

**HOUSE . . . . . No. 1601**

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**The Commonwealth of Massachusetts**

PRESENTED BY:

***Kay Khan and Jay D. Livingstone***

*To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:*

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act prohibiting discrimination against adults with disabilities in family and juvenile court proceedings.

PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:	DATE ADDED:
<i>Kay Khan</i>	<i>11th Middlesex</i>	<i>1/19/2023</i>
<i>Jay D. Livingstone</i>	<i>8th Suffolk</i>	<i>1/30/2023</i>
<i>Josh S. Cutler</i>	<i>6th Plymouth</i>	<i>1/30/2023</i>
<i>James K. Hawkins</i>	<i>2nd Bristol</i>	<i>1/30/2023</i>
<i>Vanna Howard</i>	<i>17th Middlesex</i>	<i>1/31/2023</i>
<i>Carmine Lawrence Gentile</i>	<i>13th Middlesex</i>	<i>2/8/2023</i>
<i>Jack Patrick Lewis</i>	<i>7th Middlesex</i>	<i>2/8/2023</i>
<i>James B. Eldridge</i>	<i>Middlesex and Worcester</i>	<i>2/11/2023</i>
<i>Mindy Domb</i>	<i>3rd Hampshire</i>	<i>4/8/2023</i>
<i>Joan B. Lovely</i>	<i>Second Essex</i>	<i>4/12/2023</i>
<i>Michael P. Kushmerek</i>	<i>3rd Worcester</i>	<i>4/14/2023</i>
<i>Samantha Montaño</i>	<i>15th Suffolk</i>	<i>4/19/2023</i>

**HOUSE . . . . . No. 1601**

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By Representatives Khan of Newton and Livingstone of Boston, a petition (accompanied by bill, House, No. 1601) of Kay Khan, Jay D. Livingstone and others relative to adults with disabilities in family and juvenile court proceedings. The Judiciary.

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[SIMILAR MATTER FILED IN PREVIOUS SESSION  
SEE HOUSE, NO. 1711 OF 2021-2022.]

**The Commonwealth of Massachusetts**

\_\_\_\_\_  
**In the One Hundred and Ninety-Third General Court  
(2023-2024)**  
\_\_\_\_\_

An Act prohibiting discrimination against adults with disabilities in family and juvenile court proceedings.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:*

1           SECTION 1. Chapter 208, as appearing in the 2018 Official Edition of the General Laws,  
2 is hereby amended by inserting after section 31A the following section:-

3           Section 31B. For the purposes of this chapter the following words shall have the  
4 following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:-

5           “Adaptive parenting equipment”, any piece of equipment or any item used to increase,  
6 maintain, or improve the parenting capabilities of a parent with a disability.

7           “Disability”, a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major  
8 life activities of an individual, a record of such impairment, or being regarded as having such an

9 impairment. This definition shall be broadly interpreted in a manner consistent with the  
10 Americans with Disabilities Act Amendments Act of 2008.

11 “Supportive parenting services”, services that help a parent with a disability compensate  
12 for those aspects of the disability that affect their ability to care for their children and that will  
13 enable them to discharge their parental responsibilities, including, but not limited to, specialized  
14 or adapted training, evaluations, assistance with effective use of adaptive equipment, peer  
15 supports or other psychosocial parental skill building therapies or services, and accommodations  
16 that allow a parent with a disability to benefit from other services, such as braille text or sign  
17 language interpreters.

18 Nothing in this chapter shall allow a parent’s disability or its manifestations to be  
19 considered a negative factor in a determination of custody or of parenting time with a minor  
20 child, absent a specific showing by a preponderance of the evidence made by the party raising  
21 the allegation, that there is a nexus between the parent’s disability, or its manifestations, and  
22 alleged harm to the child, and that this alleged harm cannot be prevented or alleviated by  
23 accommodations for the disability, including adaptive parenting equipment or supportive  
24 parenting services.

25 If the court considers a parent’s disability or its manifestations as a negative factor in an  
26 award of custody or of parenting time with a child, then the court shall make specific written  
27 findings as to the nexus between the parent’s disability, or its manifestations, and harm to the  
28 child, what effect, if any, said harm has on the best interests of the child, and whether adaptive  
29 parenting equipment or supportive parenting services can alleviate said harm.

30 SECTION 2. Chapter 209C, as appearing in the 2018 Official Edition of the General  
31 Laws, is hereby amended by inserting after section 10 the following section:-

32 Section 10A. For the purposes of this chapter the following words shall have the  
33 following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:-

34 “Adaptive parenting equipment”, includes any piece of equipment or any item used to  
35 increase, maintain, or improve the parenting capabilities of a parent with a disability.

