29/2006 70 0,40 \$127.93 \$51.17 08/29/2006 70 0,40 \$127.93 \$51.17 08/29/2006 70 0,25 \$128.63 \$32.16 08/29/2006 70 1,50 \$128.63 \$192.95 08/29/2006 70 0,25 \$128.63 \$121.6 08/29/2006 70 0,50 \$128.63 \$64.32 08/29/2006 70 0,10 \$128.63 \$64.32 08/29/2006 70 0,10 \$128.63 \$128.63 \$64.32 08/29/2006 70 0,10 \$128.63 \$54.32 08/29/2006 70 70 0,20 \$128.63 \$27.39 \$27.27 08/29/2006 70 70 0,20 \$136.37 \$27.27 08/29/2006 70 70 70 70 0,20 \$136.37 \$27.27 08/29/2006 37 1 0,40 \$136.37 \$28.45 09/1	HLLJJB	0.50	\$123.94	\$61.97	08/28/2006	70	CONFERENCES WITH LAWYERS
0.20 \$123.94 \$24.79 08/29/2006 70 0.40 \$127.93 \$51.17 08/29/2006 70 0.40 \$127.93 \$51.17 08/29/2006 70 0.25 \$128.63 \$512.16 08/29/2006 70 1.50 \$128.63 \$192.95 08/29/2006 70 0.25 \$128.63 \$192.95 08/29/2006 70 0.50 \$128.63 \$54.32 08/29/2006 70 0.10 \$128.63 \$54.32 08/29/2006 70 0.10 \$128.63 \$54.32 08/29/2006 70 0.20 \$127.93 \$25.59 08/31/2006 70 0.20 \$136.37 \$53.38 09/07/2006 37 0.40 \$136.37 \$53.38 09/07/2006 35	HLL33B	2,10	\$123.94	\$260.27	08/28/2006	70	CONFERENCES WITH LA WYERS
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0.25 \$128.63 \$32.16 0029/2006 70 1.50 \$128.63 \$192.95 00429/2006 54 1 0.25 \$128.63 \$32.16 0829/2006 70 0 0.50 \$128.63 \$64.32 08729/2006 40 1 0.10 \$128.63 \$128.63 08729/2006 70 0 0.20 \$127.93 \$25.59 00431/2006 70 0 0.20 \$136.37 \$38.38 09/07/2006 37 1 0.40 \$136.37 \$54.55 09/19/2006 35 1	HLL24B	0.40	\$127.93	\$51.17	· 08/29/2006	41	REVIEW PLEADING
1.50 \$128.63 \$192.95 08729/2006 54 1 0.25 \$128.63 \$32.16 08729/2006 70 6 0.50 \$128.63 \$64.32 08729/2006 40 1 0.10 \$128.63 \$12.86 08/29/2006 70 6 0.20 \$127.93 \$25.59 08/31/2006 70 6 0.20 \$136.37 \$27.27 08/31/2006 90 1 0.30 \$127.93 \$38.38 09/07/2006 37 1 0.40 \$136.37 \$54.55 09/19/2006 35 7	HL120B	0.25	\$128.63	\$32.16	08/29/2006	70	CONFERENCES WITH LA WYERS
0.25 \$128.63 \$32.16 08729/2006 70 0.50 \$128.63 \$64.32 08729/2006 40 1 0.10 \$128.63 \$12.86 08/29/2006 70 0 0.20 \$127.93 \$25.59 08/31/2006 70 0 0.20 \$136.37 \$27.27 08/31/2006 90 1 0.30 \$127.93 \$38.38 09/07/2006 37 1 0.40 \$136.37 \$54.55 09/19/2006 35 1	HLL20B	1.50	\$128.63	\$192.95	08/29/2006	*	PREPARE OR REVISE BRIEF
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0.20 \$127.93 \$25.59 0&31/2006 70 0.20 \$136.37 \$27.27 0&31/2006 90 1 0.30 \$127.93 \$38.38 09/07/2006 37 1 0.40 \$136.37 \$54.55 09/19/2006 35 7	HL120B	0.10	\$128.63	\$12.86	08/29/2006	92	CONFERENCES WITH LAWYERS
0.20 \$136,37 \$27,27 08/31/2006 90 1 0.30 \$127,93 \$38.38 09/07/2006 37 1 0.40 \$136,37 \$54.55 09/19/2006 35	HLL24B	0.20	\$127.93	\$25.59	08/31/2006	8	CONFERENCES WITH LAWYERS
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0.40 \$136.37 \$54.55 09/19/2006 35 1	HLL24B	0.30	\$127.93	\$38.38	09/07/2006	.37	REVIEW LETTER
	HLL 10A	0.40	\$136.37	\$54.55	9007/61/60	35	TELEPHONE CALLS

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EGAL ADVICEDISCUSSION - BOARD OFFICE, DEPT STAFF OR ATTY GEN OFF. LEGAL ADVICEDISCUSSION - BOARD OFFICE, DEPT STAFF OR ATTY GEN OFF LEGAL ADVICEDISCUSSION - BOARD OFFICE, DEPT STAFF OR ATTY GEN OFF JEGAL ADVICE/DISCUSSION - BOARD OFFICE, DEPT STAFF OR ATTY GEN OFF LEGAL ADVICE/DISCUSSION - BOARD OFFICE, DEPT STAFF OR ATTY GEN OFF LEGAL ADVICE/DISCUSSION - BOARD OFFICE, DEPT STAFF OR ATTY GEN OFF LEGAL ADVICE/DISCUSSION - BOARD OFFICE, DEPT STAFF OR ATTY GEN OFF. PREPARATION AND FOLLOW THROUGH OF CASES FOR EXPERT REVIEW REPARATION OF OR REVISION OF A PLEADING PREPARATION OF OR REVISION OF A PLEADING PREPARATION OF OR REVISION OF A PLEADING Activity Description PREPARATION OR REVISION OF LETTER PREPARATION OR REVISION OF LETTER CONFERENCES WITH LAWYERS RIAL PREPARATION FRIAL PREPARATION RIAL PREPARATION TRIAL PREPARATION TRIAL PREPARATION RIAL PREPARATION TRIAL PREPARATION TRIAL PREPARATION FELEPHONE CALLS TELEPHONE CALLS TELEPHONE CALLS REVIEW CASE FILE REVIEW CASE FILE FELEPHONE CALLS FELEPHONE CALLS REVIEW PLEADING ELEPHONE CALLS REVIEW PLEADING REVIEW PLEADING Activity Date Activity Code 39252006 0/11/2006 0/13/2006 0/16/2006 1/03/2006 1/20/2006 9002/02/60 9022/52/60 9002/92/60 9002/92/60 9/28/2006 0/10/2006 0/13/2006 1/01/2006 1/01/2006 1,702,72006 1/03/2006 1/07/2006 1/13/2006 1/14/2006 1/14/2006 1/15/2006 9002/02/6 90/25/2006 3002/92/60 3007/97/60 902772006 1,706/2006 1/16/2006 1/16/2006 902/52/66 1/17/2006 1/20/2006 \$68.19 \$54.55 \$54.55 \$64.32 \$27.27 \$135.42 \$94.79 \$54.55 \$40.91 \$54.55 \$27.27 \$54.55 \$68.19 \$27.27 6218.19 5245.47 1150.01 \$40.91 \$40.91 127.27 \$40.91 \$27.27 52727 \$27.27 STITI 527.27 \$54.55 \$40.91 \$40.91 Staff Rate \$136.37 \$136.37 \$128.63 \$136.37 5136.37 \$136.37 \$136.37 \$136.37 \$136.37 \$136.37 \$136.37 \$136.37 \$136.37 \$136.37 \$136.37 \$136,37 \$136.37 \$136.37 \$136.37 \$136.37 \$136.37 1136.37 \$136.37 136.37 \$67.71 136.37 136.37 \$67.71 \$136.37 Staff Code Activity Hours 0.40 0.30 0.30 0.20 0.30 0.30 0.40 2.00 <u>`</u>\$ 0.50 0.20 0.20 1.60 0.20 0.70 R.1.33B HLL10A HLL10A HLL10A HILL 10A HLL 10A HULIOA HLL 10A HL1.10A HLL 10A HLL 10A HLL 10A HLL 10A **HILLIDA** HLL10A HEL 10A HLL 10A HLL20B HLLINA HILIOA FILLZOB HLL10A HLL 10A HLL, 10A HULIDA HLL,10A HLL10A HULIOA HLL10A HLL10A HLL 10A HL72B 1L72B

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ode Activity Description	TRIAL PREPARATION	TELEPHONE CALLS	PREPARATION OF OR REVISION OF A PLEADING	TRIAL PREPARATION	TELEPHONE CALLS	PREPARATION OR REVISION OF LETTER	PREPARE/RESPOND TO DISCOVERY	TRIAL PREPARATION	REVIEW LETTER	PREPARATION OF OR REVISION OF A PLEADING	TELEPHONE CALLS	TRIAL PREPARATION	PREPARE/RESPOND TO DISCOVERY	LEGAL ADVICEDISCUSSION - BOARD OFFICE DEPT STAFF OR ALLY GEN OFF	PREPARATION OF OR REVISION OF A PLEADING	PREPARATION OR REVISION OF LETTER	TRIAL PREPARATION	TELEPHONE CALLS	PROOFING AND SIGNING LETTERS	CONFERENCES WITH LAWYERS	TELEPHONE CALLS	CONFERENCES WITH LAWYERS	STATE MEETINGS	TRIAL PREPARATION	TELEPHONE CALLS	SUPPLEMENTAL INVESTIGATION	TRIAL PREPARATION	REVIEW DISCOVERY REQUESTS/RESPONSES	TRIAL PREPARATION	PREPARATION AND FOLLOW THROUGH OF CASES FOR EXPERT REVIEW	TRIAL PREPARATION	PREPARATION OR REVISION OF LETTER	TRIAL PREPARATION	
Activity Code	47	35	\$	47	35	æ	æ	47	31	6	35	£	er Er	25	\$	36	47	8	\$	2	32	2	· •	. 1	33	Ġ	47	3%	47	83	47	36	Ð	
Activity Date	11/20/2006	11/20/2006	11/21/2006	11/21/2006	11/28/2006	11/28/2006	11/29/2006	9007/67/11	12/05/2006	12/05/2006	12/06/2006	12/07/2006	12/08/2006	12/11/2006	12/11/2006	12/12/2006	12/12/2006	12/12/2006	12/14/2006	12/14/2006	12/14/2006	12/14/2006	12/14/2006	12/16/2006	12/16/2006	01/02/2001	01/02/2007	01/03/2007	01/03/2007	01/04/2007	01/04/2007	01/05/2007	01/05/2007	
Cost	\$27.27	\$54.55	\$81.82	\$27.27	\$40.91	\$163.64	\$136.37	52727	\$27.27	527.27	\$54.55	\$40.91	\$40.91	\$40.91	\$27.27	\$40.91	\$68.19	16.048	\$12.39	\$12.86	\$12.86	\$12.86	\$12.86	\$13637	\$27.27	\$40.91	\$27.27	\$54.55	\$27.27	\$81.82	\$54.55	\$54.55	\$40.91	
Staff Rate	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$123.94	\$128.63	\$128.63	\$128.63	\$128.63	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	
Staff Code Activity Hours	0.20	0.40	0.60	0.20	0.30	1.20	1,00	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.40	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.20	0.30	0.50	0.30	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	01.0	1.00	0.20	0.30	0.20	0.40	0.20	09.0	0.40	0.40	0.30	
Staff Code A	H11.10A	HLLIBA	HLL.10A	HLJ.10A	HILIOA	HLJ.JOA	[TL3,10A	HLLJOA	FILLIOA	HU,10A	HLLIOA	HLLJ0A	HCJ.30A	HLI,10A	HLL10A	HL1.10A	HLI,10A	HLL.10A	HLL33B	HLL20B	HLL20B	HLIZOB	HLL 20B	HLL10A	HLJ.10A	HLL 10A	HLLIOA	HLL10A	HLL10A	HLL10A	HLL 10A	HLL10A	HLL10A	

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Activity Description	REVIEW LETTER	PREPARATION OF OR REVISION OF A PLEADING	TRIAL PREPARATION	REVIEW PLEADING	TELEPHONE CALLS	IRIAL PREPARATION	TRIAL PREPARATION	TELEPHONE CALLS	PREPARATION OF OR REVISION OF A PLEADING	TRIAL PREPARATION	PREPARATION OF OR REVISION OF A PLEADING	RIAL PREPARA TION	IRIAL PREPARATION	TELEPHONE CALLS	RIAL PREPARATION	PREPARE FOR DEPOSITION	PREPARATION OR REVISION OF LETTER	TELEPHONE CALLS	REVIEW EXPERT WITNESS REPORT	PREPARE FOR DEPOSITION	FREPARE FOR DEPOSITION	TELEPHONE CALLS	TRIAL PREPARATION	PREPARE FOR DEPOSITION	PREPARE FOR DEPOSITION	TELEPHONE CALLS	PREPARE FOR DEPOSITION	RIAL PREPARATION	RAVEL TIME	PREPARE FOR DEPOSITION	LIONS	DEPOSITIONS	PREPARE FOR DEPOSITION
	REVIEW	PREPAY	TRIAL	REVIEW	TELEP	TRIAL	TRIAL]	TELEP	PREPA	TRIAL	PREPA!	TRIAL!	TRIAL]	TELEP	TRIAL	PREPAI	PREPAF	TELEPE	REVIEV	PREPAF	PREPAR	TELEPF	TRIAL	PREPA	PREPA	TELEPE	PREPA	TRIAL)	TRAVE	PREPAI	DEPOSITIONS	DEPOSI	PREPAI
Activity Code	37	4 0	47	41	35	47	47	35	.	47	40	47	47	35	47	43	36	35	105	43	. 43	35	47	43	43	35	43	47	83	43	ক ক	4	43
Activity Date	01/08/2007	01/08/2007	01/09/2007	01/09/2007	01/10/2007	01/10/2007	01/11/2007	01/11/2007	01/12/2007	01/12/2007	01/16/2007	01/16/2007	01/17/2007	01/17/2007	01/18/2007	01/18/2007	01/19/2007	01/19/2007	01/19/2007	01/19/2007	01/22/2007	01/22/2007	01/23/2007	01/23/2007	01/25/2007	01/25/2007	01/26/2007	01/26/2007	01/29/2007	01/30/2007	01/30/2007	01/31/2007	01/31/2007
Cost	\$40.91	\$40.91	\$109.10	\$27.27	\$54.55	\$27.27	\$95,46	\$54.55	\$54.55	\$95.46	\$40.91	\$27.27	\$68.19	527.27	\$54.55	\$54.55	\$27.27	\$27.27	\$40.91	\$54.55	\$163.64	\$27.27	\$109.10	\$40.91	\$54.55	\$27.27	\$68.19	\$68.19	\$204.56	\$95.46	\$450.02	\$436.38	\$109.10
Staff Rate	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37
Staff Code Activity Hours	0.30	0.30	0.80	0.20	0.40	07.0	0.70	0.40	0.40	0.70	0.30	0.20	0.50	0.20	0.40	0.40	0.20	0.20	0.30	0.40	1.20	0.20	0.80	° 0.30	0.40	0.20	0.50	0.50	1.50	0.70	3.30	3.20	0.80
Staff Code /	HLLIOA	FILL 10A	HLL10A	HLC10A	HLL 10A	HLL10A	HLJ.10A	HLL:0A	HLL10A	HL1.10A	HLL10A	HCL10A	HI.L.10A	HLL10A	HLL 10A	HIL 10A	HLLIOA	HLLIOA	HLL 10A	HLI.10A	HLL10A	HLI,10A	HLL10A	HLL,10A	HLLIOA	HLLIOA	HLL:10A	HLL 10A	HLL10A	HLL10A	HILLIDA	HLLIOA	HULIDA

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	Activity Description	12			(LT)		(m)	LEGAL ADVICE/DISCUSSION - BOARD OFFICE, DEPT STAFF OR ATTY GEN OFF	PREPARATION OR REVISION OF LETTER	LEGAL ADVICEDISCUSSION - BOARD OFFICE, DEPT STAFF OR ATTY GEN OFF	RATION	RATION	IRCH	LEGAL ADVICE/DISCUSSION - BOARD OFFICE DEPT STAFF OR ATTY GEN OFF	RATION	RATION	LEGAL ADVICEDISCUSSION - BOARD OFFICE DEPT STAFF OR ATTY GEN OFF	RATION	RATION	RATION	STIVE	PATION	LEGAL ADVICE/DISCUSSION - BOARD OFFICE DEPT STAFF OR ATTY GEN OFF	MATION	RATION	LATION	PREPARE OR REVISE MEMORANDUM	PREPARE OR REVISE MEMORANDUM	LEGAL ADVICEDISCUSSION - BOARD OFFICE DEPT STAFF OR ATTY GEN OFF	LEGAL ADVICE/DISCUSSION - BOARD OFFICE, DEPT STAFF OR ATTY GEN OFF	ATION	CONFERENCES WITH LAWYERS	ALIS	LEGAL ADVICE/DISCUSSION - BOARD OFFICE, DEPT STAFF OR ATTY GEN OFF
	orte	TRAVEL TIME	DEPOSITIONS	TRAVEL TIME	TRAVEL TIME	DEPOSITIONS	TRAVEL TIME	LEGAL ADVIC	PREPARATION	LEGAL ADVIC	TRIAL PREPARATION	TRIAL PREPARATION	LEGAL RESEARCH	LEGAL ADVIC	TRIAL PREPARATION	TRIAL PREPARATION	LEGAL ADVIC	TRIAL PREPARATION	TRIAL PREPARATION	TRIAL PREPARATION	TELEPHONE CALLS	TRIAL PREPARATION	LEGAL ADVIC	TRIAL PREPARATION	TRIAL PREPARATION	TRIAL PREPARATION	PREPARE OR R	PREPARE OR R	LEGAL ADVICE	LEGAL ADVICE	TRIAL PREPARATION	CONFERENCES	TELEPHONE CALLS	LEGAL ADVICE
	Activity Code	58	\$	58	58	44	28	3	36	2	41	47	\$	3	47	47	\$4	47	47	47	32	47	\$	47	47	47	93	92	Ź	Z	43	5	.33	2
	Activity Date	02/01/2007	62/01/2007	02/20/2007	12/12/2007	02/12/2007	02/13/2007	02/14/2007	.02/14/2007	02/16/2007	02/16/2007	02/20/2007	02/20/2007	02/21/2007	7002/12/20	7002/52/20	02/23/2007	02/26/2007	T002/L2/20	7002/82/20	02/28/2007	03/01/2007	03/01/2007	03/02/2007	03/06/2007	03/13/2007	03/13/2007	03/14/2007	03/14/2007	03/15/2007	03/15/2007	03/15/2007	03/16/2007	03/16/2007
	ž	\$204.56	\$340.93	\$272.74	\$68.19	\$477.30	\$436.38	\$40,91	527.27	\$54.55	527.27	\$40.91	527.27	\$81.82	\$40.91	\$95.46	\$27.27	\$27.27	\$150.01	\$272.74	527.27	\$150.01	S27.27	\$54.55	\$40.91	\$27.27	\$109.10	\$27.27	\$150.01	\$40.91	527.27	\$29.11	\$54.55	\$40.91
4.50	Stall Kate	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136,37	\$136,37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$136.37	\$145.56	\$136.37	\$136.37
1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1	ctivity Hours	1.50	2.50	2.00	0.50	3.50	3.20	0.30	0.20	0.40	0.20	0.30	0.20	0.60	0.30	0.70	0.20	0.20	1.10	2:00	0.20	1.10	0.20	0.40	0.30	0.20	0.80	0.20	0.1	0.30	070	0.20	0.40	0.30
Chaff Co.ds.	Statt Code Activity Hours	HI,L10A	HI.1.10A	HL,L10A	HELIOA	HI,LIOA	HI,LI0A	HLL10A	HILIOA	HCL10A	HLL 10A	HLL10A	HCL10A	HIT 10A	HULIGA	HI.L10A	FR.2.10A	HLLIOA	HLL10A	HLL10A	HLL10A	HLL10A	HI.L10A	HCLIGA	HLJ.10A	HIL 10A	HCL10A	HIL10A	HCL 10A	HCL10A	HLL10A	HL96A	HLL10A	HLL 10A