36 “Disability”, a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major  
37 life activities of an individual, a record of such impairment, or being regarded as having such an  
38 impairment. This definition shall be broadly interpreted in a manner consistent with the  
39 Americans with Disabilities Act Amendments Act of 2008.

40 “Supportive parenting services”, services that help parents with a disability compensate  
41 for those aspects of the disability that affect their ability to care for their children and that will  
42 enable them to discharge their parental responsibilities. The term includes, but is not limited to,  
43 specialized or adapted training, evaluations, and assistance with effective use of adaptive  
44 equipment, as well as accommodations that allow a parent with a disability to benefit from other  
45 services, such as braille text or sign language interpreters.

46 Nothing in this chapter shall allow a parent’s disability or its manifestations to be  
47 considered a negative factor in a determination of custody or of parenting time with a minor  
48 child, absent a specific showing by a preponderance of the evidence made by the party raising  
49 the allegation, that there is a nexus between the parent’s disability, or its manifestations, and  
50 alleged harm to the child, and that this alleged harm cannot be prevented or alleviated by

51 accommodations for the disability, including adaptive parenting equipment or supportive  
52 parenting services.

53 If the court considers a parent’s disability or its manifestations as a negative factor in an  
54 award of custody of and or parenting time with a child, then the court shall make specific written  
55 findings as to the nexus between the parent’s disability, or its manifestations, and harm to the  
56 child, what effect, if any, said harm has on the best interests of the child, and whether adaptive  
57 parenting equipment or supportive parenting services can alleviate said harm.

58 SECTION 3. Section 21 of chapter 119, as appearing in the 2018 Official Edition, is  
59 hereby amended by inserting after the second paragraph the following paragraph:-

60 “Adaptive parenting equipment”, includes any piece of equipment or any item used to  
61 increase, maintain, or improve the parenting capabilities of a parent with a disability.

62 SECTION 4. Said section of said chapter as so appearing, is hereby further amended by  
63 inserting after the eleventh paragraph the following paragraph:-

64 “Disability”, a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major  
65 life activities of an individual, a record of such impairment, or being regarded as having such an  
66 impairment. This definition shall be broadly interpreted in a manner consistent with the  
67 Americans with Disabilities Act Amendments Act of 2008.

68 SECTION 5. Said section of said chapter, as so appearing, is hereby further amended by  
69 inserting after the twenty second paragraph the following paragraph:-

70 “Supportive parenting services”, services that help parents with a disability compensate  
71 for those aspects of the disability that affect their ability to care for their children and that will

72 enable them to discharge their parental responsibilities. The term includes, but is not limited to,  
73 specialized or adapted training, evaluations, and assistance with effective use of adaptive  
74 equipment, as well as accommodations that allow a parent with a disability to benefit from other  
75 services, such as braille text or sign language interpreters.

76 SECTION 6. Said chapter, as so appearing, is hereby further amended by inserting after  
77 section 24 the following section:-

78 Section 24A. Nothing in this chapter shall allow a parent's disability or its  
79 manifestations, as defined in section 21 of this chapter, to be considered a negative factor in a  
80 determination of whether a child is in need of care and protection or for the removal of custody  
81 of a child from a parent, guardian, or other custodian, absent a specific showing by clear and  
82 convincing evidence made by the department, that there is a nexus between the parent's  
83 disability, or its manifestations, and alleged harm to the child, and that this alleged harm cannot  
84 be prevented or alleviated by accommodations for the disability, including adaptive parenting  
85 equipment or supportive parenting services.

86 If the court considers a parent's disability or its manifestations as a negative factor in  
87 determining that a child is in need of care and protection or for the removal of custody of a child  
88 from a parent, guardian, or other custodian, then the court shall make specific written findings as  
89 to the nexus between the parent's disability, or its manifestations, and harm to the child, the  
90 impact this has on current parental fitness, and whether adaptive parenting equipment or  
91 supportive parenting services can alleviate said harm or render the parent fit.

92 SECTION 7. Section 3 of chapter 210, as appearing in the 2018 Official Edition of the  
93 General Laws, is hereby amended by striking out subsection (c)(xii), as appearing in the 2018  
94 Official Edition, and inserting in place thereof the following subsection:-

95 Section 3(c)(xii). A failure of a parent to discharge parental responsibilities that is  
96 reasonably likely to continue for a prolonged, indeterminate period, and that results in harm to  
97 the child, and cannot be alleviated by adequate accommodations, including adaptive parenting  
98 equipment or supportive parenting services.