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BEGAL ADVICEDISCUSSION - BOARD OFFICE, DEPT STAFF OR ATTY GEN OFF. Activity Description PREPARATION OR REVISION OF LETTER PREPARATION OR REVISION OF LETTER PREPARATION OR REVISION OF LETTER PREPARE OR REVISE MEMORANDUM PREPARE OR REVISE MEMORANDUM PREPARE OR REVISE MEMORANDUM CONFERENCES WITH LAWYERS CONFERENCES WITH LA WYERS CONFERENCES WITH LAWYERS CONFERENCES WITH LAWYERS CONFERENCES WITH LAWYERS PREPARE FOR DEPOSITION PREPARE FOR DEPOSITION TRIAL PREPARATION TRIAL PREPARATION IRIAL FREPARA TION REVIEW CASE FILE REVIEW CASE FILE REVIEW CASE FILE REVIEW CASE FILE LEGAL RESEARCH LEGAL RESEARCH LEGAL RESEARCH REVIEW LETTER REVIEW LETTER RAVEL TIME TRAVEL TIME DEPOSITIONS Activity Date Activity Code 25 73/20/2007 13/20/2007 73/20/2007 13/21/2007 13/21/2007 73/22/2007 3726/2007 73/26/2007 13/26/2007 7002/2007 4/04/2007 04/04/2007 7002/60/24 34/09/2007 34/10/2007 34/11/2007 3722/2007 14/10/2007 14/10/2007 7002/11/2007 M/11/2007 7002/11/40 7002/11/5007 34/11/2007 14/12/2007 74/12/2007 04/11/2007 11/2007 34/12/2007 04/12/2007 M/12/2007 34/12/2007 14/12/2007 \$13.64 \$68.19 \$68.19 \$54.55 \$163.64 \$204.56 \$68.19 527.27 \$109.10 229.11 5409.11 \$245.47 \$27.27 \$43.67 \$70.56 \$84.67 540.91 \$29.11 \$409.11 \$177.28 \$190,92 \$203.78 \$101.89 \$218.34 \$43.67 \$28.22 \$109.10 \$160.12 \$640.94 \$136.37 \$136.37 \$145.56 \$136.37 Staff Rate \$136.37 \$136.37 \$136.37 \$136.37 \$136.37 \$136.37 \$136.37 \$136.37 \$136.37 \$145.56 \$141.12 \$141.12 \$136.37 \$136.37 \$141.12 1145.56 \$136.37 5145.56 \$145.56 5145.56 5136.37 \$136.37 \$136.37 \$145.56 145.56 6145.56 145.56 Staff Code Activity Hours 0.20 3.80 1.50 3.00 0.50 1.80 0.20 0.30 0.50 0.60 0.30 0.70 1.30 1.40 1.40 4.70 HI.LIOA HLL10A HLL10A HLLINA HLU10A HLL 10A HLL10A HLL10A HILL 10A HLL10A HLL10A TL L LOA ALLIDA HLL10A HL, L, 10A HLL10A HLL10A ALL 10A HL58B HL96A HL96A HLI 33B HL96A HL58B HL.58B HL.96A HL96A. HL96A HL96A HL96A HL96A

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\$136.37 \$40.91 04/172007 36 1		1.50	\$136.37	\$204.56	04/17/2007	379	PREPARE OR REVISE MEMORANDUM
\$136.37\$ \$136.37\$ \$136.37\$ \$145.56\$ \$145.56\$ \$145.56\$ \$145.56\$ \$136.37\$ \$136.37\$ \$136.37\$ \$136.37\$ \$136.37\$ \$136.37\$ \$136.37\$ \$136.37\$ \$204.18/2007 \$26 \$136.37\$ \$204.20\$ \$203.78\$ \$204.18/2007 \$26 \$203.78\$ \$204.18/2007 \$26 \$203.78\$ \$204.56\$ \$203.78\$ \$204.19/2007 \$26 \$203.78\$ \$204.56\$ \$204.79\$ \$204.50\$ \$204.50\$ \$204.70\$ \$204.50\$ \$204.50\$ \$204.70\$ \$204.50\$ \$204.70\$ \$200.70\$ \$200.70\$ \$204.70\$ \$200.70\$ \$204.70\$ \$200.70\$ \$204.70\$ \$200.70\$ \$200.70\$ \$204.70\$ \$200.70\$ \$204.70\$ \$200.70\$ \$204.70\$ \$200.70\$ \$200.70\$ \$204.70\$ \$200.70\$ \$204.70\$ \$200.70\$ \$204.70\$ \$200.70\$ \$204.70\$ \$200.70		0.30	\$136.37	\$40.91	04/17/2007	36	PREPARATION OR REVISION OF LETTER
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\$145.56 \$131.00 04/24/2007 47 7 7 \$136.37 \$40.91 04/24/2007 47 7	_).30	\$145.56	\$43.67	04/24/2007	95	CONFERENCES WITH LAWYERS
\$136.37 \$40.91 04/24/2007 47 7	_	06.0	\$145.56	\$131.00	04/24/2007	47	TRIAL PREPARATION
	-	30	\$136.37	\$40.91	04/24/2007	47	TRIAL PREPARATION

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Staff Code	Staff Code Activity Hours	Staff Rate	Cost	Activity Date	Activity Code	le Activity Description
HIL10A	1.00	\$136.37	\$136.37	04/24/2007	23	LEGAL ADVICE/DISCUSSION - BOARD OFFICE, DEPT STAFF OR ATTY GEN OFF.
HI.L.10A	0.80	\$136.37	\$109.10	04/25/2007	35	TELEPHONE CALLS
HILLIOA	1.20	\$136.37	\$163.64	04/25/2007	<u>\$</u>	LEGAL ADVICEDISCUSSION - BOARD OFFICE, DEPT STAFF OR ALLT GEN OFF,
HLL.10A	0.50	\$136.37	\$68.19	04/25/2007	47	TRIAL PREPARATION
HL96A	09.0	\$145.56	\$87.34	04/25/2007	70	CONFERENCES WITH LAWYERS
H1.96A	1.00	\$145.56	\$145.56	04/25/2007	94	LEGAL RESEARCH
HI.96A	0.20	\$145.56	\$29.11	04/30/2007	92	PREPARE OR REVISE MEMORANDUM
HI.96A	0.20	\$145.56	\$29.11	04/30/2007	41	REVIEW PLEADING
HLL10A	2.80	\$136.37	\$381.84	05/01/2007	47	TRIAL PREPARATION
14L,96A	0.40	\$145,56	\$58.22	05/01/2007	40	PREPARATION OF OR REVISION OF A PLEADING
HLL10A	2.10	\$136.37	\$286.38	05/02/2007	47	TRIAL PREPARATION
HLI.10A	1.80	\$136.37	\$245.47	05/02/2003	35	TELEPHONE CALLS
HL96A	0.20	\$145.56	\$29.11	05/02/2007	92	CONFERENCES WITH LAWYERS
HLT.10A	080	\$136.37	\$109.10	05/03/2007	47	TRIAL PREPARATION
HCL10A	0.30	\$136.37	\$40.91	05/03/2007	35	TELEPHONE CALLS
H.96A		\$145.56	\$203.78	05/03/2007	25	REVIEW CASE FILE
HLL 10A		\$136.37	\$150.01	05/04/2007	81	ESCHERO
HLLIOA		\$136.37	\$231.83	05/04/2007	47	TRIAL PREPARATION
HLI10A		\$136.37	\$190.92	05/04/2007	\$	PREPARATION OF OR REVISION OF A PLEADING
HLL 10A	0.30	\$136.37	\$40.91	05/04/2007	. 98	PREPARATION OR REVISION OF LETTER
HL96A	•	\$145.56	\$116.45	05/04/2007	. 41	REVIEW PLEADING
HLL10A	0.70	\$136.37	\$95.46	05/01/2007	\$	PREPARATION OF OR REVISION OF A PLEADING
HLL 10A		\$136.37	\$68.19	05/07/2007	47	TRIAL PREPARATION
HL96A		\$145.56	\$87.34	05/07/2007	41	REVIEW PLEADING
HL96A	0.50	\$145.56	\$72.78	05/07/2007	4	REVIEW PLEADING
HL96A	0.20	\$145,56	\$29.11	05/07/2007	25	CONFERENCES WITH LA WYERS
HLLIOA	0.50	\$136.37	\$68.19	05/08/2007	4	PREPARATION OF OR REVISION OF A PLEADING
HLE10A	0.50	\$136.37	\$68.19	05/09/2007	4	PREPARATION OF OR REVISION OF A PLEADING
HLLIDA	0.50	\$136.37	\$68.19	05/09/2007	36	PREPARATION OR REVISION OF LETTER
HLL10A	0.20	\$136.37	527.27	05/09/2007	37	REVIEW LETTER
HLL10A	0.20	\$136.37	527.27	7002/01/20	31	REVIEW LETTER
HLL:10A	0.20	\$136.37	\$27.27	05/10/2007	. 36	PREPARATION OR REVISION OF LETTER
HLL33B	130	\$123.94	\$161.12	05/14/2007	 	ESO/ERO
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Staff Code A	Staff Code Activity Hours	Staff Rate	Cort	Activity Date	Activity Code	Activity Description
HLLIOA	2.30	\$136.37	\$313.65	05/15/2007	47	TRIAL PREPARATION
HI,LIOA	4.50	\$136.37	5613,67	05/16/2007	2	LEGAL ADVICEDISCUSSION - BOARD OFFICE, DEPT STAFF OR ALL Y GEN UFF.
HLLIOA	0.50	\$136.37	\$68.19	05/16/2007	47	TRIAL PREPARATION
HL96A	0.40	\$145.56	\$58.72	05/16/2007	4	REVIEW PLEADING
HILL 10A	0.20	\$136.37	527.27	05/17/2007	47	TRIAL PREPARATION
HLLIOA	0.40	\$136.37	\$54.55	05/17/2007	36	PREPARATION OR REVISION OF LEITER
HLL10A	0.30	\$136.37	\$40.91	05/18/2007	37	REVIEW LETTER
HLL10A	0.30	\$136.37	\$40.91	05/18/2007	36	PREPARATION OR REVISION OF LETTER
HLL10A	0.30	\$136.37	\$40.91	05/18/2007	47	TRIAL PREPARATION
FILL 10A	0.50	\$136.37	\$68.19	1002/12/50	47	TRIAL PREPARATION
HLL10A	1.40	\$136.37	\$190.92	05/21/2007	Q	PREPARE FOR DEPOSITION
FR.L.10A	0.40	\$136.37	\$54.55	05/22/2007	37	REVIEW LETTER
HLL10A	0.40	\$136.37	\$54.55	05/22/2007	36	PREPARATION OR REVISION OF LETTER
HCL10A	0.20	\$136.37	\$27.27	05/22/2007	43	PREPARE FOR DEPOSITION
HLLIOA	0.40	\$136.37	\$54.55	05/22/2007	35	TELEPHONE CALLS
HLLIOA	0.30	\$136.37	\$40.91	05/23/2007	36	PREPARATION OR REVISION OF LETTER
HLL10A	0.20	\$136.37	\$27.27	05/23/2007	47	TRIAL PREPARATION
HIJ.10A	3.80	\$136.37	\$518.21	05/23/2007	\$	LEGAL ADVICEDISCUSSION - BOARD OFFICE, DEPT STAFF OR ALL INGENORM
HIL 10A	1.20	\$136.37	\$163.64	05/24/2007	Z	LEGAL ADVICEDISCUSSION - BOARD OFFICE, DEPT STAFF OR ALL TO GEN
HLLIOA	0.50	\$136.37	\$68.19	05/24/2007		PREPARE FOR DEPOSITION
HLL.10A	2.30	\$136.37	\$313.65	05/25/2007	47.	TRIAL PREPARATION
HI.LI0A	0.70	\$136.37	\$95.46	05/25/2007	. 43	PREPARE FOR DEPOSITION
HUL10A	1.50	\$136.37	\$204.56	05/25/2007	4	LEGAL RESEARCH
HL96A	1.10	\$145.56	\$160.12	05/25/2007	. 47	TRIAL PREPARATION
HI.96A	0.60	\$145.56	\$87.34	05/25/2007	20	CONFERENCES WITH LAWYERS
HELIOA	1.50	\$136.37	\$204.56	. 1002/12/50	43	PREPARE FOR DEPOSITION
HILIOA	5.00	\$136.37	\$581.85	05/28/2007	58	TRAVEL TIME
HLL10A	1.50	\$136.37	\$204,56	05/29/2007	43	PREPARE FOR DEPOSITION
HLL10A	2.50	\$136.37	\$340.93	05/29/2007	4	DEPOSITIONS
HLLIDA	9.00	\$136.37	\$818.22	05/29/2007	500	TRAVEL TIME
HL96A	0.70	\$145.56	\$101.89	05/29/2007	25	REVIEW CASE FILE
HL12A	2.00	\$100.00	\$200.00	05/30/2007	£	STIPULATION
HLL10A	1.20	\$136.37	\$163.64	05/30/2007	47	TRIAL PREPARATION

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Staff Code A	Staff Code Activity Hours	Staff Rate	Cost	Activity Date	Activity Code	le Activity Description
HLLIDA	1.20	\$136.37	\$163.64	05/30/2007	64	LEGAL ADVICE/DISCUSSION - BOARD OFFICE, DEPT STAFF OR ATTY GEN OFF.
HLLIGA	0.30	\$136.37	\$40.91	05/30/2007	36	PREPARATION OR REVISION OF LETTER
HL.96A	0.20	\$145.56	\$29.11	05/31/2007	5	CONFERENCES WITH LAWYERS
HI.96A	0.40	\$145.56	\$58.22	05/31/2007	41	REVIEW PLEADING
HI.96A	2.60	\$145.56	\$291.12	05/31/2007	2	CONFERENCES WITH LAWYERS
HL96A	2.20	\$145.56	\$320.23	05/31/2007	8	
HI.96A	2.00	\$145.56	\$291.12	06/01/2007	46	LEGAL RESEARCH
HI.96A	1.10	\$145.56	\$160.12	06/01/2007	46	LEGAL RESEARCH
HLL,10A	3.50	\$136.37	\$477.30	06/04/2007	41	TRIAL PREPARATION
HLL 10A	08.0	\$136.37	\$109.10	06/04/2007	\$	LEGAL ADVICEDISCUSSION - BUARD UPFILE, DEPT STAFF ON ALL
HLLIOA	1.40	\$136.37	\$190.92	06/04/2007	35	TELEPHONE CALLS
HLL.10A	3.30	\$136.37	\$450.02	06/05/2007	47	TRIAL PREPARATION
HLL 10A	0.70	\$136.37	\$95.46	06/05/2007	36	PREPARATION OR REVISION OF LETTER
HL96A	0.60	\$145.56	\$87.34	06/05/2007	41	REVIEW PLEADING
HI,L.10A	<u>05,1</u>	\$136.37	\$204.56	06/06/2007	64	LEGAL ADVICE/DISCUSSION - BOARD UFFICE, DEPT OR ALLE GEN CALL
HLLIOA	2.70	\$136.37	\$368.20	06/06/2007	\$	PREPARATION OF OR REVISION OF A PLEADING
HLJ.10A	1.20	\$136.37	\$163,64	06/06/2007	46	LEGAL RESEARCH
HLL 10A	1.70	\$136.37	\$231.83	06/06/2007	47	TRIAL PREPARATION
HI.L10A	0.40	\$136.37	\$54,55	06/06/2007	36	PREPARATION OR REVISION OF LEI IEK
HL58B	0.70	\$141.12	\$98.78	06/06/2007	64	LEGAL ADVICEDISCUSSION - BOARD OFFICE, DEPT OR AT IT OFFICE
HL96A	030	\$145.56	\$43.67	06/06/2007	9 2	CONFERENCES WITH LAWYERS
HZ.96A	0.70	\$145.56	\$101.89	06/06/2007	4	REVIEW PLEADING
HI.96A	1.80	\$145.56	\$262.01	06/05/2007	46	LEGAL RESEARCH
HLL 10A	3.50	\$136.37	\$477.30	06/07/2007	47	TRIAL PREPARATION
HLL10A	1.40	\$136.37	\$190.92	06/07/2007	4	PREPARATION OF OR REVISION OF A PLEADING
HL96A	0.30	\$145.56	\$43.67	06/07/2007	2	CONFERENCES WITH LAWYERS
HL96A	0.70	\$145.56	\$101.89	06/07/2007	4	REVIEW PLEADING
HI.96A	1.50	\$145.56	\$218,34	06/07/2007	46	LEGAL RESEARCH
HLL10A	0.50	\$136.37	\$68.19	7002/80/90	35	TELEPHONE CALLS
HLL 10A	2.50	\$136.37	\$340.93	06/08/2007	47	TRIAL PREPARATION
HI.96A	1.70	\$145.56	\$247.45	06/08/2007	46	LEGAL RESEARCH
HT.L.10A	1.00	\$136.37	\$136.37	06/11/2007	47	TRIAL PREPARATION
HCL10A	1.30	\$136.37	\$177.28	1002/11/90	40	PREPARATION OF OR REVISION OF A PLEADING

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Time Tracking System Itemized Cost by Complaint

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Staff Code	Staff Code Activity Rours	Staff Rate	Cost	Activity Date	Activity Code	Activity Description
HLJ.10A	3.50	\$136.37	\$477.30	06/11/2007	28	LEGAL ADVICEDISCIPCION, BOADD DESIGN PRINT STATE OF STATE OF STATE
HLLIOA	0.70	\$136.37	\$95.46	06/11/2007	. S.	TELEPHONE CATT C
HLLIDA	2.00	\$136.37	\$681.85	06/11/2007	, ee	TRAVEL TIME
HLL.10A	2.00	\$136.37	\$272.74	06/11/2007	4	DEPOSITIONS
HL96.A	0.20	\$145.56	\$29.11	06/11/2007	70	CONFERENCES WITH LA WIYERS
HL96A	0.20	\$145.56	\$29.11	96/11/2007	4	REVIEW PLDADING
HL96A	0.40	\$145.56	\$58.22	06/11/2007	40	PREPARATION OF OR REVISION OF A PIFADING
HI.96A	0.70	\$145.56	\$101.89	06/11/2007	4.	TEGAL RESEARCH
HI.96A	0,60	\$145.56	\$87.34	06/11/2007	. 2	LEGAL RESEARCH
HL96A	1.00	\$145.56	\$145.56	06/11/2007	4	REVIEW PI FAING
HLL10A	3.20	\$136.37	\$436.38	06/12/2007	35	TELEPHONE CALLS
HILIOA	4.50	\$136.37	\$613.67	06/12/2007	14	TRIAL PREPARATION
HLLIOA	1.70	\$136.37	\$231.83	06/12/2007	. 85	TRAVEL TIME
HLL10A	0.40	\$136.37	\$54.55	06/13/2007	tr)	TEL EPHONE CALLS
HLL10A	0.30	\$136.37	\$40.91	06/13/2007	36	PREPARATION OR REVISION OF LETTED
HLL10A	1.80	\$136.37	\$245.47	06/13/2007	æ	(FGA), ADVICEDISCUISION, BOARD OFFICE DEPT STAFF ON ATTACHMENT OFFI
HLL10A	3.50	\$136.37	\$477.30	06/13/2007	80	TRAVEL TIME
HC12A	2.00	\$100.00	\$200.00	06/13/2007	46	LEGAL RESEARCH
HLL.10A	2.50	\$136.37	\$340.93	06/14/2007	47	TRIAL PREPARATION
HTTIOA	05:1	\$136.37	\$204.56	06/14/2007	53	ORAL ARCHMENT
HLL10A	2.50	\$136.37	\$340.93	06/15/2007	47	TRIAL PREPARATION
HLL10A	1.50	\$136.37	\$204.56	2002/51/90	\$	FGAI. ADVICEMISCUSSION - BOADD OFFICE DEBY STATE OF ATTRICED
HLJ.10A	0.30	\$136.37	\$40.91	06/15/2007	35	TELEPHONE CALLS
HULIOA	0.40	\$136.37	\$54.55	06/15/2007	37	REVIEWLETTER
HLL10A	0.40	\$136.37	\$54.55	1002/51/90	36	PREPARATION OF REVISION OF LETTER
HCL10A	2.30	\$136.37	\$313.65	06/17/2007	47	TRIAL PREPARATION
HCL10A	0.70	\$136.37	\$95.46	1002/11/90		PREPARE FOR DEPOSITION
HLL10A	0.50	\$136.37	\$68.19	06/18/2007		EGAL RENARCH
HELIOA	0.40	\$136.37	\$54.55	06/18/2007	43	PREPARE FOR DEPOSITION
HLL10A	2.20	\$136.37	\$300.01	06/18/2007	-	DEPOSITIONS
HLL10A	1.20	\$136.37	\$163.64	06/18/2007		RIAL PREPARATION
HLL10A	1.40	\$136.37	\$190.92	06/18/2007	35	ELEPHONE CALLS
HC96A	0.50	\$145.56	\$72.78	06/18/2007		KEVIEW PLEADING