99 SECTION 8. Chapter 210, as so appearing, is hereby further amended by inserting after  
100 section 3B the following section:-

101 Section 3C. For the purposes of this chapter the following words shall have the following  
102 meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:-

103 “Adaptive parenting equipment”, includes any piece of equipment or any item used to  
104 increase, maintain, or improve the parenting capabilities of a parent with a disability.

105 “Disability”, a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major  
106 life activities of an individual, a record of such impairment, or being regarded as having such an  
107 impairment. This definition shall be broadly interpreted in a manner consistent with the  
108 Americans with Disabilities Act Amendments Act of 2008.

109 “Supportive parenting services”, services that help a parent with a disability compensate  
110 for those aspects of the disability that affect their ability to care for their children and that will  
111 enable them to discharge their parental responsibilities, including but not limited to, specialized  
112 or adapted training, evaluations, assistance with effective use of adaptive equipment, peer

113 supports or other psychosocial parental skill building therapies or services, and accommodations  
114 that allow a parent with a disability to benefit from other services, such as braille text or sign  
115 language interpreters.

116           Nothing in this chapter shall allow a parent’s disability or its manifestations to be  
117 considered a negative factor in determining whether to terminate parental rights, absent a specific  
118 showing by clear and convincing evidence made by the department, that there is a nexus between  
119 the parent’s disability, or its manifestations, and alleged harm to the child, and that this alleged  
120 harm cannot be prevented or alleviated by accommodations for the disability, including adaptive  
121 parenting equipment or supportive parenting services.

122           If the court considers a parent’s disability or its manifestations as a negative factor in  
123 determining whether to terminate parental rights, then the court shall make specific written  
124 findings as to the nexus between the parent’s disability, or its manifestations, and harm to the  
125 child, the impact this has on current parental fitness, and whether adaptive parenting equipment  
126 or supportive parenting services can alleviate said harm or render the parent fit; provided further,  
127 the court shall dismiss the department’s petition under this section if the court finds that the  
128 department acted in violation of this subsection of section 3, or 42 U.S.C. 12132 or 29 U.S.C.  
129 794.

130           SECTION 9. Section 5-101 of chapter 190B, as appearing in the 2018 Official Edition of  
131 the General Laws, is hereby amended by inserting before the first paragraph the following  
132 paragraph:-

133           “Adaptive parenting equipment”, includes any piece of equipment or any item used to  
134 increase, maintain, or improve the parenting capabilities of a parent with a disability.



135 SECTION 10. Said section of said chapter, as so appearing, is hereby further amended by  
136 striking out the fourth paragraph and inserting in place thereof the following paragraph:-

137 “Disability”, a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major  
138 life activities of an individual, a record of such impairment, or being regarded as having such an  
139 impairment. This definition shall be broadly interpreted in a manner consistent with the  
140 Americans with Disabilities Act Amendments Act of 2008.

141 SECTION 11. Said section of said chapter, as so appearing, is hereby further amended by  
142 inserting after the twenty fourth paragraph the following paragraph:-

143 “Supportive parenting services”, services that help a parent with a disability compensate  
144 for those aspects of the disability that affect their ability to care for their children and that will  
145 enable them to discharge their parental responsibilities, including, but not limited to, specialized  
146 or adapted training, evaluations, assistance with effective use of adaptive equipment, peer  
147 supports or other psychosocial parental skill building therapies or services, and accommodations  
148 that allow a parent with a disability to benefit from other services, such as braille text or sign  
149 language interpreters.

150 SECTION 12. Said chapter, as so appearing, is hereby further amended by inserting after  
151 section 5-204 the following section:-

152 Section 5-204A. Nothing in this chapter shall allow a parent’s disability or its  
153 manifestations to be considered a negative factor in determining whether to appoint a temporary  
154 or permanent guardian for a minor child, absent a specific showing by clear and convincing  
155 evidence made by the party raising the allegation, that there is a nexus between the parent’s  
156 disability, or its manifestations, and alleged harm to the child, and that this alleged harm cannot

157 be prevented or alleviated by accommodations for the disability, including adaptive parenting  
158 equipment or supportive parenting services.

159           If the court considers a parent’s disability or its manifestations as a negative factor in a  
160 determination of whether to appoint a temporary or permanent guardian for a minor child, then  
161 the court shall make specific written findings as to the nexus between the parent’s disability, or  
162 its manifestations, and harm to the child, the impact this has on current parental fitness, and  
163 whether adaptive parenting equipment or supportive parenting services can alleviate said harm or  
164 render the parent fit.