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46 LEGAL RESEARCH 47 TRIAL PREPARATION 58 TRAVEL TIME 48 FORMAL HEARING 46 LEGAL RESEARCH 48 FORMAL HEARING 58 TRAVEL TIME 58 TRAVEL TIME 58 TRAVEL TIME 58 TRAVEL TIME 59 PREPARE FOR DEPOSITION 50 PREPARE TO DEPOSITION 51 TRALL PREPARE TO DEPOSITION 52 PREPARATION OR REVISION OF LETTER 53 PREPARATION OR REVISION OF LETTER 54 PREPARATION OF REVISION OF LETTER 55 PREPARATION OF REVISION OF LETTER 56 PREPARATION OR REVISION OF LETTER 57 PREPARATION OR REVISION OF LETTER 58 PREPARATION OR REVISION OF LETTER 59 PREPARATION OR REVISION OF LETTER 50 PREPARATION OF REVISION OF LETTER 51 PREPARATION OF REVISION OF LETTER 52 PREPARATION OF MOTION TO AVOID STAYRESPONSE TO MOTION TO STAY 54 PREPARATION OF MOTION TO AVOID STAYRESPONSE TO MOTION TO STAY 55 PREPARATION OF MOTION TO AVOID STAYRESPONSE TO MOTION TO STAY 56 LEGAL RESEARCH 57 TRIAL PREPARATION 58 PREPARATION OF MOTION TO AVOID STAYRESPONSE TO MOTION TO STAY 59 PREPARATION OF MOTION TO AVOID STAYRESPONSE TO MOTION TO STAY 56 LEGAL RESEARCH 57 TRIAL PREPARATION 58 PREPARATION OF MOTION TO AVOID STAYRESPONSE TO MOTION TO STAY 59 PREPARATION OF MOTION TO AVOID STAYRESPONSE TO MOTION TO STAY 50 PREPARATION OF MOTION TO AVOID STAYRESPONSE TO MOTION TO STAY 51 PREPARATION OF MOTION TO AVOID STAYRESPONSE TO MOTION TO STAY 57 PREPARATION OF MOTION TO AVOID STAYRESPONSE TO MOTION TO STAY 58 PREPARATION OF MOTION TO AVOID STAYRESPONSE TO MOTION TO STAY 59 PREPARATION OF MOTION TO AVOID STAYRESPONSE TO MOTION TO STAY 50 PREPARATION OF MOTION TO AVOID STAYRESPONSE TO MOTION TO STAY 57 PREPARATION OF MOTION TO AVOID STAYRESPONSE TO MOTION TO STAY 58 PREPARATION OF MOTION TO AVOID STAYRESPONSE TO MOTION TO STAY 59 PREPARATION OF MOTION TO AVOID STAYRESPONSE TO MOTION TO STAY 59 PREPARATION OF MOTION TO AVOID STAYRESPONSE TO MOTION TO STAY 59 PREPARATION OF MOTION TO AVOID STAYRESPONSE TO MOTION TO STAY 59 PREPARATION OF TO TO STAYRESPONSE TO MOTION TO STAY 50 PREPARATION OF TO TO STAY TO MOTION TO STAY TO M	٠
TRAVEL TIME TRAVEL TIME TRAVEL TIME FORMAL HEARING LIGAL RESEARCH FORMAL HEARING TRAVET TIME FORMAL HEARING TRAVET TIME FORMAL HEARING TRAVET TIME TRAVET TIME TRAVET TIME TRAVET TIME TRAVET TRANSCRIPTS AND PREPARE RECOMMENDED ORDER REVIEW TRANSCRIPTS AND PREPARE RECOMMENDED ORDER REPARATION OR REVISION OF LETTER TREPARATION OF MOTION TO AVOID STAYRESPONSE TO MOTION TO STAP REPARATION OF MOTION TO AVOID STAYRESPONSE TO MOTION TO STAP REPARATION OF MOTION TO AVOID STAYRESPONSE TO MOTION TO STAP REPARATION OF MOTION TO AVOID STAYRESPONSE TO MOTION TO STAP REPARE OR REVISE BRIEF REVIEW PLESEARCH PREPARE OR REVISE BRIEF	\$100,00 \$550,00 06/19/2007
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TRAVEL TIME PREPARE FOR DEPOSITION PREPARATION OR REVISION OF LETTER TRAAL PREPARATION REVIEW LETTER REVIEW TRANSCRIPTS AND PREPARE RECOMMENDED ORDER PREPARATION OR REVISION OF LETTER TELEPHONE CALLS PREPARATION OF OR REVISION OF LETTER LEGAL RESEARCH PREPARATION OF MOTION TO AVOID STAYRESPONSE TO MOTION TO STAP PREPARATION OF MOTION TO AVOID STAYRESPONSE TO MOTION TO STAP PREPARATION OF MOTION TO AVOID STAYRESPONSE TO MOTION TO STAP PREPARATION OF MOTION TO AVOID STAYRESPONSE TO MOTION TO STAP PREPARATION OF MOTION TO AVOID STAYRESPONSE TO MOTION TO STAP PREPARE OR REVISE BRIEF REPARATION OF MOTION TO AVOID STAYRESPONSE TO MOTION TO STAP PREPARE OR REVISE BRIEF REVIEW FLEADING MEETINGS WITH DEPARTIMENT STAFF	\$340.93
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	\$665.24
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	\$136.37 \$109.10 07/18/2007
	\$127.93 \$38.38 07/18/2007
	\$127.93 \$690.82 07/18/2007
	\$127.93 \$12.79 07/19/2007
	\$127.93 \$38.38 07/19/2007

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EGAL ADVICEDISCUSSION - BOARD OFFICE, DEPT STAFF OR ATTY GEN OFF. LEGAL ADVICEDISCUSSION - BOARD OFFICE, DEPT STAFF OR ATTY GEN OFF LEGAL ADVICEDISCUSSION - BOARD OFFICE DEPT STAFF OR ATTY GEN OFF REVIEW TRANSCRIPTS AND PREPARE RECOMMENDED ORDER Activity Description PREPARATION OR REVISION OF LETTER PREPARE OR REVISE MEMORANDUM PREPARE OR REVISE BRIEF PREPARE OR REVISE BRIEF PREPARE OR REVISE BRIEF PREPARE OR REVISE BRIEF REPARE OR REVISE BRIEF TELEPHONE CALLS TELEPHONE CALLS **LEVIEW PLEADING** REVIEW PLEADING REVIEW CASE FILE REVIEW PLEADING **TELEPHONE CALLS** ORAL ARGUMENT REVIEW LETTER Activity Code 38 2 2 Activity Date 7002/92/70 28/03/2007 08/07/2007 7725/2007 18/02/2007 38/02/2007 R/02/2007 18/03/2007 7002/20/20 28/08/2007 7002/71/80 78/21/2007 7002/62/80 19/04/2007 77,20,2007 18/02/2007 78/02/2007 08/17/2007 78/21/2007 78/22/2007 7002/67/80 19/04/2007 18/24/2007 7002/06/80 79/03/2007 39/04/2007 19/05/2007 19/07/2007 19/06/2007 \$54.55 \$12.47 \$12.47 \$27.27 \$68.19 \$68.19 \$68.19 \$81.82 \$68.19 5204.56 \$27.27 \$95.46 \$150.01 \$160.85 \$250.00 \$136.37 \$459.56 \$22.98 \$81.82 \$231.83 \$54.55 300.00 300.00 \$57.45 \$150.00 \$40.91 \$40.91 Cost \$136.37 \$124.73 \$136.37 \$136.37 \$114.89 \$136.37 \$136.37 \$100,00 00'0018 \$114.89 \$1.14.89 \$100.00 \$100.00 Staff Rate \$136.37 \$136.37 \$136,37 \$124.73 \$136.37 \$136.37 \$136.37 \$136.37 \$136.37 136.37 \$136.37 \$114.89 \$136,37 \$136.37 \$136.37 \$114.89 Staff Code Activity Hours 0.30 0.10 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.60 0.50 02.0 0.60 1.70 1.70 1.40 3.00 3.00 0.50 8 99: HLL10A HLL10A HLL10A HIL10A HLI.10A HE.L.10A **1L126B** TLL10A HI.LI0A HCL10A HLL 10A HLL10A HLL10A HLL10A HLL57B H.124B HLL10A ALL 10A HLL10A H1.126B TLLIGA TL.1.10A IL.LIOA HILL 10A HLL10A HLL10A ILL 10A HL12A IL 12A HL12A HLL10A HL12A HL12A

Florida Department of Health

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Report Date: 10/31/2007

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Time Tracking System Itemized Cost by Complaint

Complaint 200567224

Page 18 of 18

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Report Date: 10/31/2007

Activity Description	REVIEW PLEADING	SUPPLEMENTAL INVESTIGATION	TELEPHONE CALLS	LEGAL ADVICEDISCUSSION - BOARD OFFICE DEPTSTAFF OR ALLY GEN OFF.	REPARE FINAL AGENCY ACTION	REPARE FINAL AGENCY ACTION	REPARE FINAL AGENCY ACTION	PREPARATION OR REVISION OF LETTER	TRIJEPHONE CALLS	LEGAL ADVICEDISCUSSION - BOARD OFFICE, DEPT STAFF OR ATTY GEN OFF.	
Activity Code	41	9	35	2	51	. 51	.51	36	35	3	
Activity Date Activity Code	1007/1/160	10/19/2007	10/19/2007	10/19/2007	10/26/2007	10/26/2007	10/29/2007	10/29/2007	10/29/2007	10/29/2007	•
Cost	\$68.93	\$63.70	\$54.60	\$27.30	\$45.50	\$45.50	\$136.50	\$36.40	\$36.40	\$63.70	864,455.15
Staff Rate	\$114.89	\$91.00	\$91.00	\$91.00	\$91.00	\$91.00	\$91.00	\$91.00	\$91,00	891.00	
taff Code Activity Hours	09:0	0.70	09:0	0.30	0.50	0.50	1.50	0.40	0.40	0.70	486.55
Staff Code	HLL10A	HLL10A	HLJ.10A	HLL10A	HLT.10A	HLLIOA	HCL10A	HLL10A	HULIOA	HLL10A	Sab Total

2050₂

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Florida Department of Health

Total Cost

\$67,857.45

TRAVEL - EMOLOYEE - IN FLA FRAVEL - EMOLOYEE - IN FLA

EXPERT WITNESS **EXPERT WITNESS**

EXPERT WITNESS

131630

131630 131630 261010 261010 261010 261010 261010

\$300.00

\$491.95 \$485.63

HLL10A HLL10A **FILL 10A** H.34B

86,000.00

\$693.10

\$172.00

HL1.25B

\$789.32

\$13,225.65 \$13,265.96

SubTotal Total Expenses

EXPERT WITNESS EXPERT WITNESS

131400

\$140.00 \$400.00

\$400.00

\$1,000.00

HL34B HL34B HL34B

\$76.13 \$551.05

06/26/2007 06/15/2007 06/21/2007 10/30/2006 01/18/2007 1007/11/90 03/27/2007 1007/17/90 02/13/2007 06/26/2007 06/13/2007 06/21/2007 7002/12/90

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Time Tracking System

MULT	(A)			temized Expense by Complaint
begins har	har		:	Compleint 260567224
Report Date: 10/31/2007	10/31/2007		•	Page 1 of 1
Staff Code	Expense Date	Expense Amount	Expense Code	Expense Code Description
INVESTIGAT	INVESTIGATIVE SERVICES UNIT			
0169 0164	04/25/2006 05/08/2006	\$30.82 \$9.49	497010 497020	OTHER CURRENT CHARGES - INVESTIGATIVE EVIDENCE OTHER CURRENT CHARGES - INVESTIGATIVE INFORMATION
	SubTotal	\$40.31		
PROSECUTIC	PROSECUTION SERVICES UNIT		-	
HLL10A	02/20/2007	\$366.75	131400	COURT REPORTING
HLL10A	02/19/2007	\$552.40	131400	COURT REPORTING
HLLIOA	04/04/2007	\$37.50	131400	COURT REPORTING
HLLIOA	03/23/2007	\$383.55	131400	COURT REPORTING
HLLIOA	03/23/2007	\$328.77	131400	COURT REPORTING
HLC10A	06/14/2007	\$37.50	131400	COURT REPORTING
HLL10A	T00Z/6Z/50	\$20.00	131400	COURT REPORTING

-- FOR INTERNAL USE ONLY --

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Florida Department of Health

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STATE OF FLORIDA
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
BOARD OF MEDICINE

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

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CLERK: Raclul B

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, BOARD OF MEDICINE,

Petitioner,

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DOAH Case No. 06-4288PL

JAMES S. PENDERGRAFT, IV., M.D.,

Respondent.

RESPONDENT'S RESPONSE AND OBJECTIONS TO PETITIONER'S MOTION TO ASSESS COSTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 456.072(4)

Respondent, James S. Pendergraft, IV, M.D. ("Respondent" or "Dr. Pendergraft"), by and through his undersigned counsel, pursuant to section 456.072(4), Florida Statutes, hereby files this Response and Objections to the Department's Motion to Assess Costs In Accordance With Section 456.072(4) herein, and in support states:

1. On November 1, 2007, the Department served by U. S. Mail its Motion to Assess Costs In Accordance With Section 456.072 in this case. Attached to its Motion, the Department included the affidavit of one James R. Cooksey, a "Complaint Cost Summary," a page that is entitled "HL Code Index," which lists ten (10) Department attorneys who purportedly worked on this case, and eighteen (18) pages entitled "Confidential Time Tracking System Itemized Cost by Complaint." It appears that the information contained in these eighteen pages purports to be a day-by-day tracking of the time spent by Department of Health employees in investigating and prosecuting DOH case number 200567224.

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Objection I: Neither the Department nor the Board has initiated rulemaking proceedings regarding "costs" under section 456.072(4), Florida Statutes.

- 2. Respondent's first objection to the Department's Motion to Assess Costs under section 456.072(4), Florida Statutes, is that neither the Department nor the Board has initiated rulemaking regarding these costs. The Department of Health has been told previously that the process for determining costs pursuant to its authority under section 456.072(4), Florida Statutes, requires rulemaking. See Mohamed Ibrahim Abdel-Aziz, M.D. v. Department of Health, Board of Medicine, DOAH Case No. 03-0295RU (Final Order filed on June 4, 2003).
- 3. Further, this Board has been ordered to cease relying on any unpromulgated rules for determining the appropriate costs to be assessed in disciplinary cases. *Id.* In that Final Order, the Administrative Law Judge found, however, that the Board is not prohibited from assessing costs limited to traditionally recognized costs, such as court reporter fees, transcript costs, witness fees, and costs of service of process. *See In re Hapner*, 737 So. 2d 1075 (Fla. 1999); *Winn-Dixie Stores, Inc. v. Vote*, 463 So. 2d 456 (Fla. 2d DCA 1985).
- 4. In the Abdel-Aziz Final Order, the Administrative law Judge noted that there are ample examples which can be used as a guide to the Department and the Board in promulgating rules to put physicians on notice as to what types of expenses are included in the phrase "costs related to the investigation and prosecution of the case." Yet, the Department and/or the Board have failed to initiate rulemaking so that physicians have sufficient notice as required by basic due process.
- 5. No doubt the Department will assert that the statute provides such guidance by further stating, "Such costs related to the investigation and prosecution include, but are not limited to, salaries and benefits of personnel, costs related to the time spent by the attorney and other personnel working on the case, and any other expenses incurred by the department for the

case." §456.072(4), Fla. Stat. However, there has been no rulemaking regarding the definition of the terms utilized therein, or the methodology by which those costs are determined. Instead, the Department offers the affidavit of a Department employee to explain the purported way in which figures on an accompanying 18-page spreadsheet have been compiled.

6. Because there is no rule that has gone through the appropriate rulemaking process to ensure its appropriateness and applicability, the *prima facie* authority and credibility of this employee to make the assertions in his affidavit and the accuracy and methodology of the generalized entries on the 18-page attachment has not been established. The Respondent objects to the assessment of costs under section 456.072(4), in the absence of the Department and/or the Board promulgating appropriate rules.

Objection II: The Department's interpretation and use of Section 456.072(4), Florida Statutes, are unconstitutional, both facially and as-applied, and violate basic principles of due process, providing no meaningful notice or opportunity to be heard on the issue.

7. Without waiving any and all other objections, the Respondent next objects to the assessment of costs under section 456.072(4) in this case because that statute provides insufficient due process for the Department to prove and the Respondent to challenge the asserted costs by the Department. The process of affidavit and objections in the statute does not provide sufficient process for determining whether the costs are reasonable and whether the Department's asserted "evidence" is sufficient to support the claim of "costs."

In the absence of a rule setting out a procedure for establishing the appropriate amount of such costs, fundamental fairness requires that the Board ...require [the Department] to submit to the Board and to the Respondent an itemized listing of the costs for which payment is requested and that the Respondent be given an opportunity to contest the accuracy and reasonableness of the costs before the Board determines the amount of costs the Respondent will be required to pay.

Department of Health, Board of Nursing v. Matus, No. 97-1911, 1997 WL 1053326 (Fla.Div.Adm.Hrgs.)(Recommended Order), cited in Department of Health, Board of Medicine v. Freshwater, No. 02-2576PL, 2002 WL 31440747 (Fla.Div.Adm.Hrgs.).

- 8. The Department's filing of its Motion to Assess Costs with its attachments, mailed on November 1, 2007, and not received by the Respondent until November 5, 2007, hardly provides the Respondent his "opportunity to be heard" on the issues of accuracy and reasonableness of the Department's costs before the Board meeting at which this case will be heard on November 30, 2007. A recent appellate court commented on the Board's current practice of assessing costs by stating: "... [T]he Board [of Medicine] decided the issue of imposing a cost judgment against [the physician] without allowing [the physician] any opportunity to be heard." Rupp v. Department of Health, 936 So. 2d 790, 795 (Fla. 3d DCA 2007).
- 9. Further, there is no adequate due process when there is no mechanism for discovery or fact-finding, no requirement that this evidence be put on before the Administrative Law Judge at hearing, and there is no statutorily authorized mechanism for the return of the matter to the Administrative Law Judge for such determinations. The statute leaves this determination to the Board, following the mere filing of the Department employee's affidavit and spreadsheet of alleged itemized costs and the Respondent's written objections thereto.
- 10. This lack of due process on the issue of costs is especially glaring where, as here, the "evidence" of such costs is an affidavit of a Department employee who neither investigated nor prosecuted this case, a computer generated printout of hours, codes, and generalized descriptions of the purported "activity" of the investigators and prosecutors, and an apparently "created" list of the names and staff codes of the attorneys who purportedly engaged in "activity"

on this case. Respondent objects to the Board's assessment of costs under section 456.072(4), Florida Statutes, because of the lack of due process in the statutory provision which would allow for meaningful notice and opportunity to challenge the adequacy, accuracy, and methodology of the Department's motion, affidavit and attached documentation.

Objection III. The Department failed to allege that imposition of costs was one of the penalties sought in this case and failed to put on any evidence during the administrative hearing or anywhere else in the official record of this case regarding its asserted "costs".

- 11. Without waiving all other objections, the Respondent next objects to the assessment of costs under section 456.072(4) in this case because the Department failed to include the imposition of costs as one of the penalties sought in this case and failed to present any evidence on costs in the administrative hearing before the Administrative Law Judge.
- 12. In the Administrative Complaint in this case, the Department pled for the imposition of one or more of the following penalties:

...permanent revocation or suspension of Respondent's license, restriction of practice, imposition of an administrative fine, issuance of a reprimand, placement of the Respondent on probation, corrective action, refund of fees billed or collected, remedial education and/or any other relief that the Board deems appropriate.

Administrative Complaint, page 19.

- Administrative Law Judge proof of the costs of the investigation and prosecution that it had incurred during the course of this matter. Although there was ample opportunity to do so, it was the Department's decision not to do so, despite the fact that the Department is on notice that there are numerous challenges to this practice ongoing in other disciplinary cases like this one.
 - 14. In her Recommended Order, because there was no evidence regarding costs

presented at hearing, the Administrative Law Judge did not recommend that any costs be assessed against the Respondent, nor did she reserve jurisdiction or leave the record open for a later determination on the issue of costs under section 456.072(4), Florida Statutes. Therefore, the Respondent objects to the assessment of costs under section 456.072(4) because costs were not pled as a penalty sought, there was no evidence presented at hearing, and the Administrative Law Judge did not include costs in her recommended penalty.

Objection IV. The Department is inviting the Board to commit appellate error by asking it to consider matters with regard to penalty that are "new evidence."

15. Without waiving all other objections, the Respondent next objects to the imposition of costs under section 456.072(4) in this case because the Department's affidavit and attached spreadsheet are impermissible "new evidence" being presented to the Board in contravention of provisions of Chapter 120 governing these hearings. Section 120.57(1)(f), Florida Statutes (2005) defines the official "record" in administrative cases "involving disputed issues of material fact," such as this one. The nine (9) articulated elements that may constitute the record "governed by this subsection" do not articulate any item that could be interpreted as

⁽f) The record in a case governed by this subsection shall consist only of:

^{1.} All notices, pleadings, motions, and intermediate rulings.

^{2.} Evidence admitted.

^{3.} Those matters officially recognized.

^{4.} Proffers of proof and objections and rulings thereon.

^{5.} Proposed findings and exceptions.

^{6.} Any decision, opinion, order, or report by the presiding officer.

^{7.} All staff memoranda or data submitted to the presiding officer during the hearing or prior to its disposition, after notice of the submission to all parties, except communications by advisory staff as permitted under s. 120.66(1), if such communications are public records.

^{8.} All matters placed on the record after an ex parte communication.

^{9.} The official transcript.

^{§120.57(1)(}f), Fla. Stat.

authorizing the additional evidence sought to be presented to the Board in this case in the form of the Department's affidavit and its attached itemization.

- 16. Under section 120.57(1)(f), (k) and (l), Florida Statutes, the Board is restricted to considering only that evidence adduced at hearing and may not base any determination in its final order on any evidence that was not before the Administrative Law Judge at the formal administrative hearing. See Lieberman v. Department of Professional Regulation, 573 So. 2d 349 (Fla. 5th DCA 1991).
- 17. Further, in its review of the decision of the Administrative Law Judge, the agency is not authorized to reopen the record to receive additional evidence, and make additional findings. Lawnwood Medical Center, Inc. v. Agency for Health Care Administration, 678 So. 2d 421, 425 (Fla. 1st DCA 1996), citing Henderson Signs v. Florida Department of Transportation, 397 So. 2d 769, 772 (Fla. 1st DCA 1981).
- 18. An administrative agency, such as the Board of Medicine, may not use its power to take official recognition as a device to circumvent the Administrative Law Judge's findings of fact by building a new record on which to make new findings. Lawnwood, supra, citing Florida Department of Transportation v. J.W.C. Co., Inc. 396 So. 2d 778 (Fla. 1st DCA 1981). This is especially so, where, as herein, the evidence sought to be introduced could, in the exercise of due diligence, have been offered at the original hearing. J.W.C., supra, at 786.
- 19. The assessment of costs under section 456.072(4) has been found to be a "penalty" by an Administrative Law Judge:

The [Department] is specifically authorized to assess prosecutorial costs by Subsection 456.072(4), Florida Statutes (2005), which states that costs shall be assessed "[i]n addition to any other discipline imposed through final order," clearly indicating that costs are assessed as a form of disciplinary penalty, not simply to reimburse the governmental agency for expenses.

Department of Health, Board of Pharmacy v. Bousquet, 2007 WL 2300784 (Fla.Div.Admin.Hrgs.).

- 20. Evidence sought to be admitted before the Board on the issue of penalty is considered "new evidence" that should have been considered by the Administrative Law Judge, who is charged with formulating the recommended penalty. See Ong v. Department of Professional Regulation, 565 So. 2d 1384, 1387 (Fla. 5th DCA 1990) (mitigating facts must already be within the record before it can be relied upon by the Board in modifying a recommended penalty); Libby Investigations v. Department of State, Division of Licensing, 685 So. 2d 69 (Fla. 1st DCA 1996) (reversible error to increase penalty where no evidence in the record before the Division that the Administrative Law Judge found aggravating circumstances).
- 21. Thus, evidence in support of "facts" regarding aggravation or mitigation of the penalty, or in this case, an additional element of the penalty must be of record before the Administrative Law Judge in order to be considered in her recommended penalty and in order to be considered by the Board in rejecting or modifying the penalty upward or downward. Because the "facts" in support of the assessment of costs under section 456.072(4) were not presented before the Administrative Law Judge, the "facts" as presented in the Department's Motion, affidavit and its attachments are outside the record created before the Administrative Law Judge and may not be considered by the Board in assessing costs as part of the penalty.²

² However, this does not prohibit the Board from being provided and considering its own decisions in observance of the legislatively dictated principle of administrative stare decisis. Gessler v. Department of Business and Professional Regulation, 627 So. 2d 501, 504 (Fla. 4th DCA 1993), cause dismissed, 634 So. 2d 624 (Fla. 1994) ("[W]hile ...agencies...may not be bound to follow prior decisions to the extent that the courts are bound by precedent, it is nevertheless apparent the legislature intends that there be a principle of administrative stare decisis in Florida.")

Objection V. The Department is requesting an increase to the recommended penalty without record evidence for the Board to cite to under its review standard in section 120.5791)(1), Florida Statutes.

22. Without waiving all other objections, the Respondent next objects to the Department's Motion to Assess Costs under Section 456.072(4), Florida Statutes, because the Department is inviting the Board to consider an increase in penalty without the record evidence below to cite in accordance with the Board's statutory standard of review. Section 120.57(1)(1), Florida Statutes, limits the Board's consideration of the Administrative Law Judge's recommended penalty by stating:

The [Board] may accept the recommended penalty in a recommended Order, but may not reduce or increase it without a review of the complete record and without stating with particularity its reasons therefor in the order, by citing to the record in justifying the action.

Thus, if there is nothing in the record before the Administrative Law Judge, no documentary or testimonial evidence regarding these costs, the Board may not increase or decrease the penalty herein by adding the section 456.072(4) costs pursuant to the Department's Motion to do so.

23. Under section 120.57(1)(j) and relevant case law³, costs must be established by clear and convincing evidence presented by the Department at hearing before the Administrative Law Judge in order to be considered and included in the Judge's recommended penalty. It is only on the record created in the hearing below that the Board may either accept, reject or modify the penalty recommended by the Administrative Law Judge. If there is no evidence put on the record at hearing regarding the costs, and if there is no assessment of costs in the penalty

³ Department of Banking and Finance v. Osborne Stern and Co., 670 So. 2d 932 (Fla. 1996); Ferris v. Turlington, 510 So. 2d 292 (Fla. 1987).

recommended by the Administrative Law Judge, the assessment of such costs by the Board is contrary to the process due under the Administrative Practice Act, Chapter 120, Florida Statutes.

Objection VI. The Department's Motion to Assess Costs, Affidavit and Summary of Costs are insufficient to prove the amount of reasonable costs expended or necessary to prosecute this case.

- 24. Without waiving all other objections, the Respondent objects to the Department's Motion to Assess Costs under section 456.072(4), Florida Statutes because the attachments to the Motion, offered as evidence of the Department's costs in this case, are hearsay evidence. As out-of-court statements offered to prove the truth of the matters asserted therein, these hearsay documents have not been shown to be trustworthy and accurate representations of the information contained therein. "Hearsay evidence may be used for the purpose of supplementing or explaining other evidence, but it shall not be sufficient in itself to support a finding unless it would be admissible over objection in civil actions." §120.57(1)(c), Fla. Stat.
- 25. Further, there has been no showing that these documents are exceptions to the hearsay rules of evidence such that the Board could rely upon them to make a finding, an act which has already been shown to be out of the Board's authority under the provisions of Chapter 120. There has been no demonstration that these attachments and the itemizations included therein represent the actual assessable costs of the investigation and prosecution incurred by the Department in this case. See generally Juste v. Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services, 520 So. 2d 69 (Fla. 5th DCA 1988); Johnson v. Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services, 546 So. 2d 741 (Fla. 1st DCA 1989).
- 26. Specifically, the 18-page "Time Tracking System" spreadsheet attached in support of the Department's Motion is devoid of any information to verify the expenditures it is

alleged to represent. Items of alleged expenditures do not specify the work being done except in the most generalized language. The "codes" purporting to identify the employee who performed the work must be matched to a separate list that purports to accurately portray which code corresponds to what employee. These documents and their content do not give sufficient detail to know what work was performed, who performed the work, and whether that work was reasonable and necessary to the investigation and prosecution of this case. Nor do these hearsay documents explain why it took ten (10) Department attorneys to work on this case, and why the involvement of so many of the Department's legal employees was reasonable or necessary for this matter.

27. Therefore, the Board should decline to rely upon the hearsay documents supplied by the Department as proof of the alleged assessable costs in this case. The Respondent objects to the Department's Motion and its attachments, and each and every item contained therein, as being hearsay insufficient to support any findings on the issue of assessable costs by the Board.

WHEREFORE, for the foregoing reasonS, Respondent, James S. Pendergraft, IV, M.D., respectfully requests that the Board of Medicine deny the Department's Motion to Assess Costs In Accordance With Section 456.072(4).

Respectfully submitted,

Kalhryn L. Kasprzak

Florida Bar No. 0937819

Fowler White Boggs Banker P.A. 200 South Orange Ave., Suite 1950

Orlando, Florida 32801

(407) 406-5515

(407) 406-5555 (fax)

Kenneth J. Metzger Fiorida Bar No. 0341215 Fowler White Boggs Banker, P.A. 101 North Monroe St., Suite 1090 Tallahassee, Florida 32301 (850) 681-4245 (850) 681-6036 (fax)

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a true and correct copy of the foregoing was forwarded by electronic transmission for filing to R. Sam Power, Clerk, Department of Health. 4052 Bald Cypress Way, Bin C-01, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-3201 and to Irving Levine, Assistant General Counsel, Department of Health, Prosecution Services Unit, 4052 Bald Cypress Way, Bin C-65, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-3265, with a hard copy to follow by overnight mail delivery, this 12th day of November, 2007.

Kathryn L. Kasprzak, Esquire

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH DEPUTY CLERK CLERK: Cimy L. Caenary DATE 11-26-07

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH BOARD OF MEDICINE

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH BOARD OF MEDICINE,

Petitioner,

V

DOH Case 2005-67224 DOAH Case No. 06-4288PL

JAMES S. PENDERGRAFT, IV., M.D.

Respondent.

PETITIONER'S RESPONSE TO RESPONDENT'S RESPONSE AND OBJECTIONS TO PETITIONER'S MOTION TO ASSESS COSTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 456.072(4)

Petitioner, Department of Health ("Department"), by and through undersigned counsel, files this Response to Respondent's Response and Objections to the Department's Motion to Assess Costs in Accordance With Section 456.072(4), and in support states:

1. On November 1, 2007, the Department served its Motion to Assess Costs in this case. The Department attached to its Motion a day-by-day tracking of the time spent by the Department in investigating and prosecuting Respondent. The Department attached in support of the Motion an affidavit regarding investigative costs, a Departmental

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"Complaint Cost Summary", a list of attorneys who worked on the prosecution of Respondent, and the Department's "Confidential Time Tracking System and Itemized Cost" (see, Itemized Cost Report).

Response to Objection I: Neither the Department nor the Board is required to initiate rulemaking proceedings regarding "costs" under the current statutory provisions contained in Section 456.072(4), Florida Statutes (2004).

2. The issue of costs is governed by Section 456.072(4), Florida Statutes (2004), which provides:

In addition to any other discipline imposed through final order, or citation, entered on or after July 1, 2001, under this section or discipline imposed through final order, or citation, entered on or after July 1, 2001, for a violation of any practice act, the board, or the department when there is no board, shall assess costs related to the investigation and prosecution of the case. The costs related to the investigation and prosecution include, but are not limited to, salaries and benefits of personnel, costs related to the time spent by the attorney and other personnel working on the case, and any other expenses incurred by the department for the case. The board, or the department when there is no board, shall determine the amount of costs to be assessed after its consideration of an affidavit of itemized costs and any written objections thereto. In any case where the board or the department imposes a fine or assessment and the fine or assessment is not paid within a reasonable time, the reasonable time to be prescribed in the rules of the board, or the department when there is no board, or in the order assessing the fines or costs, the department or the Department of Legal Affairs may contract for the collection of, or bring a civil action to recover, the fine or assess costs.

- 3. This section obviates the need for the Department or the Board to engage in rulemaking as asserted by Respondent and supersedes the final order entered in *Department of Health v. Mohamed Ibrahim Abdel-Aziz, M.D. v. Department of Health, Board of Medicine, DOAH Case No. 03-0295RU* cited by Respondent in support of his objection. Section 456.072(4), Florida Statutes (2004), was amended, effective, September 15, 2003, to address the holding in the above-cited case.
- 4. Further, Respondent has missed his opportunity to assert that the Department's Motion to Assess Costs is based on an unadopted rule. (See Section 120.57(1)(e)1, Florida Statutes (2007)). The Department's Notice of Assessment of Costs which was attached to both the Administrative Complaint and the Amended Administrative Complaint clearly placed Respondent on notice that the Department has incurred costs related to the investigation and prosecution of this matter and that the Board shall assess costs related to the investigation and prosecution of this case in addition to any other discipline imposed. Therefore, Respondent had a responsibility under Section 120.569(2), Florida Statutes, to initiate a proceeding before the Division of Administrative Hearings asserting that the Department's process for determining costs constitutes an unadopted rule. Had Respondent followed the appropriate

procedure, this issue would have been raised in the appropriate forum. Now, before the Board of Medicine, is not the time or place to raise the issue of an unadopted rule for the first time.

Respondent relies on *In re Hapner*, 737 So. 2d 1075 (Fla. 1999) in support of his assertion that these costs may not be imposed because they are not "traditionally recognized costs, such as court reporter fees, transcript costs, witness fees and costs of service of process." However, Hapner is not applicable to the case at hand. In *Hapner* the Judicial Qualifications Commission (JQC) asked the Florida Supreme Court to assess costs in a disciplinary proceeding against a judge and asked that costs include attorney fees and travel costs. The Court noted that the Florida Constitution provided for the recovery of "costs of investigation and prosecution" – language similar to the language that existed prior to 2004 in Section 456.072(4), Florida Statutes. The Court held that because the constitution is silent as to which costs in particular may be assessed neither attorney fees nor travel costs may be awarded under the limited governing language contained in the constitution. In contrast, the language contained in Section 456.072(4), Florida Statutes, is much more expansive and provides, "including but not limited to, the salaries and benefits of personnel, costs related to the time spent by the attorney and other

personnel working on the case, and any other expenses incurred by the department for the case." For these reasons, the holding in *Hapner* is not applicable to the issues raised regarding costs in this case.

- 6. While not dispositive of Respondent's Objection, Respondent erroneously states that there has been no required rulemaking regarding the accuracy and methodology of the Itemized Cost Report to the cost affidavit. In fact, the Department's methodology and time-tracking report were deemed not to require rule-making in the above-cited case.
- 7. Neither the Department nor the Board is required to initiate rulemaking regarding costs. Therefore, Respondent's Objection I should be rejected.

Response to Objection II: Section 456.072(4), Florida Statutes, is constitutional.

8. In Objection II, Respondent asserts that the Board's interpretation and use of Section 456.072(4), Florida Statutes, in assessing costs fails to provide Respondent with adequate due process. It is well established that the Board of Medicine is without authority to declare a statute unconstitutional either facially or as applied. Therefore, Respondent's Objection II should be rejected.

Response to Objection III: Assessment of costs is not a penalty and therefore requires no evidence be adduced during the administrative hearing.

9. The Florida Legislature has clearly defined the penalties for violation of any applicable practice act. Section 456.072(2), Florida Statutes, provides:

When the board, or the department when there is no board, finds any person guilty of the grounds set forth in subsection (1) or of any grounds set forth in the applicable practice act, including conduct constituting a substantial violation of subsection (1) or a violation of the applicable practice act which occurred prior to obtaining a license, it may enter an order imposing one or more of the following penalties:

- (a) Refusal to certify, or to certify with restrictions, an application for a license.
- (b) Suspension or permanent revocation of a license.
- (c) Restriction of practice or license, including, but not limited to, restricting the licensee from practicing in certain settings, restricting the licensee to work only under designated conditions or in certain settings, restricting the licensee from performing or providing designated clinical and administrative services, restricting the licensee from practicing more than a designated number of hours, or any other restriction found to be necessary for the protection of the public health, safety, and welfare.
- (d) Imposition of an administrative fine not to exceed \$10,000 for each count or separate offense. If the violation is for fraud or making a false or fraudulent representation, the board, or the department if there is no board, must impose a fine of \$10,000 per count or offense.

- (e) Issuance of a reprimand or letter of concern.
- (f) Placement of the licensee on probation for a period of time and subject to such conditions as the board, or the department when there is no board, may specify. Those conditions may include, but are not limited to, requiring the licensee to undergo treatment, attend continuing education courses, submit to be reexamined, work under the supervision of another licensee, or satisfy any terms which are reasonably tailored to the violations found.
- (g) Corrective action.
- (h) Imposition of an administrative fine in accordance with s. 381.0261 for violations regarding patient rights.
- (i) Refund of fees billed and collected from the patient or a third party on behalf of the patient.
- (j) Requirement that the practitioner undergoes remedial education.
- 10. As is clear from a comparison of this language to that found in Section 456.072(4), Florida Statutes, as quoted in paragraph 3 above, the legislature drew a clear distinction between what constitutes penalties to be imposed following a finding of guilt and what constitutes costs to be assessed subsequently.
- 11. Because costs are not a potential penalty to be considered by the Administrative Law Judge (ALJ), and because costs are solely within the discretion of the Board, evidence regarding costs is improper in the administrative hearing before the ALJ. Therefore, contrary to Respondent's

claim, the Department had no obligation to offer evidence regarding costs at that stage of the proceedings and Respondent's Objection III should be rejected.

Response to Objection IV: The Department is not offering "new evidence" in regard to the Recommended Order.

- and attached spreadsheet filed in support of its Motion to Assess Costs constitutes impermissible "new evidence" under Chapter 120. Once again, Respondent is confusing the Board's consideration of the Recommended Order, which is controlled exclusively by the record as defined in Section 120.57(1)(f), Florida Statutes, with the Board's subsequent consideration of the Department's Motion to Assess Costs, which is controlled exclusively by Section 456.072(4), Florida Statutes.
- 13. The cases cited by Respondent in support of his argument that the Department's Motion to Assess Costs constitutes new evidence, have no relevance to this matter. The cases cited by Respondent, *Lieberman v. Department of Professional Regulation*, 573 So. 2d 349 (Fla. 5th DCA 1991) and *Lawnwood Medical Center, Inc. v. Agency for Health Care Administration*, 678 So. 2d 421 (Fla. 1st DCA 1996), address attempts to offer evidence that under Chapter 120 clearly should have been presented

to and considered by the administrative law judge hearing the cases at issue. As stated above, the consideration and determination of costs in this case are not governed by Chapter 120 but are governed by Section 456.072(4), Florida Statutes, and are solely within the purview of the authority of the Board of Medicine.

- 14. The Department is mindful of the existence of *Board of Pharmacy v. Bousquet, 2007 WL 2300784 (Fla.Div.Admin.Hrgs.)*. However, the Department's position is that the decision is contrary to the plain language of Section 456.072, Florida Statutes. Therefore, the Department asserts that this cited DOAH case has no precedential value.
- 15. The Department is not offering "new evidence" that should have been offered before the ALJ as part of the record of that proceeding. Therefore, Respondent's Objection IV should be rejected.

Response to Objection V. The Department is not requesting an increase in the recommended penalty.

16. For the same reasons discussed in the Department's Response to Objection 4 above, the Department asserts that assessment of costs does not constitute a penalty. Therefore, the issue of the assessment of costs is not an issue before the ALI, is not part of the Recommended

Order, and, as stated above, is solely within the discretion of the Board of Medicine.

17. The Florida Legislature has established a procedure by which the costs of investigation and prosecution of a disciplinary case are to be assessed. That procedure requires the Board to "determine the amount of costs to be assessed after its consideration of an affidavit of itemized costs and any written objections thereto." The Department has followed that procedure in this case.

Response to Objection VI. The Department's Motion to Assess Costs, Affidavit and Summary of Costs are sufficient for the Board to determine costs.

18. First, Respondent asserts that the Department offers only hearsay evidence in support of its Motion to Assess Costs. Respondent is incorrect. The affidavit and Itemized Cost Report is genuine and reliable and therefore is self-authenticating pursuant to Section 90.902(4), Florida Statutes, as copy of an official public record, report or entry, including date compilations, certified as correct by the custodian or other person authorized to make the certification. Because the document is authentic it is also admissible as a business record exception to the hearsay rule pursuant to Section 90.803(6) and (8), Florida Statutes. The document is

unquestionably a record of regularly conducted business activity by the Department.

- 19. Second, Respondent asserts that the Department's "documents and their content do not give sufficient detail to know what work was performed, who performed the work, and whether that work was reasonable and necessary to the investigation and prosecution of this case." However, the issue is not whether the work was reasonable or necessary to the investigation and prosecution of the case. Section 456.072(4), Florida Statutes, requires that the Board assess the costs related to the investigation and prosecution of the case and provides:
 - . . . the costs related to the investigation and prosecution include, but are not limited to, salaries and benefits of personnel, costs related to the time spent by the attorney, and other personnel working on the case, and any other expenses incurred by the department for the case. . . .
- 20. While the Board shall assess costs, the Board also has the discretion to determine the amount of costs to be assessed after its consideration of the affidavit of itemized costs and written objections thereto. Therefore, the reasonableness and necessity of the costs are properly raised before the Board makes its determination of the amount of costs to be assessed.

WHEREFORE, for the foregoing reasons, Respondent's Objections to Petitioner's Motion to Assess should be rejected and Petitioner's Motion to Assess Costs in Accordance with Section 456.072(4) should be granted.

Respectfully submitted,

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

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